Class B EMC Statements

FCC Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user is required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Requesting a Declaration of Conformity

Units that are labeled with a CE mark comply with the following harmonized standards and EU directives:

- Harmonized Standards: EN 62040-2:2006
- EN 55022:2010 Class B, EN 55024:2010 FCC Part 15 Sub-part B Class B

The EC Declaration of Conformity is available upon request for products with a CE mark. For copies of the EC Declaration of Conformity, contact:

Eaton Power Quality Oy
Koskelontie 13
FIN-02920 Espoo
Finland
Phone: +358-9-452 661
Fax: +358-9-452 665 68
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Chapter 1  Introduction

The Eaton® Power Xpert® Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card provides Web-enabled, real-time monitoring of Eaton 93PM and Eaton 93PR (future release) uninterruptible power systems (UPSs) through standard Web pages, Power Xpert software, Intelligent Power Manager (IPM), Intelligent Power Protector (IPP), or third-party software. An integral part of the Eaton Power Xpert Architecture®, which provides end-to-end PowerChain Management™ solutions, the PXGMS UPS Card provides a central point to connect UPSs to the Ethernet network.

Network managers can view critical downstream device information, such as status, power, energy, and power quality data with an easy-to-use interface.

The PXGMS UPS Card has the following features:

- Web-enabled UPSs – view data from any location with a Web browser.
- Real-time power monitoring – view critical device data and make informed network management decisions.
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) support – integrate and manage your UPS with third party network management software.
- Power quality data using Modbus® Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) – use this open communication protocol to communicate with standard building management systems.
- Modbus Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) – uses a two-wire serial communication protocol to communicate with the Building Management System.
- BACnet/IP communication – provides device interface with Building Automated Systems (BASs)
- Easy installation – install the PXGMS UPS Card while the UPS is online, maintaining the highest system availability.
- Field upgradable – use the Web interface to easily upgrade the card’s firmware in the field.
Chapter 2  Getting Started

The section explains:

- Checklist items needed for installation
- Installing the card
- Connecting the card to the computer
- Installing the USB Driver Software (Windows XP and Windows 7)
- Verifying or assigning the IP address
- Assigning IPv6 address
- Configuring the network settings
- Security information

### Installation Checklist

1. Verify that the following items are available:
   - Power Xpert Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card package contents
   - Phillips® screwdriver
   - Available USB port on a computer running Microsoft® Windows®
   - Web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer® version 11.0 and higher, Mozilla® Firefox®, or Google Chrome™ are recommended)

2. If you are going to use Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), provide your local network administrator with the card’s MAC address. The MAC address is located on a label on the bottom of the card.
   - MAC Address _____________________________________________

3. If you are not going to use DHCP to provide any of the settings listed below, contact your local network administrator for the settings. Select **DHCP** or enter the values for manual configuration in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Either Provided by DHCP*</th>
<th>Or Manual Configuration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IPv4</td>
<td>Card IP Address:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Netmask:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gateway:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS – Name Servers</td>
<td>Name Server #1:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Name Server #2:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Name Server #3:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS – Domain</td>
<td>Domain:</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   * The network administrator normally sets up the DHCP server to provide a static IP address each time the card makes a DHCP request.

4. If you need e-mail functionality, obtain the SMTP mail server’s IP address or host name. If using the SMTP host name, verify that you also have the Name Server IP address (see Step 3).
   - SMTP (mail server) IP Address or Host Name

   ![Image]

---

**NOTE**  If you have completed all sections in the Power Xpert Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card Quick Start Instructions, proceed to “Configuring the Card” on page 15.
Install the Card

1. Verify that all six DIP switches on the card are in the OFF position (see Figure 1).

Figure 1. Verify DIP Switches are OFF

2. Remove the blank Minislot cover from the UPS. Retain the screws.

3. If not already done, record the MAC address for future reference (see Step 2 on page 2).

4. To prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD), place one hand on a metal surface, such as the UPS rear panel.

5. Slide the card into the open slot and secure with the screws removed in Step 2 (see Figure 2).

Figure 2. Secure the PXGMS Card

**NOTE**
The hot-swappable PXGMS UPS Card can be installed without turning off the UPS or disconnecting the load.

**NOTE**
If there is another card already installed with an attached communication cable, disconnect the cable and then remove the card.
6. Connect an active Ethernet cable (not supplied) to the Ethernet 10/100 connector on the PXGMS UPS Card (see Figure 3).

![Figure 3. Install the Ethernet Cable](image1)

**Connect the Card to the Computer**

To connect the card to the computer:

1. Go to [www.eaton.com/pxgms](http://www.eaton.com/pxgms) and click the **Power Xpert Gateway Minislot UPS Card** link beside the PXGMS UPS Card photograph.

2. On the Resources tab, click the **Software, Firmware, and Applications** link to download the **Power Xpert Gateway USB Signed Windows Device Driver**.

3. Plug the USB cable into the Setup port on the card (see Figure 4).

![Figure 4. Install the USB Cable](image2)

4. Plug the other end of the USB cable into the USB port on the computer.
5. The Windows operating system detects new hardware (see Figure 5).

![Figure 5. Found New Hardware Wizard – Welcome Window](image)

**NOTE** If a message displays indicating that the device driver software was not successfully installed, click **Ignore**.

**Install the USB Driver Software**

To install the USB driver software:

1. Open the Control Panel and select **Hardware and Sound** (see Figure 6).
2. Under Devices and Printers, select **Device Manager** to open the Device Manager window.

![Figure 6. Control Panel Window – Hardware and Sound](image)

3. Expand **Ports (COM & LPT)** and select **USB Serial Device** (see Figure 7).
4. Right-click **Update Driver Software**.
5. Select **Browse my computer for driver software** (see Figure 8).

6. Click **Browse** (see Figure 9).
7. In the Locate File window, navigate to the powerxpert.inf file you downloaded in Step 2 on page 4.
8. Select the file and click **Open**.
9. The path to the powerxpert.inf file displays in the Search for driver software in this location box. Click Next (see Figure 9).

![Figure 9. Update Driver Software Window – Browse for Driver Software](image)

10. When the driver software is updated successfully, the message “Windows has successfully updated your driver software” displays (see Figure 10).

![Figure 10. Update Driver Software Window – Update Successful](image)

11. To verify the device is installed:
   a. Go to Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Devices and Printers > Device Manager.
   b. Expand Network adapters.
   c. Verify that Linux USB Ethernet/RNDIS Gadget is listed under Network adapters (see Figure 11).
12. From the **Start** menu, go to **All Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt** to open a Command Prompt window.

13. Enter `ipconfig /all`. The adapter IP addressing information displays (see Figure 12).

14. Verify that the assigned IPv4 address is in the following range:
   - 169.254.0.x range for firmware 2.6.0 or later
   - 192.168.200.x range for earlier firmware versions

   where “x” is typically “1.”

15. Either verify the assigned IP address or manually enter a fixed IP address:
   - To verify the IP address assigned through DHCP, continue to “Verify IP Address Assignment” on page 9.
   - To manually enter a fixed IP address for the card’s network connection, continue to “Manually Assign an IP Address” on page 10.
Verify IP Address Assignment

To verify the IP address assignment:

1. Connect to the card over the USB cable:
   a. Open your Web browser.

   You are prompted to log on.

2. Log on as administrator. The default username and default password are “admin.” The PXGMS UPS Card Web page displays.

3. Select **Network** from the Configuration menu. The Network page displays (see Figure 13).

**NOTE** If the system is unresponsive and you cannot make any selections, the browser may not be running in compatibility mode. To enable compatibility mode, go to “Enable Browser Compatibility Mode” on page 11.
4. Verify that the network settings match those on the Installation Checklist on page 2.

5. Verify network communication:
   a. Clear the **DHCP Enabled** check box. The text that was dimmed in the Manual Configuration section is now available.
   b. Copy the IP address.
   c. Open a second browser and paste the IP address in the Address bar and click **Go**. If the assigned IP address is working, you are prompted to log on.
   d. Log on as administrator. The default username and default password are “admin.” The PXGMS UPS Card Web page displays.

**Manually Assign an IP Address**

To manually enter a fixed IP address for the card:

1. Connect to the card over the USB cable:
   a. Open your Web browser.
   b. Enter: **https://169.254.0.101** for firmware 2.6.0 or later, **http://192.168.200.101** for earlier firmware versions.
      You are prompted to log on.

2. Log on as administrator. The default username and default password are “admin.” The PXGMS UPS Card Web page displays.

3. Select **Network** from the Configuration menu. The Network page displays (see Figure 13 on Page 9).

4. Clear the **DHCP Enabled** check box to enable manual configuration.

5. Enter the IP, Netmask, and Gateway addresses in the Manual Configuration section and click **Apply**.

6. Click **OK** to confirm.

7. If you are using a host name, or host names, for controlling access to the card, type the server IP address in the **Name Server** box. Up to three IP addresses can be entered.

8. Click **Apply**.

9. Click **OK** to confirm.

10. Verify network communication:
    a. Copy the IP address you entered in Step 5.
    b. Open a second browser and paste the IP address in the Address bar and click **Go**. If the assigned IP address is working, you are prompted to log on.
    c. Log on as administrator. The default username and default password are “admin.” If the PXGMS UPS Card Web page displays, the fixed IP Address is correct.

---

**NOTE**

If the system is unresponsive and you cannot make any selections, the browser may not be running in compatibility mode. To enable compatibility mode, go to “Enable Browser Compatibility Mode” on page 11.
IPv6 Address Assignments

There are four sets of IPv6 addresses that can be assigned to the card:

- **Gateway.** Manually assigned IPv6 Gateway address.
- **Link-Local Address.** The Link-Local Address is a permanent address assigned to the card.
- **Automatic Address.** This address only displays if the card is connected to a network router that supports stateless address autoconfiguration.
- **Static Address.** Manually assigned fixed IPv6 address.

NOTE Only the Gateway and Static addresses are user-configurable. The Link-Local and Automatic addresses are automatically populated.

NOTE Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) is not supported.

To manually enter a fixed IP address for the card:

2. Log on as administrator. The username and default password is “admin”. The PXGMS UPS Card Web page displays.
3. Select **Network** from the Configuration menu. The Network page displays (see Figure 13 on page 9).
4. Enter the Static and Gateway addresses in the IPv6 section.
5. Click **Apply**.
6. Click **OK** to confirm.

Enable Browser Compatibility Mode

Browser compatibility allows Web pages designed for older versions to display properly. If data does not display properly on your PXGMS card Web page, the browser compatibility mode should be enabled.

To able the compatibility mode:

1. Open your Web browser.
2. In the Menu bar select **Tools > Compatibility View Settings**. The Compatibility View Settings window opens (see Figure 14).
Figure 14. Compatibility View Settings Window

Under “Add this website:” type the IP address of the PXGMS card and click **Add**.

**NOTE** Close and re-open your browser so that the changes take effect.
Network Configuration

If you know the card’s IP address, you can configure the network settings from the card’s Web page. To configure the network settings:

1. Open a Web browser, type the IP address of the card, and select Go (see Figure 15).
2. Log on as administrator. The username and default password is “admin”.

The PXGMS UPS Card’s initial page displays.

3. Select Network from the Configuration menu to open the Network configuration page.
4. You can enable or disable DHCP control by selecting or clearing the check box. The default is DHCP enabled.
5. If you want the card to access other network servers (such as an SMTP server) by host name, type the server IP address in the Name Server field. Up to three IP addresses can be entered.
6. If you are using Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), identify the physical location of the installed card in the System location field. This value also displays in the banner.
7. Enter the information to identify someone to contact with questions about this device in the System contact field. For example, you can type a person’s name, phone number, department, e-mail address, or physical location.
8. You can also modify the card’s IP address, the subnet mask, and the gateway address (IP Address, Netmask, and Gateway fields).
9. To test the card’s network connection to other network servers, such as an SMTP server, you can ping (request acknowledgement from) the host. Enter the IP address or hostname in the Ping test field and then click Test.
10. Click **Apply** to save the settings or **Discard** to cancel the changes.
11. Continue to “Configuring the Card” on page 15 for additional configuration options.

**Important Security Information**

By default, the PXGMS UPS Card is configured to prevent unauthorized SNMP, Modbus TCP and BACnet/IP access by computers that are not on the Trusted IPs/Hostnames list.

If you are using SNMP, Modbus TCP or BACnet/IP, see “Changing SNMP Access” on page 24 to add specific IP addresses or host names of trusted computers.
Chapter 3 Configuring the Card

NOTE If DHCP is disabled and you are using host names for servers, such as the mail server, Network Time Protocol (NTP) server, SNMP hosts, Modbus TCP hosts, or trap recipients, “enter” the IP address of your network DNS Server (see “Network Configuration” on page 13).

NOTE To configure Modbus RTU see page 56.

IMPORTANT You must be logged on as admin to configure the card. To prevent unauthorized access after you finish configuring the card, close the browser.

NOTE Some versions of Google’s Chrome browser may require clearing the browser cache in order to correctly log in as a different user when the browser is re-opened and re-connected to the card.

This section explains:

- Navigating the card’s Web page
- Identifying monitored equipment
- Configuring essential tasks
- Changing the passwords
- Setting the date and time
- Configuring SNMP options and managing from an SNMP NMS
- Configuring Modbus TCP/IP options
- Configuring BACnet/IP options
- Configuring HTTP and HTTPS
- Configuring Automatic Shutdown
- Managing UPS power
- Configuring e-mail notification
- Configuring the Environmental Monitoring Probe (EMP)
- Saving and restoring configuration settings
Navigating the Home Page

Figure 16 shows an example of the home page that displays when you log on to the card’s interface.

This interface provides typical windowing techniques such as re-sizing, scrolling, expanding/collapsing, and hover-over on text to see additional information.

Areas and features of the card’s home page:

**Banner.** The page banner displays the gateway time in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time). The local time and system location can be configured to also display in the banner.

If there is an active alarm in the hardware, a flashing alarm icon with an alarm message displays in the banner. Click the alarm message in the banner to display the Open Alarms page.

The highest level of an alarm active in the UPS displays as follows:

- Red for critical
- Yellow for caution
- Blue for acknowledged, but not closed (still alarming)
NOTE

An active alarm is different from an open alarm:

**Active Alarm.** An alarm is active when an alarming condition exists in the UPS. Messages display on the UPS LCD panel and on the card interface banner when alarms go active and disappear when the alarming condition clears.

**Open Alarm.** When an alarm goes active, it is also considered open and remains open (even after the condition clears in the UPS hardware) until it is closed by an operator. Operators are required to close alarms to ensure they are seen. While the UPS LCD panel and the card interface banner display the alarms that are active in the UPS, other areas of the card interface, (such as the Open Alarms page, device data pages, and the alarm log), display any alarms that have not been closed by the operator. Since closing an alarm that is still active in the hardware quickly results in the generation of a new alarm, an operator has the option to mark an alarm as acknowledged to indicate it has been seen.

To close or acknowledge an open alarm, see “Alarm Notices” on page 36.

---

**Menu Bar.** The menu bar contains links to additional pages for status information and configuration options. Menus are expandable and collapsible. The Device Data menu is expanded when you first log on. If an alarm is active, the Open Alarms menu category turns red and the number of open alarms displays in parentheses, so that alarms are never hidden even if the menu is collapsed. Use the menu bar to move through the card’s Web pages.

**Analog Gauges.** Analog gauges display on the Overview and Device Data pages next to metered items to show related critical device information, such as status, power, and energy levels at a glance. Examples of metered items are:
- Percent full load
- Percent battery left
- Bypass, input, and output frequency
- Battery time remaining
- Power output
- Remote humidity and temperature (if the optional EMP is connected to the card)

The bar is green for the normal operating range (white background) and gradually changes to yellow and then red as it moves to the caution range (light blue background) to critical (darker blue background). Pause the pointer over the information icon to display numerical limits.

**Overview.** The Overview displays a functional status diagram of the UPS (or UPSs in a parallel system). The animated yellow line shows the direction of the energy flow. To the right of the diagram, a list of the most relevant current readings displays. The List tab page displays a complete list of current readings.

**Device Data Page Toolbar.**
- Group by Category / Clear Grouping - toggles whether the parameters are grouped by category or listed alphabetically
- Collapse All / Expand All - toggles all categories and sub-categories
- Configure Alarms - edit the selected alarm attributes, such as enable the alarm, auto close, alarm priority (severity), and custom alarm message
- Configure Logging - configures whether parameter changes generate a notification message or are logged either as they occur or at intervals
- Configure Display - configure how a selected parameter is displayed
- Show Summary Parameters / Show All Parameters - displays essential data most often used to determine the overall status of the device.
Identifying Monitored Equipment

The Device Data section of the menu lists the monitored equipment, such as PXGMS UPS Card, UPS, or optional EPM. Each equipment page has a Device Data Page Toolbar (see Figure 16 on page 16). The selected button determines how the page displays detailed information related to the equipment. You can choose the information you want to display and whether you want items organized by category with headings displayed, or all items in alphabetical order. You can also select to display additional columns from the Graph heading drop down list.

You can also initiate additional operations on the Device Data parameters that are underlined on the display page, such as:

- Edit display names and asset tags
- Generate and display trend graphs
- View interval logs

**NOTE** The configurable values may also be available on other pages, such as the System Location field on the Network Configuration page. Changes made to these fields are updated everywhere they appear.

Configurable fields for the PXGMS UPS Card are:

- Display Name
- Asset Identification Tag

Configurable fields for the UPS are:

- Asset Identification Tag - ID group
- Display Name - ID group
- Attached Devices
- Battery Last Replaced Date
- Date Last Serviced
- Installation Date
- Low Runtime Alarm Setpoint (An alarm is sent indicating the time remaining before the battery is depleted. Increasing the time allows for additional time to shut down a system before the battery is depleted.)

**NOTE** See “Configuring Automatic Shutdown of UPS-Protected Computers” on page 28 for information on power outage notification and configuring the shutdown process for registered IPP clients.

The configurable field for load segments is Display Name.
Configurable fields for the EMP are:

- Asset Identification Tag
- Display Name

**Device Data Page Operations**

The Device Data parameters that are underlined on the display page have associated operations that can be launched by clicking on the parameter. To see what operation is available, mouse over the parameter and the available operation is shown (see Figure 17).

![Device Data Parameters Rollover](image)

**Figure 17. Device Data Parameters Rollover**

**NOTE**

Graphs can be generated for measures, anything that is interval logged, or anything that is alarm enabled.

To edit a Device Data parameter:

1. Click the Device Data parameter, such as **Asset Identification Tag** and the **Edit Value** window opens (see Figure 18).
2. Enter the device information and click **Save**.
Figure 18. Edit Device Data

To view an interval log of the device data parameter:

1. Click the **Device Data > Value** parameter (see Figure 17). The **File Download** window opens.
2. Click **Save** and specify the location to save the file to.
3. Open the file using Microsoft Excel to view the interval log.

To generate a customized trend log graph:

1. Click the **Device Data > Measure** parameter (see Figure 17). A “Build Chart ...” message opens and displays chart progress information until completion.

Figure 19. Trend Log Chart

---

**NOTE**

- There is hover text for each point on the graphs. This is particularly informative for alarm points.

- To customize the chart, use the Start, End, Extra Count, Interval or Alarms fields at the bottom of the display to change the data set (see Figure 19).
3. If any of the customize parameters were changed, click Rebuild to rebuild the chart with the new parameters.

**NOTE** When using Internet Explorer, alarms are sometimes not graphed correctly on top of interval log data. Other browsers such as Mozilla Firefox and Google Chrome are unaffected by this.

### Configuring Tasks Essential to Initial Configuration

The Essential Configuration Tasks page provides a summary of important tasks relating to the card’s initial setup and configuration. If essential tasks have not been configured, the Configuration category on the menu bar displays in red along with the number of unconfigured essential tasks. Other unconfigured tasks display in blue on the Essential Configuration Tasks page.

To configure essential tasks:

1. Select **Essential Configuration Tasks** from the Configuration menu.
   
The Essential Configuration page displays. Unconfigured tasks have links to the associated configuration page. Configured tasks are identified as “Ok.”
2. Click the link for the task you want to configure. The associated configuration page displays.
3. Complete the configuration and click **Apply**.

**NOTE** Refer to the related procedure in this user’s guide for detailed instructions on completing the task.

### Changing the Passwords

The username and default password is **user** for read-only privileges. The username and default password is **admin** for configuration (read/write) options. The characters in the password fields appear as asterisks (*).

To change the passwords:

1. Click **Access Control** from the Configuration menu.
   
The Access Control Configuration page displays with the password fields.
2. To change the user password, enter the new password twice (replace existing asterisks) in the **Password for the user account** fields.
   
   To change the admin password, log on as **admin** and enter the new password twice (replace existing asterisks) in the **Password for the admin account** fields.
3. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings. The logon prompt displays.
4. Log on to the card using the new password.

**NOTE** You must be logged on as admin to configure the card. To prevent unauthorized access after you finish configuring the card, close the browser.
Setting the Date and Time

The PXGMS UPS Card can be configured to synchronize the date and time with one or more NTP servers, or the date and time can be manually set. In addition, temperature unit of measure can be set to display as Fahrenheit or Celsius and the interface display language can be selected. Changes made to these fields are updated everywhere they appear.

To set the date and time, and temperature unit of measure:

1. Select **Date/Time** from the Configuration menu.
   
   The default is to synchronize the date and time from the PC clock.

2. To synchronize the card with Network Time Protocol servers, select **Synchronize with NTP server(s)** and type the IP addresses or host names. You can synchronize the card with up to three NTP servers.
   
   The NTP status message displays to the right of the **Synchronize with NTP server(s)** field as one of the following:
   
   - **Not running** – Indicates that NTP is not running.
   - **Started, not synchronized** – Indicates that NTP is running, but is not yet synchronized with an NTP server or controlling the local clock.
   - **Synchronizing with NTP server** – Indicates that NTP has synchronized with the local clock, but is not yet synchronized with an NTP server.
   - **Synchronized to XX, NTP stratum YY** – Indicates that the card is synchronized with an NTP server at IP address XX that is operating at NTP Stratum YY.

3. To set the time manually, select **Set date/time manually** and type or select the local date in mm/dd/yyyy format and the local time in hh/mm/ss format.

4. To customize how the date displays in the card’s data and event logs, select a **Date format for logs** option (mm/dd/yyyy, dd/mm/yyyy, yyyy-mm-dd, or dd mmm yyyy). The default is mm/dd/yyyy.

5. To select the time zone for the card, specify the **Time zone for logs, email, and connected device**.

6. To specify how the temperature displays on the Web page, select **Fahrenheit** (default) or **Celsius**.

7. To change the interface display language, select a language from the **Locale** drop down list.

8. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.

9. Refresh the Web page to view the updated formats.

**NOTE** All date and time selections are automatically converted to Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

**NOTE** When using host names, verify that the IP address of your network DNS Server is configured (see “Network Configuration” on page 13).

**NOTE** When NTP status is Synchronized and there is a large discrepancy between the PXGMS UPS Card time and the actual time, it may take 5–30 minutes for NTP to reset the card to the proper time.
Configuring the Card

Configuring SNMP Options
This section describes the following SNMP configuration options:
- Configuring community strings and trap recipients
- Changing SNMP access
- Setting system location and system contact
- Managing from an SNMP Network Management System (NMS)

Community Strings and Trap Recipients
The PXGMS UPS Card supports several event-related traps that can be reported to the SNMP network management software. See Chapter 6, “MIB Files” on page 53 for more information.

To configure the SNMP options:
1. Select SNMP from the Configuration menu.
2. SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 are supported and both versions are enabled by default. To modify, clear the check box for the version to be disabled. The fields associated with the disabled version become unavailable (dimmed).
3. For SNMPv1 configuration, type a new community string in the appropriate field to change the community strings.
   The default community strings are public for read-only, private for read-write.
4. For SNMPv3 configuration, enter a new read-only username and password and read-write username and password in the appropriate fields. Passwords for SNMPv3 must be at least 8 characters long.
5. To modify the Trap recipient community string field, type a new name. The default is “public”.
6. Click Add to add a new trap recipient entry to the list. The Recipient field populates with the next available number.
7. Enter the trap recipient IP address or host name in the IP/hostname field.

   **NOTE** When using host names, verify that the IP address of your network DNS Server is configured (“Network Configuration” on page 13).

8. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.

   **NOTE** Select the Recipient drop-down menu to view all assigned trap recipients.

9. Repeat Steps 6 through 8 for each additional trap recipient.
10. To remove a trap recipient:
   a. Click Delete Last.
   b. Click OK when prompted to remove the settings for the trap recipient entered last.
Changing SNMP Access

The default is to limit access to the card by trusted SNMP Network Management System hosts only.

To add a host to the Trusted Host List for restricted access:

1. Select **Access Control** from the Configuration menu.
2. Verify that the check box for **SNMP access restricted by IP/hostname** is selected.
3. Type the trusted NMS host’s IP addresses or host names, separated by a semicolon, in the **Trusted IPs/hostnames** field.

**NOTE** When using host names, verify that the IP address of your network DNS Server is configured (see “Network Configuration” on page 13).

To allow access that is unrestricted by hostname (though still qualified by community names or SNMPv3 passwords):

1. Select **Access Control** from the Configuration menu.
2. Clear the check box for **SNMP access restricted by IP/hostname**.
3. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.
4. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.

System Location and System Contact

To set the system location and system contact:

1. Select **Network** from the Configuration menu.
2. Enter the physical location of the installed UPS/card in the **System location** field. This value also displays in the card’s Web page banner.
3. Enter the information to identify someone to contact with questions about this device in the **System contact** field. For example, you can type a person’s name, phone number, department, e-mail address, physical location, or combination of these items, such as John Smith x123.
4. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.
Management from an SNMP NMS

To access the PXGMS UPS Card using SNMP:

1. Verify that the NMS is configured for the correct community strings or SNMPv3 usernames and passwords, as shown on the SNMP Web page. See “Community Strings and Trap Recipients” on page 23.

2. Verify that the NMS is a Trusted Host, or that your PXGMS UPS Card is configured for unrestricted SNMP access on the Access Control Configuration Web page. See “Changing SNMP Access” on page 24.

3. Select the MIB Files folder from the Documentation menu (or visit www.eaton.com/powerxpert) for the following MIB files for the PXGMS UPS Card:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MIB Name</th>
<th>Filename</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Powerware UPS MIB</td>
<td>XUPS-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Meters and traps for Eaton UPSs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC 1628 UPS MIB</td>
<td>UPS-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Meters and traps for vendor-independent UPSs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton EMP MIB</td>
<td>EATON-EMP-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Meters and settings for the EMP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton Alarms+Traps MIB</td>
<td>EATON-PXG-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Alarms and notifications (traps)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton Object Identifier (OID) assignments</td>
<td>EATON-OIDS.txt</td>
<td>Base document for all OID assignments for Eaton MIBs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC 4133 Entity MIB</td>
<td>ENTITY-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Identification and description of each device attached to the card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC 4268 Entity State MIB</td>
<td>ENTITY-STATE-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Five availability status meters for each device attached to the card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC 4268 Entity State MIB Part 2</td>
<td>ENTITY-STATE-TC-MIB.txt</td>
<td>Possible state values for the Entity State MIB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Add these files to the MIB database of your SNMP management software (such as HP OpenView™ and IBM® Systems Director).

4. Use the facilities provided by the SNMP management software to access the individual MIB objects. See Chapter 6, “MIB Files” on page 53 for more information.

Configuring Modbus TCP/IP Options

To limit access to the card from trusted Modbus Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) addresses only:

1. Select Access Control from the Configuration menu.

2. Select the Modbus TCP access restricted by IP/hostname check box.

3. Type the trusted host’s IP addresses or host names, separated by a semicolon, in the Trusted IPs/ hostnames field.

   **NOTE** When using host names, verify that the IP address of your network DNS Server is configured (see “Network Configuration” on page 13).

4. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.

   **NOTE** For information on Modbus registers and return error codes, see “Modbus Registers for TCP and RTU” on page 58.
Configuring BACnet/IP

BACnet/IP communication provides read-only data from Building Automation Systems (BASs) so that the PXGMS UPS Card can be easily integrated in a BAS alongside other BACnet/IP capable devices.

1. Select BACnet/IP from the configuration menu.

2. The initial setup screen requires that you first set a Routed Network Number for the virtual BACnet network that the PXGMS UPS Card “hosts” for the UPS BACnet Device. The UPS device appears as the Routed Devices on that virtual BACnet network. Each BACnet/IP network uses the Routed Network Number to identify it. Ask your BACnet or BAS administrator to assign a unique routed network number within the enterprise-wide BAC/IP network you wish to connect to. Accepted values are 1 to 65534.

3. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.

4. Wait 10 to 30 seconds and then click Discard. The automatic settings that depend on the routed network number are filled in.

| NOTE | Descriptions of the BACnet/IP Devices provided by this PXGMS UPS Card can be downloaded from the card as EPICS files (see “Download BACnet/IP EPICS File” on page 27) |

Editing BACnet IP Settings

The BACnet/IP data display has 3 configuration categories, Identification (Network card sub-category), BBMD and Virtual Routing (Routed Device Settings sub-category). Expand the categories and sub-categories to edit the automatic settings.

Identification section:

- **Base ID for auto-assign** - This value is automatically generated during initial setup. Edit this value to establish a good base for the range of BACnet IDs for your devices.

- **Auto-assign network card ID** - If there is a check-mark in this box, the Network Card > Device ID (object-identifier) cannot be modified. If this box is not checked, the Network Card > Device ID (object-identifier) can be modified.

- **Device ID (object-identifier)** - An initial value is automatically generated by the PXGMS UPS Card. If Auto-Agign Network Card ID is not enabled, you can edit this value if desired (it must be unique within the enterprise-wide BACnet network).

- **Device object-name** - An initial value is automatically generated by the PXGMS UPS Card. Edit this value if desired for a specific application (it must be unique within the enterprise-wide BACnet network).

- **BACnet/IP MAC address** - This value is automatically generated by the PXGMS UPS Card and cannot be modified.

BBMD section:

- **IPv4 IP address for foreign registration** - If you are using a BACnet Broadcast Management Device (BBMD) to connect the PXGMS UPS Card to a subnet, you must define the BBMD IP address to register with the BBMD on the remote subnet.

- **BBMD time to live (seconds)** - You can set the BBMD time to live value. The default is 360 seconds and you can set any value (in seconds) from 30 to 65536.
Virtual Routing section:

**Routed network number** - The integer BACnet Network number assigned to the Virtual Network that “holds” the Routed Devices managed by this PXGMS UPS Card. This BACnet Network Number must be unique with the enterprise-wide collection of BACnet networks. Since no initial value can be intuited by the PXGMS UPS Card, the Virtual Routed Devices do not appear to exist via BACnet/IP until a value has been set for this field.

**Auto-assign virtual device IDs** - If there is a check-mark in this box the Routed Device Settings > Device ID (object-identifier) cannot be modified. If this box is not checked, the Routed Device Settings > Device ID (object-identifier) can be modified.

**MAC template for Virtual Devices** - This value is used as a template in generating the separate BACnet/IP MAC address of the routed BACnet/IP devices.

**Select the device** - Select the appropriate device from the drop-down menu.

**Device ID (object-identifier)** - An initial value is automatically generated by the PXGMS UPS Card for each Routed Device. If Auto-Assign Virtual Device IDs is not enabled, you can edit these values if desired (each device ID must be unique within the enterprise-wide BACnet network).

**Device object-name** - An initial value is automatically generated by the PXGMS UPS Card for each Routed Device. Edit these values if desired for a specific application (each must be unique within the enterprise-wide BACnet network).

**Configuring BACnet/IP Options**

To limit access to the card by trusted BACnet/IP peers (BAS workstations or devices) only:

1. Select **Access Control** from the Configuration menu.
2. Select the **BACnet/IP access restricted by IP/hostname** check box.
3. Type the trusted host’s IP addresses or host names, separated by a semicolon, in the **Trusted IPs/ hostnames** field.

   **NOTE** When using host names, verify that the IP address of your network DNS Server is configured (see “Network Configuration” on page 13).

4. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.

**Download BACnet/IP EPICS File**

An electronic protocol implementation conformance statement (EPICS) file provides verification that devices meet BACnet standards for objects and services. In the PXGMS UPS Card, an EPICS file is available for any device selected in the Device Data section of the menu bar.

The file is in text protocol information (.TPI) format and is machine and human readable. This allows EPICS files to provide data to software test programs and for system configuration at the BAS.

To download and save an EPICS file:

1. Expand the **Documentation** section of the Menu Bar and select **BACnet/IP EPICS Files**. The BACnet/IP EPICS File overview page opens.
2. Select the check box of the **Display Name** for the desired device EPICS file.
3. The **Show Value** option is selected by default and current value information is added to object fields.
4. Click **View EPICS File** to generate the .TPI file.
5. The File Download window opens providing the options to Open, Save, or Cancel the file.
6. Click **Save** and specify where to save the .TPI file.

To view the EPICS file, open it with any text reader such as Notepad.

**Configuring HTTP and HTTPS**

To configure the ports for Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and HTTP over Secure Socket Layer (HTTPS):

1. Select **Access Control** from the Configuration menu.
2. Type the TCP port number for HTTP in the **HTTP port** field (the default is 80).
3. Type the TCP port number for HTTPS in the **HTTPS port** field (the default is 443).
4. To require a secure connection to the card, select the **Require HTTPS** check box.
5. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.

**Configuring Automatic Shutdown of UPS-Protected Computers**

Shutdown Client software supports remote UPS monitoring and automatic shutdown of the computer systems connected to the UPS. Intelligent Power Manager (IPM) and Intelligent Power Protector (IPP) are shutdown client software applications available from [www.eaton.com/pxgms](http://www.eaton.com/pxgms) under Software Downloads.

**NOTE** Refer to the shutdown client User Guide that you are using for configuration information of the application software.

**Configuring Shutdowns for a UPS**

Settings found in the Configuration page are related to the automatic shutdown of the UPS connected to the protected computer system.

To configure the UPS actions as a result of a client shutdown:

1. Expand the UPS folder on the Configuration menu and select **Shutdown Client**.
2. Setup a unique Username and Password for authenticating the shutdown clients.

**NOTE** The default setting is admin for username and password.

3. To turn off power to the UPS output receptacles following the client shutdown:
   a. Select the UPS **to turn off following OS Shutdown** check box.
      If the this check box is not selected, the power remains available to the UPS output receptacles until the UPS battery power is exhausted.
   b. Set the appropriate number of seconds for the **Minimum delay before output shutdown sequence begins** to ensure that any shutdown client and their respective operating systems have enough time to complete their shutdown before the UPS turns off. Set this value as appropriate for your system and available battery runtime and understand that the needs of individual shutdown clients may extend the delay automatically to ensure their complete shutdown. To modify, enter a value between 30 and 3600 seconds (30 seconds to 1 hour).
4. To restart the UPS and the associated load:
   a. Select the UPS to restart following the return of AC line check box.
      If this check box is not selected, the UPS remains off (requiring local interaction to turn it back on) when utility power returns.
   b. Set the time for Delay before output restart to a valid delay value to allow the UPS enough time to restart after the specified delay. To modify, enter a value between 10 and 3600 seconds (10 seconds to 1 hour).

5. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.

Shutdown Clients
The Registered Shutdown Clients area displays the IP Address, Application Name, Shutdown Timer and Shutdown Duration of the clients that have registered for the shutdown service.

Managing UPS Power
The PXGMS UPS Card supports the ability to remotely turn off the UPS and its supported load. You can also reboot the UPS (cycling output power off and then back on) and schedule shutdowns and startups on a predetermined basis.

Turning the UPS Load On and Off
To turn the UPS load on and off:
1. Expand the UPS folder on the Configuration menu and select UPS Test and Control. The UPS Test and Control page displays.
2. Select the Enable auto-refresh of UPS state check box if it is not already selected to view changes in the UPS load state as they happen.
3. Click Shutdown Now to shut down the selected UPS load. Results display to the right of the button.
4. Click OK to close the dialog box. The highlighted text reflects the UPS output state.

   NOTE Shutdown clients are also shut down, so the shutdowns may be delayed to accommodate the OS shutdown times specified by the clients configuration.

5. Click Startup Now to start the selected UPS load. Results display to the right of the button.
6. Click OK to close the dialog box. The highlighted text reflects the UPS output state.
Scheduling a UPS Shutdown and Restart

Up to seven UPS shutdown and restart events can be scheduled for any time and day of the week.

1. Expand the UPS folder on the Configuration menu and select UPS Schedule Shutdown.
2. Select the day, hour, and minutes for the shutdown and restart.
3. Repeat Step 2 for each event to be scheduled.
4. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.
5. To disable scheduled events, you can deselect one event or select the Disable all schedules check box. The event fields dim but the values remain for use later.
6. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.

Configuring E-Mail Notification

You can use the PXGMS UPS Card to inform selected e-mail accounts of events and changes in status as they occur in the UPS or to provide a status message at a predetermined time.

1. In the Configuration menu select E-Mail.
2. Enter the IP address or host name of the SMTP Server IP/hostname (mail server) that is used to send the e-mail messages.
3. If you need to enter a username and password for the SMTP server:
   a. Click Advanced SMTP configuration.
      If you have made changes to the E-Mail page, a confirmation box opens. Click OK to save the settings; otherwise, click Cancel. The Advanced SMTP Configuration page displays.
   b. Enter the username and password in the SMTP username and SMTP password fields.
   c. Specify a “from” e-mail address in the SMTP From address field (for example, UPS_1@10.222.10.111).
   d. Click Apply and OK to save the settings and return to the E-Mail page.
4. Click Test SMTP server connection to test the configuration for the SMTP server. The SMTP Test Results window opens. Close the window when you finish viewing.

   NOTE  If the SMTP test is successful, the confirmation displays immediately. A failed test response can take longer to display. Close the window if you want to terminate the test.
5. Specify events to trigger an e-mail to be sent to all recipients:
   a. In the Event triggers for all recipients field, click **Configure** to open the E-mail Event Trigger Configuration page.
   b. Select specific event check boxes to indicate which events are to be included for e-mail notification or **Select All**. To clear all selections, click **De-select All**.
   c. Click **Apply** and **OK** to save the settings. The E-Mail page opens.

6. To test the event e-mail function:
   a. In the Event triggers for all recipients field, click **Configure** to open the E-mail Event Trigger Configuration page.
   b. Click **Test Event E-Mail**. A sample e-mail is sent for the first trigger event that is selected and saved.
   c. In the Configuration menu, select **E-Mail** to return to the E-Mail page.

7. To create a new recipient:
   a. Select an unassigned number from the **Recipients** list.
   b. Enter the recipient’s e-mail address in the **To** field.
   c. Click **Apply**. The e-mail address is added to the **Recipients** list.

8. To modify the options for a recipient, select the e-mail address from the **Recipient** list. In the Recipient Settings section, select or deselect the option check boxes. See Table 1 for a description of options.

   **Table 1. E-mail Options for Receiving Event Notification**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Send on event active</td>
<td>Sends an e-mail message when an event occurs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send on event clear</td>
<td>Sends an e-mail message when an event clears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attach event log file to event emails</td>
<td>Attaches the event log to the event e-mail message (the log is always attached to status e-mail messages)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attach interval log file to event emails</td>
<td>Attaches the interval log to the event e-mail message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attach ID file to event emails</td>
<td>Attaches the identification files to the event e-mail message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send periodic status emails</td>
<td>Sends periodic status e-mail messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Days between periodic status emails</td>
<td>Sets the number of days between the periodic status e-mail messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time of day (gateway time) for periodic status email (HH:MM)</td>
<td>Sets the time of day for periodic status e-mail messages to be send (in 24-hour format, PXGMS UPS Card UTC time)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **NOTE** Up to ten recipients can be configured to receive event e-mail messages.

9. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the settings.

   **NOTE** Apply changes before modifying or creating another e-mail recipient.
Configuring EMP Settings

The optional Environmental Monitoring Probe (EMP) allows remote monitoring of the UPS's environment through regular measurements of temperature and humidity through two external contacts.

The EMP is connected to the EMP port directly on the card with a standard Ethernet cable. Recognition is automatic. The Environmental Monitoring Probe selection is added to the Device Data and Configuration menus of the Web interface.

To configure the EMP settings:

1. Select Environmental Monitoring Probe from the Configuration menu.
2. For Contact #1 and #2, enter the Contact Description, such as External Contact #1 and External Contact #2.
3. For Contact #1 and #2, select the Contact Type as Normally Open or Normally Closed from the pull-down menu (disabled is the default).
4. If Contact #1 or Contact #2 alarms remain active for a specified amount of time, you can signal the shutdown clients to initiate a shut down. To specify the amount of time, set the seconds for Contact #1 and #2 in the Shutdown Delay field. Enter 1 to 600 seconds (1 second to 10 minutes) to enable the shutdown. The default is 0, which means the clients and UPS do not initiate shut down.
5. To set the temperature alarm limits of the EMP, enter 32 to 158 degrees Fahrenheit (0 to 70 degrees Celsius) for the Temperature Upper Limit and the Temperature Lower Limit. The default for the upper limit is 158 and the default for the lower is 32.
6. Use the Temperature Hysteresis to control the alarm when the current value is hovering around the limit. When the EMP temperature measure activates the alarm, it can come out of the alarm state only by dropping below the Temperature Hysteresis value. Enter a value between 0 and 10 percent. The default is 2 percent.
7. If the temperature alarm remains active for a specified amount of time, you can signal the shutdown clients to initiate shut down. To specify the amount of time, set the seconds for the temperature alarm in the Shutdown Delay. Enter 1 to 600 seconds (1 second to 10 minutes) to enable the shutdown. The default is 0, which means the clients and UPS do not initiate shut down.
8. To set the humidity limits of the EMP, enter 0 to 90 percent for the Humidity Upper Limit and the Humidity Lower Limit. The default for the upper limit is 90 and the default for the lower limit is 0.
9. Use the Humidity Hysteresis to control the alarm when the humidity percentage is hovering around the alarm limit. When the EMP humidity measure activates the alarm, it can come out of the alarm state only by dropping below the Humidity Hysteresis value. Enter a value between 0 and 20 percent.
10. If the humidity alarm remains active for a specified amount of time, you can signal the shutdown clients to initiate shut down. To specify the amount of time, set the seconds for the humidity alarm in the Shutdown Delay. Enter 1 to 600 seconds (1 second to 10 minutes) to enable the shutdown. The default is 0, which means the clients and UPS do not initiate shut down.
11. Click Apply and then OK to save the settings.

NOTE: The shutdown clients shut down according to the parameters configured on the clients configuration page.
Saving and Restoring Configuration Settings

You can create a backup of the PXGMS UPS Card settings and restore them at a later date.

Creating a Backup

To create a backup:

1. Select **Save and Restore** from the Configuration menu.
2. To save the PXGMS UPS Card settings and preferences, click **Save gateway configuration**.
   
   The card exports an XML file containing the PXGMS UPS Card configuration settings.
3. Click **Save** and enter a file name and location to save the XML file.

   **NOTE**  
   If a blank browser window remains open, close it.

Restoring a Backup

**CAUTION**

Restoring configuration settings overrides all changes made to the configuration settings since the backup file was created.

To restore the configuration settings from a backup file:

1. Select **Save and Restore** from the Configuration menu.
2. Click **Browse** to select the file name and then click **Open**.
3. When prompted, confirm that you want to override the configuration settings with the backup file. Click **OK** or **Cancel**.

   **NOTE**  
   Update the Web page if the Device Data does not automatically display after the backup is complete.
Chapter 4  Operation and Maintenance

This section explains:
  Indicator descriptions
  DIP switch settings
  Open alarms
  Generating log files
  Firmware upgrade instructions

Figure 20 shows the PXGMS UPS Card front panel.

Figure 20. PXGMS UPS Card Panel

Indicator Descriptions

The Ethernet port indicator descriptions for the PXGMS UPS Card are listed in Table 2. The stacked indicator descriptions are listed in Table 3. The Modbus RTU (RS-485 port) indicator descriptions are listed in Table 4.

Table 2. Ethernet Port Indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator Label</th>
<th>Illuminated</th>
<th>Not Illuminated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethernet 10/100</td>
<td>100 (Indicates a valid 100 Mb Connection (Link).)</td>
<td>(Indicates a valid 10 Mb Connection (Link) as long as the corresponding ACT indicator is illuminated.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACT</td>
<td>Indicates network activity when the indicator is on or blinking.</td>
<td>Indicates no network activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 3. Stacked Indicator Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Illuminated</th>
<th>Not Illuminated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Communication with the UPS has been established.</td>
<td>Communication with the UPS has not been established. As the card boots, the indicator remains off. However, if it remains off after two minutes, there is a communication problem between the card and the UPS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHCP</td>
<td>Amber</td>
<td>The PXGMS UPS Card is configured for DHCP and has obtained IP address information.</td>
<td>The use of DHCP has been disabled by the user, or PXGMS UPS Card has failed to obtain IP address information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ident</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>A firmware update is in progress. Do not remove the card from the UPS.</td>
<td>A firmware update is not in progress.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>DC power is available to the card from the UPS.</td>
<td>If all indicators are not illuminated, DC power is not available from the UPS. This may indicate that the UPS is off and unplugged.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE During the power-on sequence, all four indicators illuminate briefly. Wait at least two minutes for the card’s boot process to complete before comparing the indicators to the table above because indicators may turn on and off at different times in the boot process.

Table 4. Modbus RTU Indicator Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Illuminated</th>
<th>Not Illuminated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Data is being transmitted OUT of the card.</td>
<td>No data transmission to network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RX</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Card is receiving data IN.</td>
<td>No receive data from network</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DIP Switch Description

DIP switch definitions for the PXGMS UPS Card are listed in Table 5.

Table 5. DIP Switch Definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S1 Position Number</th>
<th>OFF Position (Default)</th>
<th>ON Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Enable previously stored network configuration settings (Normal mode)</td>
<td>Override the existing network settings and assign the local IP address using Zerocnf. Zerocnf finds the first available address starting at 169.254.1.1. So the assigned address would be 169.254.1.1, or 169.254.1.2, etc. - the first one that is not already being used by a device on the local subnet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Reserved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Normal behavior</td>
<td>Reset the HTTP passwords to the defaults on boot (user and admin). After a successful boot, the switch should be turned back off before rebooting the card.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Reserved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Reserved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Normal behavior</td>
<td>Reset the card to factory defaults on boot (after a successful boot, the switch should be turned back off before rebooting the card again).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Alarm Notices

Alarm notices display in three areas of the Web interface:

**Banner:** If there is an active alarm present on the UPS (Condition Active: true), a flashing alarm icon and an alarm message displays in the banner. The alarm icon and message reflect the actual condition of the highest active alarm in the UPS. Clicking the alarm message displays the Open Alarms page.

**Device Data Summary and List page:** If there is an open alarm, the “(Alarms Present)” message displays at the top of the Device Data page and the alarmed data value is highlighted in red text and continues to be displayed in the alarm state until the alarm is closed.

**Menu bar:** If there is an open alarm, “Open Alarms” and the number of active alarms display in red under the Alarms menu. Click Open Alarms to display the Open Alarms page.

An active alarm is different from an open alarm:

**Active Alarm.** An alarm is active when an alarm condition exists in the UPS. Messages display on the UPS LCD panel and on the card interface banner when alarms go active and disappear when the alarming condition clears.

**Open Alarm.** When an alarm goes active, it is also considered open and remains open (even after the condition clears in the UPS hardware) until it is closed by an operator. Operators are required to close alarms to ensure that they are aware that the alarm condition occurred. While the UPS LCD panel and the card interface banner display the alarms that are active in the UPS, other areas of the card interface (such as the Open Alarms page, device data pages, and the alarm log), display any alarms that have not been closed by the operator. Since closing an alarm that is still active in the hardware quickly results in the generation of a new alarm, an operator has the option to mark an alarm as acknowledged to indicate it has been seen.

The Open Alarms page displays a list of the latest alarms. Inactive alarms continue to display until they are closed.

To view, acknowledge, or close alarms:

1. Select **Open Alarms** from the Open Alarms menu.
   
   The Open Alarms page displays with the following information for each alarm:
   
   - The alarm level (caution, critical, or major).
   - Time and date when the error occurred.
   - The parameter that is in alarm.
   - The alarm message that displays on the UPS control panel (displays as a link).
   - The condition of the alarm (active is true, inactive is false). The condition of the alarm indicates the actual condition of the UPS.

2. To view the specific alarm parameter data, click the Alarm Message link. The Summary page displays and the value in error displays in red text.

3. Select the alarm or alarms you want to acknowledge, discontinue acknowledgement, or close. Select the top check box to select all alarms, or select one or more alarms individually.

**NOTE** If the Alarm page updates, selections could be lost. Selecting an alarm row, or selecting **Pause Auto-Update**, prevents the page from automatically updating.
4. Select one of the following:
   a. Select **Acknowledge Selected** to acknowledge that you are aware of the alarm.
   b. Select **Un-Acknowledge Selected** to reverse a previous acknowledgement.
   c. Select **Close Selected** to close the alarm and remove it from the Open Alarms list.

   **NOTE 1** If a UPS alarm is still active in the UPS (Condition Active: true) and you close the alarm, a new alarm and event ID is entered into the Open Alarms list.

   **NOTE 2** If a UPS alarm clears automatically, close the alarm to remove it from the Open Alarms list.

5. You have the option to add a note when prompted. Click **OK** to apply the selection.

   **NOTE** This note is optional and is entered into the Event log and displays in the Power Xpert software. The note applies to all selected alarms.

6. Click **Continue Auto-Update** to resume page updating.

**Generating Log Files**

**NOTE 1** Data, Interval, Event, and System log files are comma-separated values (*.csv) files that can be opened using Microsoft Excel® software. Some computer configurations automatically open the files with the Microsoft Excel software instead of prompting you to save the file. Excel may default to a date format specific to the country the product is being used in, overriding the card specified format.

**NOTE 2** The History and Battery Test logs are (*.txt) files in text format that can be opened by any text viewer software.

**Data Log**
The data log contains a history of the data value changes recorded by the gateway. To generate a data log:

1. Select **Data Log** from the Logs menu.
2. To limit the number of records, type or select one or more of the following optional values:
   a. Maximum number of records to return
   b. Start Date
   c. End Date
3. Click **View log**.
4. Select a name and location for the file (if you chose to save the file when prompted).

**Interval Log**
The interval log contains a set of samples of data values taken at regular intervals by the gateway. To generate an interval log:

1. Select **Interval Log** from the Logs menu.
2. Select the name of the device.
3. Select the interval (5, 15, or 60 minutes).
4. To limit the number of records, type or select one or more of the following optional values:
   a. Maximum number of records to return
   b. Start Date
   c. End Date
5. Click View log.
6. Select a name and location for the file (if you chose to save the file when prompted).

**Event Log**

The event log contains a history of the events recorded by the gateway. To generate an event log:

1. Select Event Log from the Logs menu.
2. To limit the number of records, enter one or more of the following optional values:
   a. Maximum number of records to return
   b. Start Date
   c. End Date
3. Click View log.
4. Select a name and location for the file (if prompted to save).

**System Log**

The system log contains the history of the gateway administration activity. To generate a system log:

1. Select System Log from the Logs menu.
2. To limit the number of records, enter one or more of the following optional values:
   a. Maximum number of records to return
   b. Start Date
   c. End Date
3. Click View log.
4. Select a name and location for the file (if prompted to save).

**UPS History Log**

The history log contains a record of internal UPS activity intended for use by service personnel to help diagnose UPS issues. To generate a history log:

1. Select UPS Battery Test Log from the Logs menu.
2. Click View log.
3. Select a name and location for the file (if prompted to save).

**NOTE**

This file may be up 400K in size and may take several minutes to download from the UPS.
UPS Battery Test Log
The battery test log contains a record of UPS battery test activity. To generate a battery test log:

1. Select **UPS Battery Test Log** from the Logs menu.
2. Click **View log**.
3. Select a name and location for the file (if prompted to save).

**NOTE** This file may be up 400K in size and may take several minutes to download from the UPS.

Erasing a Log
To erase a data, interval, event, or system log:

1. Click **Erase log** from the Data Log, Interval Log, Event Log, or System Log page.
2. Click **OK** to erase the log; otherwise, click **Cancel**.

Upgrading the Card's Firmware
The card's firmware can be updated by downloading the appropriate file (**pxgms_ups_x.x.x.x.rom**) from [www.eaton.com/pxgms](http://www.eaton.com/pxgms). During the upgrade process, the PXGMS UPS Card does not monitor the UPS status.

To upgrade the firmware:

1. Select **Update Your Meter/Card firmware**.
2. Complete the Sign-In information and click **Submit**. The download an documentation screen displays.
3. Click the firmware file link and click **Save**.
4. In the Save As window, select the destination to download the file and click **Save**.

**NOTE** When saving the file, keep the default file name.
Chapter 5  Root Certificate Authority Installation

NOTE The PXGMS does not support importing certificates, only exporting the card’s self-signed certificate is possible.

Improve the security of your Power Xpert Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card on the Web by installing its root certificate authority (CA) into your browser’s CA cache. A CA is a trusted third party that issues digital certificates for use with encrypted digital transactions. The digital certificate guarantees the identity of the Web site of the company that holds the certificate. In this case, the PXGMS UPS Card functions as both the CA and the certificate holder.

You can use the card without installing its root CA (using HTTP), but the transactions are not as secure as with the root CA (using HTTPS). You can require secure transactions by configuring the card for HTTPS (see “Configuring HTTP and HTTPS” on page 28). The performance of the card is not impacted by using secure transactions.

This section explains root CA installation for:

- Windows Internet Explorer
- Mozilla Firefox
- Google Chrome

Installing Root CA with Windows Internet Explorer

To install a certificate for the PXGMS UPS Card with Windows Internet Explorer:

1. Open the browser and type the IP address of the card followed by the path /ca.html in the address bar. For example:
   
   http://10.222.49.63/ca.html

   The Root CA Installation page displays (see Figure 21).

![Figure 21. Windows Internet Explorer – Root CA Installation Page](image-url)
2. Click **Root CA Certificate**.

   A File Download warning message displays (see Figure 22).

   ![Figure 22. File Download Warning](image)

3. Click **Open**.

   The Certificate Window opens (see Figure 23).

   ![Figure 23. Certificate Window for the PXGMS UPS Card](image)
4. Click **Install Certificate**.
   The Certificate Import Wizard opens (see Figure 24).

![Figure 24. Certificate Import Wizard](image)

5. Click **Next**.
   The Certificate Store window opens, prompting you to specify a certificate store (see Figure 25).

![Figure 25. Certificate Store Window](image)
6. Verify that the default setting, **Automatically select the certificate store ...**, is selected.

7. Click **Next**.

The Certificate Import Wizard displays a final verification (see Figure 26).

![Certificate Import Wizard](image)

**Figure 26. Verifying the Certificate Import Settings**

8. Click **Finish** to complete the wizard.

A message displays informing you that Windows automatically trusts any certificate issued by this CA (see Figure 27).

![Security Warning](image)

**Figure 27. Security Warning Message**

9. Click **Yes** to install the CA.

A new message displays to verify that the import was successful.

10. Click **OK** to close the message.

11. Click **OK** to close the Certificate window.

12. The installation process is complete. You can now access the card using the HTTPS protocol.

For example:

https://10.222.49.63
13. To view the certificate:
   a. Select **Internet Options** from the **Tools** menu.
   b. Click the **Content** tab.
   c. Click **Certificates**.
   d. Click the **Trusted Root Certification Authorities** tab, and then locate and select the certificate name on the list (see Figure 28).

**NOTE** The name of the certificate starts with “PowerXpert” followed by the MAC address of the card.

![Certification Authorities Tab](image.png)

**Figure 28. Trusted Root Certification Authorities Tab**
e. Click **View** to open the Certificate window (see Figure 29).

![Certificate Window](image)

**Figure 29. View Certificate Window**

f. When you are finished viewing the information, click **OK** to close the Certificate window, click **Close** to close the Certificates window, and click **OK** to close the Internet Options window.

**Installing Root CA with Mozilla Firefox**

To install a certificate for the PXGMS UPS Card with Mozilla Firefox:

1. Open the browser and type the IP address of the card followed by the path `/ca.html` in the address bar. For example:
   
   http://10.222.49.63/ca.html
The following window opens (see Figure 30):

![Root CA Installation Window](image)

**Root CA Installation**

To trust SSL certificates created by this device, you must add the device as a trusted root CA. Use the link below and follow the instructions in the user manual to install the device's root CA certificate.

In many browsers (Internet Explorer 7 or above, Mozilla Firefox, and Opera are known to work), you can simply click the link below to begin installation.

[Root CA Certificate](link)

**Figure 30. Mozilla Firefox – Root CA Installation Window**

2. Click **Root CA Certificate**.

Firefox opens the Downloading Certificate window (see Figure 31).

![Download Certificate Window](image)

**Figure 31. Downloading Certificate Window**

3. If desired, click **View** to manually examine the contents of the certificate.

4. Select the **Trust this CA to identify web sites** check box.

5. Click **OK** to complete the installation process.

   The installation process is complete. You can now access the card using the HTTPS protocol. For example:

   https://10.222.49.63
Installing Root CA with Google Chrome

To install a certificate for the PXGMS UPS Card with Google Chrome:

1. Open the browser and type the IP address of the card followed by the path `/ca.html` in the address bar. For example:

   http://10.222.49.63/ca.html

   The following window opens (see Figure 32):

   ![Google Chrome - Root CA Installation Window](image)

   **Figure 32. Google Chrome – Root CA Installation Window**

2. Click **Root CA Certificate**.

   A File Download warning message displays at the bottom of the window (see Figure 33).

   ![File Download Warning](image)

   **Figure 33. File Download Warning**
3. Click **Save**.
   
The CRT (Security Certificate) file name displays at the bottom of the window (see Figure 34).

![Root CA Installation](image)

**Figure 34. Security Certificate File**

4. Click **gateway_ca.crt**.
   
   An Open File warning message displays (see Figure 35).

![Open File Warning](image)

**Figure 35. Open File Warning**
5. Click **Open**.

The Certificate Window opens (see Figure 36).

![Certificate Window](image)

**Figure 36. Certificate Window**

6. Click **Install Certificate**.

The Certificate Import Wizard – Welcome window opens (see Figure 37).

![Certificate Import Wizard](image)

**Figure 37. Certificate Import Wizard – Welcome Window**
7. Click **Next**.

   The Certificate Import Wizard – Certificate Store window opens, prompting you to specify a certificate store (see Figure 38).

![Figure 38. Certificate Import Wizard – Certificate Store Window](image)

8. Verify that the default setting, **Automatically select the certificate store ...**, is selected.

9. Click **Next**.

   The Certificate Import Wizard – Completing the Certificate Import Wizard window certificate displays a final verification (see Figure 39).

![Figure 39. Certificate Import Wizard – Completing the Certificate Import Wizard Window](image)

10. Click **Finish** to complete the wizard.

11. Click **Yes** to install the CA.

   A new message displays to confirm that the import was successful.
12. Click **OK** to close the message.

13. Click **OK** to close the Certificate window.

    The installation process is complete. You can now access the card using the HTTPS protocol. For example:
    
    https://10.222.49.63

14. To view the certificate:

    a. On the **Wrench** menu, click **Options**, and then click the **Under the Hood** tab.

    b. Scroll to the bottom of the window and click **Manage Certificates**.

    c. Click the **Trusted Root Certification Authorities** tab and locate and select the certificate name on the list (see Figure 40).

**NOTE**

The name of the certificate starts with "PowerXpert" followed by the MAC address of the card.

![Figure 40. Certificates Window – Trusted Root Certification Authorities Tab](image-url)
d. Click **View** to open the Certificate window (see Figure 41).

![Certificate Window](image)

**Figure 41. Certificate Window**

e. When you are finished viewing the information, click **OK** to close the Certificate window, click **Close** to close the Certificates window, and click **Close** again to close the Google Chrome Options window.
Chapter 6  MIB Files

This chapter describes the Management Information Base (MIB) files available with the card. A MIB is an information repository residing on a device in a communication network. Network management software uses a device’s MIB to manage the device. Every manageable device on a network has a MIB consisting of one or more files that list information about the device.

Use the facilities provided by your Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) management software to access the individual MIB objects. The objects define the information available about your UPS.

You can configure a device so that it generates a trap if a certain condition occurs, such as an alarm clearing. The trap is sent to the management station to inform it of the occurrence.

This chapter contains an overview of MIB definitions for each of the MIB files:

- Powerware UPS MIB
- RFC 1628 UPS MIB
- Eaton EMP MIB
- Eaton Alarms+Traps MIB
- Eaton OID Assignments
- RFC 4133 Entity MIB
- RFC 4268 Entity State MIB
- RFC 4268 Entity State MIB Part 2

See the MIB files for detailed information about each MIB object.

Selecting a UPS MIB File

You can use the Standard UPS MIB, as described in RFC-1628, or the proprietary Powerware UPS MIB with the client SNMP management software. Eaton recommends loading both MIBs. Table 6 lists the advantages of both MIBs.

Table 6. UPS MIB Comparison

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard UPS MIB</th>
<th>Powerware UPS MIB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Works with UPS SNMP agents from many vendors</td>
<td>Downward compatible with existing ConnectUPS cards or adapters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Includes some objects not found in Powerware UPS MIB:</td>
<td>Includes some objects not found in Standard UPS MIB:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsBatteryStatus</td>
<td>Environment Group (xupsEnvironment)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsConfigAudibleStatus</td>
<td>Receptacle Group (xupsRecep)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsConfigInputFreq</td>
<td>Topology Group (xupsTopology)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsConfigLowBattTime</td>
<td>xupsBatteryAbmStatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsConfigOutputVA</td>
<td>xupsBatteryLastReplacedDate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsIdentAttachedDevices</td>
<td>xupsConfigInstallDate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsIdentName</td>
<td>xupsControlToBypassDelay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsSecondsOnBattery</td>
<td>xupsHeartbeatMinsInterval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>xupsSendTrapType</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enhances the Test and Control groups</td>
<td>More trap types and trap descriptions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Simpler battery test procedure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Powerware UPS MIB

The Powerware UPS MIB consists of the following groups:

Identification – the xupsIdent status objects provide UPS information, such as the UPS model or UPS firmware version.

Battery – the xupsBattery status objects provide UPS battery information, such as battery time remaining or the percentage of battery charge.

Input, Output, and Bypass – the xupsInput, xupsOutput, and xupsBypass status objects allow the network manager to check or graph the condition of the UPS and its environment, such as monitoring input voltage and output load.

Environment – the xupsEnvironment objects provide data around the UPS, such as the ambient temperature, and also allow you to set the upper and lower limits for the ambient temperature alarm.

Alarms and Traps – the xupsAlarm and xupsTrapControl objects alert the SNMP management station to the condition of the UPS and of significant conditions, such as Shutdown Imminent.

Test – the xupsTest objects perform a general UPS systems test and UPS battery test.

Control – with the xupsControl objects, a network manager can remotely control the UPS by SNMP set commands, performing such tasks as shutting down or turning on the UPS.

Configuration – the xupsConfig objects allow you to view UPS configuration, such as watts, voltage, or frequency and configure the UPS date and time and installation date.

Receptacle – the xupsRecep objects provide status information about the controllable load groups and control objects for removing and returning power to these load groups.

Topology – the xupsTopology objects describe the machine type and are primarily used for machine-to-machine communication within a power management system.

RFC 1628 UPS MIB

The RFC 1628 standard UPS MIB consists of the following groups:

Identification – the upsIdent status objects provide UPS information, such as the UPS model or UPS firmware version.

Battery – the upsBattery status objects provide UPS battery information, such as battery time remaining or the percentage of battery charge.

Input, Output, and Bypass – the upsInput, upsOutput, and upsBypass status objects allow the network manager to check or graph the condition of the UPS and its environment, such as monitoring input voltage and output load.

Alarms – the upsAlarm objects alert the SNMP management station to the condition of the UPS and of significant conditions, such as Shutdown Imminent; this group also lists well-known UPS alarm conditions.

Test – the upsTest objects perform UPS diagnostic testing and provide the test results; this group also lists well-known UPS diagnostic tests.

Control – with the upsControl objects, a network manager can remotely control the UPS by SNMP set commands, performing such tasks as shutting down or turning on the UPS.

Configuration – the upsConfig objects allow you to view UPS configuration, such as watts, voltage, or frequency; for UPSs that allow read-write control for objects in this group, you can also remotely configure UPS parameters, such as input voltage or output frequency.

NOTE

Not every UPS model implements all of the Powerware UPS MIB objects. For example, the Bypass objects are supported only by larger UPSs with a separate bypass feed.
Eaton EMP MIB

Objects in this group are provided by the Environmental Monitoring Probe (EMP) and include temperature and humidity readings, alarming limits, the two contacts readings, and setup information. The group contains a table of values for environmental contact sensing (normally two digital inputs for monitoring all contacts).

Traps are sent in response to EMP changes to indicate the type of alarm, alarm acknowledgement, and alarm clearing.

Eaton Alarms+Traps MIB

Objects in this group provide a table of active alarms and a count of alarms currently active. The notification traps provided are triggered by the publishing of an alarm or event.

Eaton OID Assignments

These objects document all the object identifier assignments for Eaton products.

Entity MIB Files

The objects in these MIB files provide information standard in the industry:

- The RFC 4133 Entity MIB provides standard objects for identifying and describing devices attached to the card.
- The RFC 4268 Entity State MIB provides availability status measures for each device.
- The RFC 4268 Entity State MIB Part 2 provides possible state values for the Entity State MIB.

Selecting the UPS Trap Type

Use the Powerware UPS MIB `xupsSendTrapType` object to select the primary type of traps to be sent to the configured trapsinks when UPS alarms occur or clear. There are three types of traps: stnd(1), xups(2), and pxg(5). See Table 7 for trap comparison.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>xupsSendTrapType Options</th>
<th>stnd(1)</th>
<th>xups(2)</th>
<th>pxg(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>MIB File that Sends Traps</strong></td>
<td>RFC 1628 UPS MIB (UPS-MIB.txt)</td>
<td>Powerware UPS MIB (XUPS-MIB.txt)</td>
<td>Eaton Alarms+Traps MIB (EATON-PXG-MIB.txt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of Defined Traps for Alarms and Notices</strong></td>
<td>Only three: upsTrapOnBattery, upsTrapAlarmEntryAdded, upsTrapAlarmEntryRemoved</td>
<td>Up to 50; each well-known Powerware UPS MIB alarm is mapped to a trap.</td>
<td>Eleven, with one trap sent for each entry in the PXGMS UPS Card Active Alarms table. Each trap indicates its severity level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Advantages</strong></td>
<td>Simplest set of traps.</td>
<td>Breaks out the alarms into individual traps, and adds a text message describing the UPS alarm. Auto-clearing alarm types.</td>
<td>Comparable to other Eaton Power Xpert Gateway products and parallels the BACnet/WS events logged by the Power Xpert software. Fullest text description for each alarm. Includes traps when you acknowledge and close the alarms (see page 36).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disadvantages</strong></td>
<td>You must decode the upsAlarmDescr object ID to determine which alarm has occurred.</td>
<td>None.</td>
<td>If five UPS alarms occur for an On Battery condition, it sends five traps. Alarm Cleared traps are not sent until you acknowledge and close each alarm (see page 36).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Traps that are Sent Regardless of Trap Type Setting</strong></td>
<td>upsTrapTestCompleted</td>
<td>xupsstdCommunicationsLost, xupsstdCommEstablished</td>
<td>powerChainEvent (for example, StructureChanged events)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 7  Modbus Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) Configuration

The Power Xpert Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card is a network connectivity device for the UPS that also allows you to continuously and reliably monitor the UPSs in your Building Management System (BMS). The card supports the Modbus protocol to integrate data from the UPS into your building management system software.

The PXGMS UPS Card has the following Modbus related features:

- RS-485 communication through an isolated Modbus interface (see Figure 42)
- Supports Modbus READ INPUT STATUS and READ INPUT REGISTER commands
- Two-wire Communication topology
- LEDs showing communication activity

![Figure 42. RS-485 Port](image)

Wiring the PXGMS UPS Card RS-485 Port

The PXGMS UPS Card provides an easy path for integrating the UPS into an RS-485 Modbus network and also provides isolation of the communication between the UPS and the RS-485 Modbus network.

Use the Modbus RTU interface connector to wire into the two-wire network.

---

**NOTE**  The PXGMS UPS Card should be installed in the UPS prior to performing this procedure.
Figure 43. Two-wire RS-485 Modbus Network

**NOTE 1** Belden 9841 or equivalent cabling (a single twisted-pair shielded cable with ground) is recommended.

**NOTE 2** RT* - If the PXGMS UPS Card is the last device that is being attached to the RS-485 network, a 120 ohm resistor should be attached to the RxD+ and RxD- terminals of the 3-pin terminal plug (see Figure 43).

1. Remove the detachable plug from the 3-pin terminal connector (see Figure 42 on page 56).
2. Connect the RS-485 network signal TxD(+) to the RxD(+) plug connector (left connection).
3. Connect the RS-485 Network signal TxD(-) to the RxD(-) plug connector (center connection).
4. Re-seat the plug into the 3-pin terminal connector on the PXGMS UPS Card (see Figure 43).

**Configure Modbus Serial Port and Mappings**

1. Expand the **Mappings** section of the Modbus Serial configuration data display area.
2. Click the **Add** button.
3. Set the **Slave ID**.
4. Set the **Device Name** by selecting Power Expert Mini-Slot Card from the drop down menu.
5. Select the **Modbus Map** from the drop down menu.
6. Click **Apply** and **OK**.

**Access to RTU Registers**

See “Modbus Registers for TCP and RTU” on page 58 for information about accessing the Modbus registers.
Chapter 8  Modbus Registers for TCP and RTU

This chapter describes the UPS data that is available through the Modbus protocol. The UPS monitors several parameters, such as voltage, current, power, and alarms. The value of each parameter is stored in a corresponding Modbus data register.

The Power Xpert Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card provides the ability to read the Modbus data registers using either Ethernet network by using Modbus TCP/IP building management programs or the Modbus RTU RS-485 serial interface to the building management system.

Obtaining the Modbus Register Map

To view a list of the Modbus registers in your UPS:

1. Select Modbus TCP Register Maps or Modbus Serial Register Maps from the Documentation menu.
2. Select the hardware type from the Select a map to generate pull-down menu.
3. Most Modbus TCP and Modbus Serial clients automatically decrement addresses by one before using them. If your client does not alter addresses in this way, clear the Use 1-based addressing check box.
4. Click View Register Map. A dialog box opens.
5. Click Open to view or Save to save the file.

NOTE  If your Modbus program requires one-based addressing, add a one to the register addresses listed in Table 10 on page 62. For example, one-based addressing for the vendor name would be 1033 (1032 + 1). One-based addressing is the default setting for the PXGMS UPS Card.

Returning Modbus TCP Error Codes

By default, the PXGMS UPS Card returns a Modbus error code when it receives an incoming register/discrete/coil READ request for an address that is not currently valid. To improve performance in some situations, you can configure the card to disable this error response and instead return zero-filled data in all of the invalid address ranges.

To change how error codes are returned:

1. Select Modbus TCP from the configuration menu.
2. Clear the Return (vs. zeros) error on unsupported read request check box to disable the error code or select the check box to enable the error code.
3. Verify the **Timeout** setting.

   **NOTE**  The timeout setting determines how long the PXGMS UPS Card waits for a completed request message from the Master device.

4. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the setting.

---

### Returning Modbus Serial Error Codes

By default, the PXGMS UPS Card returns a Modbus error code when it receives an incoming register/discrete/coil READ request for an address that is not currently valid. To improve performance in some situations, you can configure the card to disable this error response and instead return zero-filled data in all of the invalid address ranges.

To change how error codes are returned:

1. Select **Modbus Serial** from the configuration menu.
2. Clear the **Return (vs. zeros) error on unsupported read request** check box to disable the error code or select the check box to enable the error code.
3. Verify the **Timeout** setting.

   **NOTE**  The timeout setting determines how long the PXGMS UPS Card waits for a completed request message from the Master device.

4. Set the proper **Baud** rate (default is 9600).
5. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to save the setting.

---

### Modbus Register Addressing

This section describes Modbus function codes, data formats, and data addressing.

#### Modbus Function Codes

The UPS registers are read using Modbus Function Codes (FC). For most UPS registers, FC 04 is used. For alarms, FC 02 is used. The UPS supports the following hex function codes:

**Table 8. Function Codes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FC</th>
<th>Hex</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>0x01</td>
<td>Read Coil Status</td>
<td>Supported for compatibility purposes; returns the same data as FC 02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>0x02</td>
<td>Read Discrete Inputs</td>
<td>Single input data, such as alarms and discrete contacts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>0x03</td>
<td>Read Holding Registers</td>
<td>Supported for compatibility purposes; returns the same data as FC 04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>0x04</td>
<td>Read Input Registers</td>
<td>Analog data (most string and numeric data types), such as voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>0x05</td>
<td>Write Single Coil</td>
<td>For future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>0x06</td>
<td>Write Single Register</td>
<td>For future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>0xF</td>
<td>Write Multiple Coils</td>
<td>For future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>0x10</td>
<td>Write Multiple Registers</td>
<td>For future use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Data Formats
Modbus programs usually provide an option for viewing various data types. Refer to your Modbus program documentation for detailed information on viewing data options.

A register is 16 bits (two bytes). The UPS supports the following data types:

- **STRING** – A string of ASCII characters (two per register). Consult the Size parameter to find the string’s length for a given entry (it is a multiple of two so that entries are register-aligned).
- **FLOAT** – A 32-bit IEEE754 floating point number. FLOATs are always two registers.
- **UINT** – An unsigned integer. Consult the Size parameter to find the integer’s size (in bytes) for a given entry (it is a multiple of two so that entries are register-aligned).
- **INT** – A signed integer. Consult the Size parameter to find the integer’s size (in bytes) for a given entry (it is a multiple of two so that entries are register-aligned).
- **TIME** – The TIME type (ym dh ms) consists of six bytes specifying the year, month, day, hour, minutes, and seconds. The bytes are stored in hexadecimal format. If your Modbus application displays the individual bytes in a register, view the bytes using the decimal option. Otherwise, the bytes are best viewed by displaying the two-byte register in a binary format and translating each byte to decimal.

For example, if today is May 17, 2010 and the time is 10:45 and 20 seconds, viewing each byte in decimal would yield the following data, which is viewable as the year (10), month (05), day (17), hour (10), minutes (45), and seconds (20):

```
10 05 17 10 45 20
```

See “Time or Date (FC 04)” on page 63 for more information.

- **BOOL** – A binary (Boolean) value of 0 or 1. BOOL is usually assigned to discrete input alarms.

Data Addressing
If a data type spans multiple registers (such as a FLOAT), lower addressed registers map to higher-order parts of the value. Within each register, data is in most significant bit (MSB) first format.

---

**NOTE 1**  
A Modbus register contains two bytes. Therefore, the number of registers containing the information can be obtained by dividing the bytes by two. For example, the vendor name in Table 10 on page 62 can be obtained by reading 32 Modbus registers starting at register 1032.

**NOTE 2**  
If a register is not supported in a particular device, an exception response is returned.
**UPS Modbus TCP Unit ID Numbers**

The Unit IDs associated with the Modbus registers apply to specific UPS load groups or power modules (see Table 9).

The UPS has a Unit ID of 0, 1, 247, or 255, while UPS load groups or power modules within the UPS have Unit IDs that range from 2 to 127 and 239 to 243 (for UPS load groups or power module data). Some data is available at multiple Unit IDs as a work around for address limited Modbus software products.

If there is an optional Environmental Monitoring Probe (EMP) installed, use Unit ID 246, or 254 to obtain EMP data. See “EMP (FC 04)” on page 63 for more information.

**Table 9. UPS Unit ID Numbers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit ID</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0, 1, 247, 255</td>
<td>UPS Summary Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2–127, 239–243</td>
<td>UPS Load Group or Power Module Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>244</td>
<td>NMC Modbus/JBus Card Compatible Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>245, 253</td>
<td>Modbus Card Compatible Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>246, 254</td>
<td>Environmental Monitoring Probe</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UPS Registers and Alarms**

This section contains information for the UPS Registers (FC 04) and UPS Alarms (FC 02).

**UPS Registers (FC 04)**

Table 10 provides a partial list of data registers that are available from a UPS. Not all registers may be available in your UPS or in selected UPS load groups.

To read the vendor name in the UPS, set the Modbus program to Unit ID 1 and register 1032:

- **IP**: <IP address of UPS>
- **Unit ID**: 1
- **Starting Register**: 1032
- **Number of registers**: 32
- **Function Code**: 04

The UPS returns 32 registers containing up to 64 characters. There are two ASCII characters per register, so the vendor name could be displayed as **EATON**.

To read the UPS output voltage from Phase C to Neutral, set the Modbus program to Unit ID 1 and register 4050:

- **IP**: <IP address of UPS>
- **Unit ID**: 1
- **Starting Register**: 4050
- **Number of Registers**: 2
- **Function Code**: 04

The UPS returns a floating point value of the output voltage from Phase C to Neutral (such as 120.7 volts) of the UPS at the specified IP address.
Table 10. UPS Sample Registers (FC 04)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Register</th>
<th>Discrete</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Bytes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VendorName</td>
<td>Vendor Name</td>
<td>1032</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ModelName</td>
<td>Model Name</td>
<td>1064</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iDisplayName</td>
<td>Display Name</td>
<td>1096</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iDeviceType</td>
<td>Device Type</td>
<td>1128</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iDeviceID</td>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>1192</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SerialNumber</td>
<td>Serial Number</td>
<td>1276</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SoftwareVersion</td>
<td>Software Version</td>
<td>2108</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mACVoutC</td>
<td>Vcn Output</td>
<td>4050</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mACVbypassA</td>
<td>Van Bypass</td>
<td>4058</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mACVbypassB</td>
<td>Vbn Bypass</td>
<td>4060</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mACVbypassC</td>
<td>Vcn Bypass</td>
<td>4062</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mDCVbatt</td>
<td>Battery Voltage</td>
<td>4377</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mAinA</td>
<td>linA</td>
<td>5022</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Amperes</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mAinB</td>
<td>linB</td>
<td>5024</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Amperes</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mAinC</td>
<td>linC</td>
<td>5026</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Amperes</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mAoutA</td>
<td>loutA</td>
<td>5028</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Amperes</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UPS Alarms (FC 02)

Table 11 provides a partial list of example UPS alarms. Your UPS may have different alarms. UPS alarms are not registers, but are discrete inputs and are read using FC 01 or FC 02.

The UPS monitors the condition of several parameters and can activate an alarm status if a parameter is out of range. For example, if the utility power is too high or too low, the UPS can set the Utility Out of Limits alarm.

To read the UPS On Battery alarm, set the Modbus program to Unit ID 1 and discrete address 1148:

```
IP: <IP address of UPS>
Unit ID: 1
Starting Address: 1148
Number of Addresses: 1
Function Code: 02
```

The UPS returns a BOOL value (0 or 1), indicating if the alarm is active or not active. A return value of 0 (false) indicates an inactive alarm (the utility input is within limits). A return value of 1 (true) indicates an active alarm (the utility input is out of limits).

Table 11. UPS Sample Alarms (FC 02)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Discrete</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aBuildingAlarm1</td>
<td>Building Alarm 1</td>
<td>1019</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aOutputOverload</td>
<td>Output Overload</td>
<td>1025</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aBatteryCheck</td>
<td>Check Battery</td>
<td>1137</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aUPSOnBattery</td>
<td>UPS On Battery</td>
<td>1148</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aBattDisconnected</td>
<td>Battery Disconnected</td>
<td>1162</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aSystemNoticeActive</td>
<td>System Notice Active</td>
<td>1185</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aSystemAlarmActive</td>
<td>System Alarm Active</td>
<td>1186</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aUPMAImMajorAlarm</td>
<td>Major Alarm</td>
<td>3003</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aUPMAImServiceRequired</td>
<td>Service Required</td>
<td>3005</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EMP (FC 04)

The optional EMP for the UPS can measure temperature and humidity. Because the device can be located outside the UPS, the reference is to auxiliary data. In addition, it contains two connections for monitoring the condition of auxiliary input contacts, such as a door switch. See Table 12 for a list of EMP registers.

An exception code is returned if the EMP is not installed.

To read the temperature at the UPS, set the Modbus program to Unit ID 254 and register address 12028:

IP: <IP address of UPS>
Unit ID: 254
Starting Register: 12028
Number of registers: 2
Function Code: 04

Table 12. EMP Registers (FC 04)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Register</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Bytes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Name</td>
<td>1032</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model Name</td>
<td>1064</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Name</td>
<td>1096</td>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Contact #1</td>
<td>10248</td>
<td>UINT</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Contact #2</td>
<td>10249</td>
<td>UINT</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remote Temperature</td>
<td>12028</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remote Humidity</td>
<td>12030</td>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Time or Date (FC 04)

Some UPS models support a time and/or date function. This format has a DATE data type and contains six bytes. Each byte represents the year, month, day, hour, minutes, or seconds (see page 60 for more information).

To read the UPS date and time, set the Modbus program to Unit ID 1 and register 12203:

IP: <IP address of UPS>
Unit ID: 1
Starting Register: 12203
Number of registers: 3
Function Code: 04

The UPS would return three registers containing hexadecimal data in the ym dh ms format (for example, May 17, 2007 at 10:45 and 20 seconds).

Viewing each byte in decimal would yield the following data, which is viewable as the year (07), month (05), day (17), hour (10), minutes (45), and seconds (20):
Viewing each byte as two-byte unsigned integers would yield the following data:

| 1797 | 4362 | 11540 |

Viewing each byte as binary would yield the following data:

| 00000111 00000101 00010001 00001010 00101101 00010100 |

Table 13. Time or Date Register (FC 04)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Register</th>
<th>Discrete</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Bytes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nCurrentTime</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>12203</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 9 Specifications

#### Table 14. Technical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CPU</strong></td>
<td>Freescale™ MPC8313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Memory</strong></td>
<td>128 MB RAM, 1 GB NAND Flash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Network Connections</strong></td>
<td>10/100BaseT RJ-45 Ethernet port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>USB 1.0 device port (used for initial network connection through a standard RNDIS driver)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RS-485 serial Modbus network port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UPS Protocol</strong></td>
<td>Eaton 93PM/PR series UPS communication protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Network Protocols (not limited to)</strong></td>
<td>SNMP v1 or v3 over UDP/IP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Modbus TCP/IP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Modbus RTU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HTTP/HTTPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BACnet/WS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BACnet/IP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NTP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SMTP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHCP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TCP/IP (including IPv4 and IPv6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Supported SNMP MIBs</strong></td>
<td>Powerware UPS MIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RFC 1628 UPS MIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eaton EMP MIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eaton Alarms+Traps MIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eaton Object Identifier (OID) assignments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RFC 4133 Entity MIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RFC 4268 Entity State MIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RFC 4268 Entity State MIB Part 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Temperature</strong></td>
<td>0–40°C (32–104°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Humidity</strong></td>
<td>10–80%, noncondensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power Input</strong></td>
<td>4.75–5.25 Vdc (5 Vdc nominal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power Consumption</strong></td>
<td>4.5 watts maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Size (L x W x H)</strong></td>
<td>13 cm x 6.7 cm x 4.3 cm (5.1&quot; x 2.6&quot; x 1.7&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>80 gm (2.8 oz)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EMC Statements</strong></td>
<td>Class B: FCC Part 15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 10  Service and Support

If you have any questions or problems with the Power Xpert Gateway Minislot PXGMS UPS Card, call your Local Distributor or the Help Desk at one of the following telephone numbers and ask for a PXGMS UPS Card technical representative.

United States: 1-800-843-9433, option 2, then option 5
Canada: 1-800-461-9166 ext 260
All other countries: Call your local service representative

Please have the following information ready when you call the Help Desk:

- Model number
- Serial number
- Version number (if available)
- Date of failure or problem
- Symptoms of failure or problem
- Customer return address and contact information

If repair is required, a Returned Material Authorization (RMA) Number is issued to you. This number must appear on the outside of the package and on the Bill Of Lading (if applicable). Use the original packaging or request packaging from the Help Desk or distributor. Units damaged in shipment as a result of improper packaging are not covered under warranty. A replacement or repair unit is shipped, freight prepaid for all warranted units.

**NOTE**

For critical applications, immediate replacement may be available. Call the Help Desk for the dealer or distributor nearest you.