## Contents

1 EATON NETWORK SOLUTION 6

1.1 General Presentation 6
  1.1.1 Connecting the UPS to the Ethernet network 7
  1.1.2 Protection of the computers/servers 7
  1.1.3 Supervision of the UPSs over the network 8
  1.1.4 Connection 8

1.2 Presentation of the Network Management Card (NMC) 10
  1.2.1 Compatibility with UPSs 10
  1.2.2 Direct sending of E-mail 11
  1.2.3 Sending text messages (SMS) 11
  1.2.4 Compatibility with the Network Management Systems (NMS) – Trap sending 11
  1.2.5 Environment Sensor (option) 11

1.3 Technical data 12
  1.3.1 Hardware characteristics 12
  1.3.2 EMC Compatibility 12
  1.3.3 Configuration 12
  1.3.4 Administration 13
  1.3.5 Network 13
  1.3.6 Environment sensor 14
  1.3.7 MIB (Management Information Base) 14
  1.3.8 Default parameters 15

2 INSTALLATION 17

2.1 Unpacking and check on contents 17

2.2 Indications 17

2.3 Installation in the UPS 18

2.4 Sensor installation (option) 19

3 Configuration 20

3.1 Configure IP parameters 20
  3.1.1 Your network is equipped with a DHCPv4 server 21
  3.1.2 Your network is not equipped with a DHCPv4 server 22
  3.1.3 IPv6 Parameters 22

3.2 Test after configuration 22

4 Supervision and administration by browser 23

4.1 Optimising the performance of your browser 23

4.2 UPS 24
  4.2.1 UPS properties page 24
## Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.2.2</td>
<td>On-line help</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.3</td>
<td>Logging In</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.4</td>
<td>UPS control</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.5</td>
<td>UPS weekly schedule programming</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.6</td>
<td>Shutdown parameters</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.7</td>
<td>Measurements</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.8</td>
<td>Event log</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.9</td>
<td>System log</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>Notification</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.1</td>
<td>Email Notification</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.2</td>
<td>E-mail Message Settings</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.1</td>
<td>Network settings</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.2</td>
<td>RADIUS</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.3</td>
<td>LDAP</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.4</td>
<td>System</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.5</td>
<td>Notified Applications</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.6</td>
<td>Central shutdown configuration</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.7</td>
<td>Access control</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.8</td>
<td>SNMP Setting</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.9</td>
<td>Date and time</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.10</td>
<td>Firmware upload</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>Environment Sensor (option)</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.1</td>
<td>Characteristics</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.2</td>
<td>Environment Status</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.3</td>
<td>Environment Settings</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.4</td>
<td>Log</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Server Protection</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>Set-up of the shutdown parameters</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1.1</td>
<td>Shutdown criteria managed by the Network Management Card</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1.2</td>
<td>Controlled outlets</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1.3</td>
<td>Protection of a server connected to a controlled outlet</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>The different server and UPS shutdown sequences</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2.1</td>
<td>Extended power outage, shutdown initiated by the Shutdown Timer (Shutdown after)</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2.2</td>
<td>Extended power outage, shutdown initiated by the “Low battery power” message</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2.3</td>
<td>Case of power restoration before the end of the “shutdown duration” counter</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>Shutdown management with 2 NMC boards</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3.1</td>
<td>Shutdown Duration</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3.2</td>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Telnet/SSH/CLI Interfaces</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.1 INTRODUCTION

### 6.2 SETTINGS LIST

- **6.2.1 Network settings**
- **6.2.2 System settings**
- **6.2.3 Trap receivers**
- **6.2.4 Access control**
- **6.2.5 Shutdown settings**
- **6.2.6 Authentication settings**
- **6.2.7 RADIUS settings**
- **6.2.8 LDAP settings**
- **6.2.9 SNMP settings**
- **6.2.10 Date and time**
- **6.2.11 Environment settings**

### 6.3 MENU INTERFACE

- **6.3.1 Tree description**
- **6.3.2 Main menu**
- **6.3.3 Reset item**
- **6.3.4 Network menu**
- **6.3.5 Trap receivers menu**
- **6.3.6 System menu**
- **6.3.7 Shutdown menu**
- **6.3.8 Access Control menu**
- **6.3.9 Date and time menu**
- **6.3.10 Environment menu**
- **6.3.11 Authentication settings**
- **6.3.12 Return to default Login/Password**
- **6.3.13 Return to default configuration**

### 6.4 COMMAND LINE INTERFACE

- **6.4.1 Generic command**
- **6.4.2 Network settings**
- **6.4.3 Trap receivers**
- **6.4.4 System settings**
- **6.4.5 Shutdown settings**
- **6.4.6 Access control settings**
- **6.4.7 Authentication settings**
- **6.4.8 Date and time settings**
- **6.4.9 Environment settings**

### 6.5 CONSTRAINTS/LIMITATIONS

### 7 CONFIGURATION VIA RS232

- **7.1 CHOICE 1: RESTART / RESET**
7.2 **CHOICE 2: NETWORK CONFIGURATION**

7.2.1 Choice 1: Read IPv4&IPv6 Network settings

7.2.2 Choice 2: Modify IPv4 Network settings

7.2.3 Choice 3: Set Ethernet speed

7.3 **CHOICE 3: LOST PASSWORD / SET LOGIN PASSWORD TO DEFAULT**

7.4 **CHOICE 4: RETURN TO DEFAULT CONFIGURATION**

8 **APPENDIX**

8.1 **TABLES OF ALARMS AND EVENTS**

8.1.1 Table of alarms

8.1.2 Table of UPS events

8.1.3 Table of system alarms

8.2 **SNMP OBJECTS**

8.2.1 IETF MIB

8.2.2 EATON Pulsar MIB (ex MGE)

8.2.3 TRAPS table: (1.3.6.1.4.1.705.1.11)

8.2.4 EATON Powerware MIB

8.3 **AUTHENTICATION CONFIGURATION EXAMPLE**

8.3.1 RADIUS

8.3.2 LDAP

9 **GLOSSARY**
1 EATON Network Solution

1.1 General Presentation

EATON Network Solution:

- Provides information on events concerning the supply of power to the computers connected to your network,
- Carries out automatic shutdown of computer systems,
- Monitors and controls all the UPSs connected to the network.

EATON Network Solution provides 3 main functions:

- Supervision of the UPSs over the Network: Web browser, Intelligent Power Manager, or SNMP Network Management System (NMS).
- Protection of the computers (multi-platform) with Intelligent Power Protector
- Connexion of the UPS to the Network.
1.1.1 Connecting the UPS to the Ethernet network

This function can be performed through network Cards inserted in the UPS (Network Management Card). Also a software "agent" running on a nearby PC that is called the IPP Shutdown controller feature can be used. IPP Shutdown controller feature allows USB or Serial connected UPS to be seen on the network through the PC.

The Network Management Card or Shutdown Controller:

- Manages communication with the UPS (as well as local protection of the machine on which Proxy is installed).
- Periodically accesses the information concerning the UPS.
- Makes this information available to the connected applications (Intelligent Power Protector, Web Browser, Network Management Systems, Intelligent Power Manager).
- Sends notifications on certain events.

Operation may be in standard secure mode (the default mode) or in SSL secured mode (Secure Socket Layer SSL).

1.1.2 Protection of the computers/servers

This function is performed by Intelligent Power Protector installed on each of the computers to be protected. Note that Intelligent Power Protector are available on several Operating Systems.

Protection applications:

- Continuously gets information from the Network Management Card/Proxy connected to the UPS.
- Warns administrators and users if AC power fails and proceeds to a graceful system shutdown before the end of battery backup power is reached.
1.1.3 Supervision of the UPSs over the network

Depending on your needs, you can either use:

- Internet browser to monitor each UPS, as IPP Shutdown Controller and Management Card includes a Web server
- Company’s standard Network Management System (HP-Openview, CA Unicenter, HP Insight Manager, IBM Tivoli Netview)
  To simplify integration of EATON UPSs, use one of the Network Management System Kits for EATON devices. These kits are available on the Software Suite CD-ROM or on the [http://powerquality.eaton.com](http://powerquality.eaton.com) website.
- The supervisor "Intelligent Power Manager".

![Network Solution Diagram]

1.1.4 Connection

Before installing the Network Solution, the UPS must be set up as indicated in the steps below.

Shut down the computers to be protected by the UPS.

Connect the UPS to a wall outlet. (For UPSs above 3kVA, please refer to the UPS installation manual).

Connect the power cord of each computer to an outlet on the UPS. (For more details, please refer to the UPS installation manual)
1.1.4.1 How to connect UPS / agent / network:

Insert the optional NMC communication card in the UPS and connect the UPS to the computer network. Start the UPS, then the computers.

1.1.4.2 Setting up the protection:

Set up the Network Management Card (see user manual). Install and configure the protection application on all machines that are to be protected by the UPS:

- Intelligent Power Protector for EATON Pulsar series UPS: The software components for each platform and the user manuals are on the Software Suite CD or available at http://powerquality.eaton.com
1.2 Presentation of the Network Management Card (NMC)

1.2.1 Compatibility with UPSs

The Minislot Network Management Card is compatible with the UPS listed into the compatibility list:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UPS Model</th>
<th>Technical Level</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar MX All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MX, MX frame All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar M 2200 / 3000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar 700 / 1000 / 1500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EX 700 / 1000 / 1500 / 2200 / 3000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evolution 650 / 850 / 1150 / 1550 / 2000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evolution S 1250 / 1750 / 2500 / 3000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar Evolution 500 / 800 / 1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level 06 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar Evolution 2200 / 3000</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level 05 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar Evolution 1500</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level 05 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXtreme C 700 / 1000 / 1500</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level B2 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXtreme C 2200 - 3200</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level 02 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar EX 700 / 1000 / 1500 RT (US°)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level 03 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsar EX 2200 / 3200 (US°)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Technical level 09 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EX 5 / 7 / 11 RT</td>
<td></td>
<td>Equiped with Minislot port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powerware 5130 All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9120 All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9130 All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9135 All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9170 All models</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9E 20000 / 30000 / 40000 / 60000 / 80000 / 100000 / 120000 / 160000 / 200000</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9P 50000 / 100000 / 150000 / 200000</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5PX 1000 / 1500 / 2000 / 2200 / 3000</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5P 550 / 650 / 750 / 850 / 1000 / 1150 / 1500 / 1550 / 2200 / 3000</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93PM 50 / 100 / 150 / 200 / 250 / 300 / 350 / 400 / 450 / 500 / 550 / 600 / 650 / 700 / 750</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9SX 5000 / 6000 / 8000 / 11000</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9PX 5000 / 6000 / 8000 / 11000</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9PX 6000 SP / 8000 SP / 10000 SP</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9PX 6000i 3:1 / 8000i 3:1 / 11000i 3:1</td>
<td>All models</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Network Management Card acquires information regarding the operation status of the UPS systems and provides remote control of the system through the ETHERNET network from any SNMP administration station or Web browser.
NMC also supplies alarms to the Intelligent Power Protector in order to trigger shutdowns or manage other automatic actions on protected servers.

1.2.2 Direct sending of E-mail

When a UPS event occurs, the Network Management Card can directly notify up to 4 addresses by e-mail. (see E-mail Notification and E-mail message settings).

1.2.3 Sending text messages (SMS)

SMS notification requires the use of a third-party application that converts emails to SMS. The card offers the possibility of redirecting UPS alarms to an e-mail server. The format of these e-mails is compatible with mobile telephone e-mail/SMS transfer systems proposed by ISPs. The format to be used depends on the service provider.

1.2.4 Compatibility with the Network Management Systems (NMS) – Trap sending

The Network Management Cards are compatible with the major Network Management Systems (IBM Tivoli, CA Unicenter, HP Insight Manager). The Software Suite offering includes the necessary SNMP plug-ins to allow an easy integration in the NMS. Events are notified by SNMP trap.

- NMS can subscribe on page “Notified Applications”
- The trap list is given in the appendix.

1.2.5 Environment Sensor (option)

The optional Environment Sensor (EMP) solution can be connected to the Card Settings port of the Network Management Cards. Environment Sensor enables measurement of temperature and humidity around the UPS, allows managing external alarms via 2 dry contacts and notification of alarms according to pre-programmed thresholds. (see Environment Status and Environment Configuration)
1.3 Technical data

1.3.1 Hardware characteristics

Dimensions
- Dimensions (L x l x H) 132 x 66 x 42 mm
- Weight (gr) 70 g

Storage
- Storage temperature -10 °C to 70 °C

Ambient conditions
- Operating temperature 0 °C to 40 °C
- Ambient humidity 90 % RH max without condensation
- ROHS 100 % compatible

1.3.2 EMC Compatibility

When correctly installed and used in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions, the Network Management Card complies with the following standards:
- Safety for ATI: IEC/EN 60950-1 2005

As per European directives:
- EMC: 89/336/EEC and 93/68/EEC.

1.3.3 Configuration

- The NMC Card can be easily installed while the UPS is online, maintaining the highest system availability

The user can configure the card with one of the following means:
- Web browser
- Telnet/SSH/CLI
- Local serial link (network parameters)
- BOOTP/DHCP (network parameters).
1.3.4 Administration

- NEW features:
  - External User Authentication from RADIUS or LDAP
  - Up to 35 workstations (in TCP connected mode) or up to 100 (in UDP broadcasted mode) protected by Intelligent Power Protector.
  - Up to 5 browsers connected at the same time (3 in SSL).
  - Minimum recommended browser versions: Internet Explorer 8, Mozilla Firefox 3.6, Chrome.
  - E-mail sending configurable according to UPS alarms and transmission of a periodical report.
  - Control of UPS on/off switching via the HTML interface.
  - Adjustment and control of PowerShare outlets via the HTML interface, sequential starting of the installation and optimisation of backup time by shutting down non-priority systems.
  - Automatic data and time adjustment via NTP server.
  - Protection by encrypted password.
  - Protection by secure SSL connection.
  - Backup logs in the non-volatile memory.
  - On-line help in English available for each page.
  - Card firmware update via the network.
  - Card Mass settings via the network with Intelligent Power Manager.
  - Firmware Mass Upgrade via the network with Intelligent Power Manager.
  - Ability to change the SMTP, SNMP and TRAP ports.

1.3.5 Network

Fast ETHERNET 10/100 Mbits compatibility with auto-negotiation on the RJ45 outlet.
Compatible with 1Gbits networks in 100 Mbits mode

1.3.5.1 List of ports used

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protocol</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Port Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SSH</td>
<td>in</td>
<td>TCP</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TELNET</td>
<td>in</td>
<td>TCP</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMTP</td>
<td>out</td>
<td>TCP</td>
<td>25*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTML</td>
<td>out</td>
<td>TCP</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>in/out</td>
<td>UDP</td>
<td>68, 67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootP, DHCP</td>
<td>in/out</td>
<td>UDP</td>
<td>68, 67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP V1 &amp; V3</td>
<td>in/out</td>
<td>UDP</td>
<td>161*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRAP SNMP</td>
<td>in/out</td>
<td>UDP</td>
<td>162*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSL</td>
<td>out</td>
<td>TCP</td>
<td>443</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IPP in connected mode in/out TCP 5000
IPP in UDP broadcast mode in/out UDP 4679, 4680R
RADIUS out UDP 1812*
LDAP out TCP 389*

* These ports can be changed by the user, the values shown are the defaults defined by the standards.

1.3.6 Environment sensor

- Temperature measurement from 0 to 70 °C with +/- 1 °C accuracy.
- Measurement of humidity from 0 to 100 % with +/- 6 % accuracy.
- Min / max time-stamped function for temperature and humidity.
- Choice of temperature readings in Celsius or Fahrenheit.
- High and low thresholds, hysteresis and offset adjustable via Web interface.
- Possibility of notification of status changes by e-mail, SMS or SNMP trap.
  SMS notification requires the use of a third-party application that converts emails to SMS.
- Position detection of 2 dry contacts (maximum sensor/contact distance: 20 m).
- Name and status of each configurable contact.
- Recording of events and measurements in the card log
- Possibility of shutting down the installation in the event of a threshold being exceeded or on opening / closure of a dry contact
- Connection to the card with straight shielded CAT5 RJ45 network cables (maximum card/sensor distance: 10 m)

1.3.7 MIB (Management Information Base)

- The card is Compatible with following MIBs:
  - MIB II (RFC 1213)
  - Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Standard UPS MIB (RFC 1628)
  - EATON Pulsar MIB (ex MGE) V1.7
  - EATON Powerware MIB (PowerMib)
  - 
  - See the appendix Chapter
### 1.3.8 Default parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Possible value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Network</strong></td>
<td>IP address</td>
<td>192.168.1.2</td>
<td>Network IP address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subnet mask</td>
<td>255.255.0.0</td>
<td>Network IP address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gateway Address</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
<td>Network IP address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BOOTP/DHCP</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Active / Deactivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IPv6 Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Active / Deactivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IPv6 Auto Config Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Active / Deactivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Firmware Upload</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Active / Deactivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SMTP server</td>
<td>smtpserver</td>
<td>49 characters maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Port</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>1 to 65535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RADIUS</strong></td>
<td>Port</td>
<td>1812</td>
<td>1 to 65535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time Out</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1 to 9999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Retry Number</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1 to 9999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LDAP</strong></td>
<td>Authentication Mechanism</td>
<td>Simple</td>
<td>Simple or by digest MD5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>User Search</td>
<td>Anonymous</td>
<td>Anonymous or by a dedicated LDAP user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Authorization Mode</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None/by attribute/by group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Port</td>
<td>389</td>
<td>1 to 65535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>System</strong></td>
<td>UPS Contact</td>
<td>Computer Room Manager</td>
<td>49 characters maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UPS Location</td>
<td>Computer Room</td>
<td>31 characters maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>History log interval (sec.)</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>10 to 9999 sec.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Environment log interval (sec.)</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>10 to 9999 sec.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default Language</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>English / French / Spanish / German / Italian / Chinese / Traditional / Chinese / Simplified / Japanese / Portuguese / Russian / Korean / Czech</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Notified Application table</strong></td>
<td>User name</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>10 characters maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Password</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>10 characters maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telnet access enabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Enabled/Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telnet security enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled/Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Console interface</td>
<td>Menu</td>
<td>Menu/CLI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>External Authentication</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Authentication Order</td>
<td>Local First, then External</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Session duration without activity</td>
<td>300 seconds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum sessions duration</td>
<td>9999 seconds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SNMP</strong></td>
<td>Community name read</td>
<td>public</td>
<td>32 characters maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP port</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>1 to 65535</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trap port</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>1 to 65535</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP Version</td>
<td>V1&amp;V3</td>
<td>Disabled, V1, V3, V1&amp;V3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read-Only User</td>
<td>readuser</td>
<td>1 character minimum, 32 characters maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read-Only Security Level</td>
<td>Authentification</td>
<td>None, Authentification, Authentification&amp;Privacy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read-Only Password</td>
<td>readuser</td>
<td>8 characters minimum, 24 characters maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read-Write User</td>
<td>writeuser</td>
<td>1 character minimum, 32 characters maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read-Write Security Level</td>
<td>Authentification&amp;Privacy</td>
<td>None, Authentification, Authentification&amp;Privacy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read-Write Password</td>
<td>writeuser</td>
<td>8 characters minimum, 24 characters maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification Username</td>
<td>notifuser</td>
<td>8 characters minimum, 24 characters maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Date and time</strong></th>
<th>Date and time adjustment</th>
<th>Accept automatic update from IPP or IPM</th>
<th>Synchronise with an NTP server</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTP server</td>
<td>ntpserver</td>
<td>Accept automatic update from NSM or EPM</td>
<td>Synchronise manually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>49 characters maximum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Serial link</strong></th>
<th>Speed</th>
<th>9600 baud</th>
<th>Not configurable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data bits</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Not configurable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stop bits</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Not configurable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Parity</td>
<td>without</td>
<td>Not configurable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flow control</td>
<td>without</td>
<td>Not configurable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Installation

2.1 Unpacking and check on contents

The installation kit contents:

- A Network Management Card (Network-MS)
- A serial communication cable for configuration (720-C2270-00)
- Installation manual (34003905)

2.2 Indications

1. Ethernet Port (10/100BaseT)
2. ACT LED (green)
3. 100M LED (orange)
4. Settings/Sensor Port
5. UPS Data LED (green)
6. RS232 LED (orange)
Ethernet Port

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACT</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>• Off</td>
<td>• Card not connected to the network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• On</td>
<td>• Card connected to the network but without activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Flashing</td>
<td>• Port is active in receiving / transmission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100M</td>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>• Off</td>
<td>• Port operating at 10Mbits/s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• On</td>
<td>• Port operating at 100Mbits/s.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Settings/Sensor Port

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UPS Data</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>• Off</td>
<td>• Card startup in progress.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• On</td>
<td>• Communication with UPS in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Flashing</td>
<td>• Normal operation. Communication with the UPS is operational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RS232</td>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>• Off</td>
<td>• Configuration menu is active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• On</td>
<td>• Normal operation. Configuration menu is deactivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Flashing</td>
<td>• Communication with the Environment Sensor (option).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.3 Installation in the UPS

The Network Management Card (Network-MS) is "hot-swappable". It can be installed in all UPSs of the EATON Pulsar series or EATON Powerware series equipped with a Minislot without having to shut it down.

- On the UPS, remove the cover from the Minislot

- Insert and tighten the card's retaining screws
- Connect the ETHERNET cable
- Wait 2min 30s. The card is completely operational when the green UPS Data LED flashes continuously.
2.4 Sensor installation (option)

The Environment sensor is available as an option for the Network Management Card and is available from EATON (EMP).

The sensor allows remote monitoring of the UPS's environment through regular measurements: temperature, humidity, status of two external contacts. It also enables notification of alarms (e-mail, trap SNMP) according to pre-programmed thresholds.

It is connected to the Service port (Settings/Sensor) directly on the Network Management Card with a standard Ethernet cable (10 meters maximum).

Recognition is automatic. Supervision and configuration are performed via a menu that can be accessed directly from the home page.
3 Configuration

3.1 Configure IP parameters

Once the card has started:
Connect one end of the cable (34003918) to the Service port.
Connect the other end of the cable to the COM port (IOIOI) of a PC.
Launch a HyperTerminal™ type emulator with the following configuration:
  Speed: 9600
  Data bits: 8
  Parity: none
  Stop bits: 1
  Flow control: none
  "Locally reproduce the characters entered" option: deactivated.

Enter admin. The main menu is displayed:

```
EATON
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD

1 : Reset
2 : Network configuration
3 : Set Login Password to Default
4 : Return to Default Configuration
0 : Exit
```

---
3.1.1 Your network is equipped with a DHCPv4 server

The card is configured by default with this service activated.
The card automatically collects IP parameters.
To know the IP parameters, type 2, the next menu is displayed:

```
Network settings
1 : Read Network settings
2 : Modify Network settings
3 : Set Ethernet speed
0 : Exit
```

Then type 1. The menu is displayed:

```
Network configuration :
MAC address : 00:20:85:FD:1C:07
Mode : Static IP
IP address : xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Subnet mask : xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Gateway : xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Link Local IPv6 address : xxxx::xxxx::xxxx::xxxx /xx
Global IPv6 address : xxxx::xxxx::xxxx::xxxx::xxxx /xx
Global IPv6 address : xxxx::xxxx::xxxx::xxxx::xxxx /xx
```

Note the IP address.
The IPv6 parameters are only read only.
To exit, enter 0 then 0. The card is operational.

**Note:** As long as the card is not connected to the network, it continuously attempts to make connection. Once the connection has been established, the operational mode presented in the table above becomes effective.
3.1.2 Your network is not equipped with a DHCPv4 server

In the main menu enter 2, then 2 again. The menu is displayed:
Follow the instructions and enter the static IP parameters.
At the end of the menu, wait for the "Done" message to be displayed indicating that the IP parameters have been saved.

---------------------------------------------------------------
Network settings
---------------------------------------------------------------
  1 : Read Network settings
  2 : Modify Network settings
  3 : Set Ethernet speed
  0 : Exit
---------------------------------------------------------------

For each of the following questions, you can press <Return> to select the value shown in braces, or you can enter a new value.
Should this target obtain IP settings from the network?
[N] N
Static IP address [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]? xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Static IP address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Subnet Mask [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]? xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Subnet Mask is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Gateway IP address [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]? xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Gateway IP address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Wait during your new configuration is saved ...

Reset the card to take into account the new configuration.

Return to the main menu and enter 1 then 2.
The card restarts with the new IP parameters.

3.1.3 IPv6 Parameters

The IPv6 parameters are read only through the serial line configuration menu. If IPv6 is enabled, all IPv6 addresses of the card can be read from the HyperTerminal™. The "Your network is equipped with a DHCPv4 server" chapter describes the steps to follow to display this addresses.

3.2 Test after configuration

To check that the Network Management Card is operational after installation and configuration:
- From a station connected to the same subnet as the card, open a web browser and enter the IP address of the card in the address field
- Check the display of the home page.
4 Supervision and administration by browser

- On a computer equipped with a Web browser (Internet Explorer, FireFox, Google chrome or Opera recommended), enter the address initialised previously in the Installation chapter.
- The "UPS properties" home page is displayed.

4.1 Optimising the performance of your browser

- To view status changes on the UPS in real time, the browser must be configured so that it automatically refreshes all the objects on the current page.
  
  Example on IE 8: Tools / Internet Options / General / Parameters menu, tick Every time this page is visited and validate.
4.2 UPS

4.2.1 UPS properties page

- Essential information about the UPS status is available on the UPS Properties page (see Figure), which refreshes automatically every ten seconds.
- The UPS Properties page shows an image and generic name of the UPS range. You can customize Computer Room to name the location of your system (see “System Settings”).
- An animated diagram displays for online UPSs showing an overview of the current UPS operating mode.
4.2.1.1 UPS status icons.

The various icons showing the status of the UPS are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✅</td>
<td>Normal operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚨</td>
<td>Alarm present. This icon links directly to the alarm page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Loss of communication with the UPS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Animated synoptic:** An animated synoptic gives a global overview of the UPS current operating mode. This synoptic is available on all On-Line UPS. The synoptic drawing depends on the UPS topology. The different drawings are described in the table below.

**Note:** In case of loss of communication with the UPS, all the elements of the synoptic are grey.

The various elements of the synoptic are the following ones:

- **AC Normal Input:**
  - Green: In tolerances
  - Gray: Out of tolerances
- **AC Normal Flow:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>AC to DC converter powered by AC Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>AC to DC converter not powered by AC Normal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **AC to DC Converter:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Powered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Not powered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Internal failure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Battery:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Remaining capacity &gt; 50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>Remaining capacity &lt; 50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Low battery when UPS is on Battery Battery to be checked (battery test result)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Battery Output Flow:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>DC to AC converter powered by battery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>DC to AC converter not powered by battery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **DC to AC Converter Input flow:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Energy flow present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>No energy flow</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- **DC to AC Converter:**
  - Green: Powered
  - Gray: Not powered
  - Red: Internal failure

- **DC to AC Converter Output:**
  - Yellow: Energy flow present
  - Gray: No energy flow

- **AC Bypass Input:**
  - Green: In tolerances
  - Red: Out of tolerances

- **AC Automatic Bypass Flow:**
  - Yellow: Energy flow present
  - Gray: No energy flow

- **AC Automatic Bypass Status:**
  - Green: Powered
  - Gray: Not powered
  - Red: Internal failure

- **AC Manual Bypass Flow:**
  - Yellow: Energy flow present
  - Gray: No energy flow

- **AC Manual Bypass Status:**
  - Green / Gray: Open
  - Red / Yellow: Closed
- **AC Output Flow:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Energy flow present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>No energy flow (or Load = 0%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **AC Output:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Load protected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Load not protected</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- UPS measurements:

Place the cursor over an element in the diagram to display the UPS measurement detail (see Figure). These measurements are available for Input, Battery, Output, and Bypass mode. The available measurements depend on the UPS range.
4.2.1.2 UPS status

- **Active sources**: (available on parallel or modular UPS)
  
  \[x \text{ UPS} + y \text{ UPS redundant}\]: \(x\) indicates the minimal number of UPS necessary to power the load, \(y\) indicates the number of UPS in redundancy.

  An alarm can be generated if the number of UPS in redundancy is less than a configurable threshold. See UPS modules section.

- **Power source**: indicates whether the power comes from the utility or from the UPS battery
- **Output load level**: indicates the power percentage used at UPS output
- **Output**: indicates if the different UPS outputs are protected.
- **Master**: indicates if the UPS main output is protected
- **Group1** and **Group2**: indicates if the controlled outlets (if available) are powered.

The various icons showing the status of the UPS outputs are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![green outlet]</td>
<td>Outlet powered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![red outlet]</td>
<td>Outlet not powered or not protected</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Battery Information:

- **Battery load level**: remaining battery charge (in percent).

  The information is completed with the 3 following labels:
  - **Charging**: if the utility power is present and the battery charge is in progress.
  - **Discharging**: if the UPS operates on battery.
  - **Fault**: if the battery is faulty.

- **Remaining backup time**: Estimation of the battery's maximum backup time remaining before UPS shutdown

- **Battery status**: Result of the last automatic battery test carried out by the UPS

  Possible values are:
  - **OK**: the test was completed correctly.
  - **NOK**: the battery needs to be checked.
  - **Deactivated**: the automatic battery test is not validated on the UPS.
4.2.1.3 Viewing the modules (Only with Eaton MX Frame UPS)

- Click on **UPS Modules** scroll list to view the information about the UPS modules.

  - **Active sources:**
    
    x UPS + y UPS redundant : x indicates the minimal number of UPS necessary to power the load, y indicates the number of UPS in redundancy.

    The addition of these 2 values is the total number of available UPS.

  - **The Minimum redundant UPS modules to trigger alarm** can be configured from this page. The button **Save** makes the card setting the parameter into the UPS. A warning message informs the user about the consequences of this parameters modification.

    The redundancy lost can generate Email notification (if set in the email notification page) and SNMP trap. It can also be used by IPP for server protection criteria.

  - **The Module Nr** gives the location of the module in the UPS.
- The Status can take the next forms:
  - ![box](image) when the module is working properly with no alarm.
  - ![alert](image) when the module has at least one alarm (level Warning) active.
  - ![critical](image) when the module has at least one alarm (level Critical) active.
  - ![communication](image) when the module has a communication fault.

When the module is working properly with no alarms, the icon is not reactive, otherwise it is reactive and clicking on it makes the page Alarm Table appear.

- Output load level: Value of the percentage of load at module output
- Battery load level: Percentage of charge available in the battery module
4.2.1.4 Viewing the power usage

Click on **Power usage** scroll list to view the information about the consumptions.

- **Average power usage**: indicates the average consumption on the last hour of each output. The sum of these 3 consumptions is also given.
- **Cumulative power usage**: indicates the consumption cumulated of each output since the last reset. The sum of these 3 consumptions is also given.

**Note**: The consumptions are only available with UPS Eaton 5PX, 5P, 9PX and 9P. The consumption of each output is only available with UPS Eaton 5PX and 5P.

The displaying is the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power Usage</th>
<th>Average power usage</th>
<th>Cumulative power usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Master</td>
<td>0 Wh</td>
<td>0.00 kWh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2012/09/14 06:51:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group1</td>
<td>0 Wh</td>
<td>0.00 kWh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2012/09/14 06:51:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group2</td>
<td>0 Wh</td>
<td>0.00 kWh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2012/09/14 06:51:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0 Wh</td>
<td>0.00 kWh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2012/09/14 06:51:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The consumptions are only available with UPS Eaton 5PX, 5P, 9PX and 9P. The consumption of each output is only available with UPS Eaton 5PX and 5P.
4.2.1.5 Viewing the alarms

Click on “Alarm Table” scroll list to view the list of current alarms. The table of managed alarms is included in the appendix.

The level of the alarms appears like below:

- Critical
- Warning
- Unknown

- Alarm table for standard UPS:
- Alarm table for modular UPS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm Time</th>
<th>Alarm Description</th>
<th>Severity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12/30/2021 00:00:00</td>
<td>Load not protected - On Automatic Bypass</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.2.1.6  Viewing the “About your UPS” page

Click on **About your UPS** scroll list to view the information about the UPS and the card.

![About your UPS page](image)

**Powerware 9130 700 - Computer Room**

- **UPS Properties**
  - **About your UPS**
    - **UPS Name**: Powerware 9130 700
    - **UPS Part Number**: 103004433-601
    - **UPS Serial Number**: 0801714058
    - **UPS Technical Level**: unknown
    - **System Technical Level / Powerware Revision**: 1.20

- **Network Management Card**
  - **Card Firmware revision**: JA
  - **Card Commercial Reference**: Network MS
  - **Card Technical Level**: 15
  - **Card Revision**: HE
  - **Card Serial Number**: 301202032
  - **Card Ethernet Mac Address**: 00:26:EC:70:59:32
  - **Card Ethernet Speed**: 10/100 Mbps
  - **System Clock Frequency**: 55 MHz
4.2.2 On-line help

On-line contextual help in English is available at the top of each page by clicking on the Help link, which is always located on the top right corner. The navigation menu of the on-line help is identical to that of the card’s pages.

The Help page always opens a new window.

---

**UPS Properties Help**

The UPS Properties page is the default page and displays the basic status of the UPS.

At the top of the page, the UPS is identified: name, model, and location.

The symbol that displays above the UPS image indicates the UPS status.

- **Green**: No active alarm
- **Red**: Active alarm present

Electric diagram of the UPS displays the main parts of the UPS and shows the electrical flow that powers the load.

Note: the electric diagram is not available for a line-interactive UPS.

The second segment of the page refreshes every 10 seconds and displays information determined by your selection in the combobox:

**UPS Status** selects the main status of the UPS.

**Active sources** shows the current use of a modular UPS, the notation UPS = y UPS module signifies the number of modules necessary to power the load, y is the number of redundant modules.

**Power source** shows where the power originates.

**Output load level** displays the load level.

**Output** displays the status and the average consumption on the last hour (only available with UPS Eaton 9P) of all UPS outputs.

**UPS Modules** selects the status of the modules of the UPS, available only for modular UPS.

Each module of the UPS has static information such as serial number, or dynamic information such as the global status shown with an alarm icon and also the percent load and battery level.

**UPS Alarms** displays all the active alarms present on the UPS.

**Power Usage** displays information related to UPS consumption (in Wh or kWh). For each parameter, the user is allowed to reset the timestamp.

**Average Power Usage** displays the average power usage in Wh. If available, this information is provided for each output and also summed over all outputs.

**Cumulative power usage** displays the cumulative power usage in kWh, since the last reset. If available, this information is provided for each output and also summed over all outputs. The user is allowed to reset the timestamp.

**About your UPS** displays all the static informations identifying the UPS and the NMC card.
4.2.3 Logging In

By default, the user name and password are both admin for the local account (see Figure). If an external authentication is used, the username and password will be those defined in LDAP or RADIUS authentication depending on the type chosen.

Both the user name and password fields accept up to a maximum of ten characters. After five minutes have elapsed, or if the browser is closed and reopened, you must re-enter the user name and password. An error in either field results in rejection of the requested action (such as save, page access, or card reboot). After three unsuccessful login attempts, you must refresh the browser. Both the user name and password fields are encrypted with an MD5 type algorithm, ensuring total security.

See "Set Login Password to Default" to reset the password (from RS232 serial link).
4.2.4 UPS control

NOTE: If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.

UPS configuration may prevent the shutdown and restart commands from being properly run. Read the UPS user manual for more information.

This page enables triggering of startup and shutdown sequences for the UPS main output and controlled outlets.

- The status of each output is displayed by a symbol associated with the Off label (red symbol) or On (green symbol).
- The shutdown sequences take into account the time required for the registered servers to shut down without losing data (see shutdown parameters).
- The main outlet has priority over the controlled outlets. Shutdown of the main outlet causes the controlled outlets to shut down. Controlled outlets can only be started if the master outlet is on.

The system proposes six different commands, and a command is only actually started after clicking on Execute:

- **Safe power down**: A sequence to switch off output power is launched immediately. The systems supplied are shut down correctly while the shutdown sequence is running, then the output is cut.
- **Safe power down & reboot**: A sequence to switch off then restore output power is launched immediately. The powered systems are shut down correctly during the shutdown sequence, then the output is switched off.
- Finally, the restart sequence is launched at the end of the time delay specified in the "Toggle duration" parameter. The output status is updated.
- **Immediate On**: A sequence to switch on output power is launched immediately. The output is re-powered and the systems supplied start up correctly.
- **Delayed, safe power down**: This is the same switch off sequence as for the "Safe power down" command, but postponed by the number of seconds programmed in the "Off Delay" parameter.
- **Delayed, safe power down & reboot**: This is the same switch off then on sequence as for the "Safe power down & reboot" command, but postponed by the number of seconds programmed in the "Off Delay" parameter.
- **Delayed On**: This is the same switch on sequence as for the "Immediate On" command, but postponed by the number of seconds programmed in the "On Delay" parameter.

The **Save** button saves the Off Delay, Toggle duration and On Delay parameters on the card.
4.2.5 UPS weekly schedule programming

Click on the Weekly schedule section of the menu.

**NOTE** If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.

UPS configuration may prevent the shutdown and restart commands from being properly run. Read the UPS user manual for more information.

The weekly schedule enables the administrator to optimise power consumption or program a reboot of the protected equipment at a set time.

In a shutdown sequence, the **Intelligent Power Protector** connected to the card are informed and ensure that each machine is shut down correctly before the UPS output is switched off. Up to 7 UPS shutdown sequences can be programmed in one week, with a minimum shutdown delay of 30 minutes.

The On / Off sequences are valid only if the card's time has been properly set.
4.2.6 Shutdown parameters

This page enables viewing and configuration of UPS operating parameters in battery mode and for power restoration.

Click on the Shutdown parameters section in the menu to see the list of parameters.

When you tick the Show advanced parameters option, extra parameters are displayed. These parameters enable, in particular, adjustment of certain thresholds related to the percentage of remaining battery charge level.

The Output column enables each outlet to be named (maximum 20 characters).

Note

As priority is given to the main outlet, the card cannot supply the controlled outlets when main outlet power is off.
For the main outlet ("Master" by default)

The first shutdown criteria initiates the restart of the shutdown sequence.

- If remaining time is under (0 to 99999 seconds, 180 by default) is the minimum remaining backup time from which the shutdown sequence is launched.
- If battery capacity is under (0 to 100%); this value cannot be less than that of the UPS and is the minimum remaining battery capacity level from which the shutdown sequence is launched.
- Shutdown after (0 to 99999 minutes, not validated by default) is the operating time in minutes left for users after a switch to backup before starting the shutdown sequence.
- Shutdown duration (120 seconds by default) is the time required for complete shutdown of systems when a switch to backup time is long enough to trigger the shutdown sequences. It is calculated automatically at the maximum of Shutdown duration of subscribed clients but can be modified in the Advanced mode.
- If battery capacity exceeds Minimum battery level to reach before restarting the UPS after utility restoration

Important: Certain UPSs do not support this option

For the controlled outlets ("group 1 or group 2" by default)

The page enables programming of operation time and level in backup mode to manage outlet load shedding in the event of electric power failure:

- Switch Off after (from 0 to 99999, 65535 by default) defines the time during which the outlet is supplied starting from the moment of utility failure. Caution, this time includes the outlet shutdown duration.
- Switch Off if battery capacity under (0 by default) is an extra condition for outlet shutdown that can trigger the shutdown sequence before the shutdown duration runs out.
- Shutdown duration is the time required for complete shutdown of the systems supplied by the outlet when an outlet shutdown sequence is launched. It is calculated automatically using the maximum shutdown durations of notified applications on the outlets.
- Switch On after (from 0 to 99999, default 65535) is the period between main output startup and startup of the relevant programmable outlet, therefore outlet startup can be delayed in relation to the main output.

Important: Certain UPSs do not support this option
The following measurements are saved and time-stamped (About. 430):

- **AC Normal : Voltage**: Value of the utility voltage supplying the UPS
- **AC Normal : Frequency**: Value of the utility frequency supplying the UPS
- **AC Output : Voltage**: Value of the output voltage of your UPS
- **AC Output : Frequency**: Value of the output frequency of your UPS
- **AC Output : Power (kVA)**: Value of the output power of your UPS
- **AC Output : Load level (%)**: Value of the percentage of load at UPS output
- **Battery : Capacity (%)**: Percentage of charge available in the battery
- **Battery : Remaining time (mn)**: Estimation of the remaining backup time

The save frequency of these values is defined in the **“System”** page (60 seconds by default). Approximately 435 time-stamps are stored permanently on the card. The oldest time-stamps are automatically deleted.

- **Save Log** enables all saved values to be opened or saved in CSV format. (compatible with Excel type spread sheets)
- **Clear Log** enables deletion of all records. Enter the login/password to validate this action.
4.2.8 Event log

- Click on Event Log in the menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:21</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:22</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:22</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:22</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:32</td>
<td>Bypass AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:32</td>
<td>Battery shutdown in 4h 43 min 44 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:32</td>
<td>Battery 1 shutdown in 17 sec 00 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:28:32</td>
<td>Battery 2 shutdown in 26 sec 00 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:31:21</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:31:21</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20130325</td>
<td>19:31:21</td>
<td>Normal AC output voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16700111</td>
<td>00:08:08</td>
<td>UPS communication lost</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Save log enables all saved values to be opened or saved in CSV format. (compatible with Excel type spread sheets)
- Clear log enables deletion of all records. The administrator must enter his/her login / password to validate this action.

The card can save 435 events. The table of managed alarms is included in the appendix.
4.2.9 System log

- Click on System log in the menu

- Save log enables all saved values to be opened or saved in CSV format. (compatible with Excel type spread sheets)

- Clear log enables deletion of all records. The administrator must enter his/her login / password to validate this action.

The card can save 435 events. The table of managed alarms is included in the appendix.
4.3 Notification

4.3.1 Email Notification

NOTE: If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.

The card offers the possibility of redirecting UPS alarms to an e-mail server. The format of these e-mails is compatible with mobile telephone transfer systems using text messages (SMS).

SMS notification requires the use of a third-party application that converts emails to SMS.

- Recipient List:
  - On the left side of this page, up to four recipients can be configured to receive e-mails from the card. Each addressee has its own trigger events, selected from the right side of the page, for which an e-mail is sent. The card's log indicates e-mail transmission errors.
  - Each recipient is configured with the following parameters:
    - **Recipient:** (Field is limited to 99 characters) this is the e-mail address of the person or department to receive the e-mail. The default value is: recipientx@domain.com
    - **eNotify:** This parameter enables communications to the Eaton eNotify Monitoring and Diagnostics Service. NOTE: Available only for customers with a valid eNotify Service Contract.
    - **Attached files:** The files selected (Measurements, Event log, System log, Environment measurements) are enclosed with each e-mail sent. The files are sent in CSV format.
    - **Periodic report:** In addition to the e-mails sent when events occur, a periodic e-mail containing the 3 log files (or 4 when the optional Sensor is connected) can be sent to the...
recipient every x days at the time specified by the user.
To configure the first transmission, specify the day, time and frequency of the next transmission in the "next report" box. After this date, the page will show the date and time of the next transmission.
Data are sent in CSV format.

- **Save**: Saves any modifications.
- **Test**: enables an e-mail to be sent to the recipient immediately. This is one way of checking e-mail transmission, particularly access to the SMTP server configured in "Network" settings. A transmission report is added to the system log.
  The event label in the subject and text of the message is replaced with a test label.
  If the user makes any modifications to the page, they must be saved before using the "Test" function.

- **Notified events**:
  The right side of the page shows the events that can be notified.
  By default, only the main events of battery operation and a few UPS alarms are accessible. All the events appear if the Show/Hide Events option is actuated.
  By default, two events are selected for notification. The user can modify this pre-selection by ticking other events or can, on the contrary, restore the initial configuration by clicking Set Default.

- **Email Message Settings**: access to the message configuration page
- **Network Settings**: enables the name of the SMTP server to be entered. See page
4.3.2  E-mail Message Settings

This page enables customisation of the content of the messages received by recipients of e-mails sent by the card.

Customisation is common to the four recipients that can be notified (see E-mail notification).

- **Sender**: (59 characters maximum) identifies the source of the message. The default value is ups@domain.com.

  This field is free. However, depending on the type of SMTP server configuration, it is possible that the server checks that the domain name contained in the Sender address exists, and even that the user in the Sender address belongs to this domain.

- **Subject**: enables the user to specify the subject of the e-mail to be sent. By entering some free text and selecting from several optional fields, if desired, the message subject is built:
  - **UPS name** recalls the name of the UPS; it may or may not be selected.
  - **UPS location** recalls the geographic location of the UPS (see System Settings); it may or may not be selected.
  - **Event message** identifies the event generating the e-mail; it may or may not be selected.

- **Message text** is a free zone long of 255 characters maximum.

  The body of the e-mail sent is composed of:
  - Message text, which is free text.
  - The date and time of the event, as saved in the log.
  - URL of the card, enabling a direct link with the card to be established.
  - Attachments, as configured for the e-mail recipients.
  - Duplication of the subject, as configured.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>URL</th>
<th>Text</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008/06/13</td>
<td>13:41:10</td>
<td><a href="http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx">http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</a></td>
<td>Type here your own text</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.4 Configuration

#### 4.4.1 Network settings

Click on **Network** in the menu.

![NOTE](image)

*If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.*

This menu enables the administrator to configure the network parameters of the card and authorisation of the remote upgrade of the embedded system.

---

#### Powerware 9130 700 - Computer Room

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BootP/DHCP</td>
<td><strong>Enabled</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP address</td>
<td>10.0.0.0/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subnet Mask</td>
<td>255.255.255.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gateway Address</td>
<td>10.0.0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hostname</td>
<td>ups36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domain Name</td>
<td>ups.domain.com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Enabled</td>
<td><strong>Enabled</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Address 1</td>
<td>Waiting Router Advertisement...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prefix length</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Gateway</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Local Address</td>
<td>FE80:226:5FF:FE67:024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Address 2</td>
<td>Waiting Router Advertisement...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware Upload</td>
<td><strong>Enabled</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary DNS Server (IPv4 or IPv6)</td>
<td>10.0.0.0/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary DNS Server</td>
<td>10.0.0.0/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMTP Server (for Email Notification)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMTP port</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMTP server authentication</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login</td>
<td>smtplogin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

- **BOOTP/DHCP**: Authorises (choose "Enabled") configuration of network parameters with your BootP/DHCP server when the card is booted.
Sequence with BootP/DHCP server: After each startup, the card makes 3 attempts to recover the network parameters. If no response is received from the server, the card boots with the last saved parameters from the previous start. These parameters are those shown on the page.

The default value for this parameter is "Enable"

**Note 1:**
If the hostname is not used, the IP address supplied by the DHCP server must be fixed to maintain connection with the clients installed on the stations to be protected.

**Note 2:**
During the first connection, if the DHCP query is not successful, the NMC starts with the following IP configuration:

**Default IP address:** 192.168.1.2  
**Subnet mask:** 255.255.255.0  
**Gateway Address:** 0.0.0.0  

- **IP Address:** The IPv4 address of the card.  
- **Subnet Mask:** The mask of the sub-network of your IPv4 network.  
- **Gateway Address:** Indicate the IP address of the gateway to access the stations located outside the card’s subnet.  
- **Hostname** must be suited to the card. This is the first part of the fully qualified domain name, used by the DNS.  
  As the card does not support NetBIOS protocol, the hostname will only be sent to DNS if the DHCP server sends it the hostname with the new IP address. This mechanism is described in the update of the Dynamic DNS protocol [RFC 2136](https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2136)  
- **Domain Name** is the domain to which the card belongs. This is the part of the fully qualified domain name that follows the hostname and is used by the DNS. The default value of the two parameters comprising the fully qualified domain name: ups.domain.com  
- **IPv6 Enabled:** Authorises (choose "Enabled") IPv6 support.  
- **IPv6 Auto Config Enabled:** Authorises (choose "Enabled") the card to obtain configuration of IPv6 parameters from an IPv6 router. In this case, none IPv6 parameters are editable.  
- **IPv6 Address 1:**  
  - If Auto Config is enabled: this field displays the first IPv6 address built from the IPv6 router (not editable).  
  - If Auto Config is not enabled: this field is editable and allows setting a static IPv6 address.  
- **Prefix length:**  
  - If Auto Config is enabled: this field displays the prefix received from router (not editable).  
  - If Auto Config is not enabled: this field is editable and allows setting a prefix.  
- **IPv6 Gateway:**  
  - If Auto Config is enabled: this field is empty and not editable.  
  - If Auto Config is not enabled, this field is editable and allows setting the default gateway.
- **IPv6 Local Address**: display the IP local address of the card, build from the MAC address. This field is not editable. Always available when the IPV6 is enabled.

- **IPv6 Address 2**:
  - If Auto Config is enabled: this field displays the second IPv6 address built from the IPv6 router (not editable).
  - If Auto Config is not enabled, this field is empty and not editable.

- **Firmware Upload**: Authorise (chose "Enabled") remote updating of the card's embedded software. The default value for this parameter is "Enabled".

- **Primary DNS Server**: contains the IPv4 or IPv6 address of the main DNS server ensuring conversion of the domain name to IP address.

- **Secondary DNS Server**: contains the IPv4 or IPv6 address of the secondary DNS server ensuring conversion of the domain name to IP address if the primary DNS server is not available.

- **SMTP Port**: contains the port number of the SMTP server.

- **SMTP Server**: contains the name or IP address of the local server with which the card connects to send e-mails.
  - It may be filled in either as host + domain name (DNS resolution), or directly with the IP address.
  - The default value is smtpserver. The card uses the standard port (25) for sending e-mails.

- **SMTP Server Authentication**: Displays *login* and *password* fields in order to connect the NMC card to a SMTP Server that requires an authentication.

**Important note:**
The card must be rebooted after any changes to these IP parameters. See "System" page
4.4.2 RADIUS

4.4.2.1 Setting Page Configuration

Click on RADIUS in the menu.

**NOTE**: If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your username and password before accessing this page.

This menu allows the administrator to configure RADIUS settings on the card. They are editable only if the parameter of the External Authentication on the Access control page is set to RADIUS.

Two RADIUS servers can be registered. The secondary server is used when the primary does not respond in the delay (time out) and after the number of retry set.

The button “Modify Server” allows to edit and to modify the server configuration selected.
network Management Card
(Network-MS)

User Manual

Enable Configuration: If enabled, this server will be used during radius authentication process.

Primary/Secondary: identifies the priority order between Radius servers. The primary is used in first (if enabled), if it is unreachable, the secondary is used.

Radius Server: identifies the name or the IP (IPv4 or IPv6) address of the server.

Secret: identifies the secret shared between the card and the Radius Server

NAS IP Address: identifies the IP address of the NAS (the Network Management Card) to use. The possible values in the GUI list are based on the IPv4 and IPv6(s) addresses of the card.

Auth. Port: identifies the remote radius server port.

Time Out: identifies the delay to wait before to send another radius request.

Retry Number: identifies the number of request to send before testing another Radius server (if available).

4.4.2.2 Authorization management

After an authentication success, the card must check if the user has the permission to open a (admin) session.

Two radius attributes are used to manage admin authorization:

- An IETF attribute: Service-Type (6)
- An Eaton Vendor Specific Attribute (534): Eaton-UserLevel (28)

If one of these attribute is present with the value as defined in the following table the access of the card is allowed, else the access is refused:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute Definition</th>
<th>Value for Admin Authorization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IETF Attribute Name</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service-Type</td>
<td>Attribut ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Specific Attribute Name</td>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton-UserLevel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.4.3 LDAP

4.4.3.1 Setting Page Configuration

Click on LDAP in the menu.

This menu allows the administrator to configure LDAP settings on the card. The settings on this page are editable only if the parameter of the External Authentication on the Access control page is set to LDAP.

- **Authentication Mechanism**: identifies the binding type used. The card supports simple and Digest MD5 (SASL) mechanisms. For Digest MD5, your DNS server MUST support the reverse lookup on the IP address of your LDAP server.
- **User Search Bind**: identifies the binding type used to search user. The card supports anonymous bind and a bind with an accredited user. When an accredited user is used, the Mechanism used is the Mechanism set in the Authentication Mechanism field.
- **Search User**: identifies the User which is used to search user information during login step. This attribute is a Distinguished Name when the Authentication Mechanism is set to simple, and a SASL username when the Authentication Mechanism is set to Digest MD5.
- **Search User Password**: identifies the password of the Search User.
- **User Base DN**: identifies the database entry from which the user search is started.
- **User Object**: identifies the LDAP class of the user object.
- **User Attribute**: identifies the attribute name where the login identifier is stored.
- **Authorization Mode**: identifies the method to use for authorization:
  - **None**: all authenticated users are authorized.
  - **By User Attribute**: the authorization credential (UPSAdministrators value) is stored in the Group Name Attribute of the LDAP user.
  - **By Group**: the authorization credential is stored in LDAP Groups.
- **UPS Group Base DN**: identifies the database entry from which the UPS group search is started.
- **Group Name Attribute**: identifies the attribute name where the UPS group identifier ("UPSAdministrators" value) is stored.
- **User Name Attribute**: identifies the attribute name in the object group where the user identifier is stored.

Two LDAP servers can be registered. The secondary server is used when the primary does not respond in the delay (time out).

The button **Modify Server** allows to edit and modify the server configuration selected.

- **Enable Configuration**: If enabled, this server will be used during LDAP authentication process.
- **Primary/Secondary**: identifies the priority order between LDAP servers. The primary is used in first (if enabled), if it is unreachable, the secondary is used.
- **LDAP Server**: Server Name or IP Address of the server.
- **Port**: identifies the remote LDAP server port.
4.4.3.2 Authorization management

When an authorization mode is set, the “UPSAdministrators” string is searched in the LDAP Directory. Consequently, the LDAP Directory must be updated in the following way to allow users to open Web session in the NCM card:

- If the mode is “By User Attribute”: the administrator must set the LDAP attribute defined by the “Group Name Attribute” with the “UPSAdministrators” value. This update must be done for all allowed users.
- If the mode is “By Group”: the LDAP administrator must create a group with the following properties:
  - The location of this group in the LDAP directory must set under the DN path set in the UPS Group Base DN value.
  - The attribute defined in the Group Name Attribute must be set with the “UPSAdministrators” value.
  - All allowed users must be declared as member of this group: the multi valued attribute defined in the User Name Attribute must be set with all allowed users DN.

4.4.3.3 MD5 Authentication Mechanism

When MD5 is set as Authentication Mechanism, the following rule must be applied:

- A DNS server must be registered in the Network Configuration of the card.
- A DNS reverse lookup must be possible for the LDAP IP server.
- If an Accredited User is used for the LDAP search, its name is no longer a DN but a SASL name.
- The user login must be compliant with the SASL name rules of the LDAP server used.

4.4.3.4 Typical Setting Values for Active Directory

If the LDAP server is Active Directory, the following values are usually employed:

For user settings:
- User Object: user
- User Attribute: sAMAccountName

For Authorization settings when the group mode is set:
- Group Name Attribute: sAMAccountName
- User Name Attribute: member
4.4.4 System

Click on System in the menu.

**NOTE** If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.

This menu enables the customisation of the information on the UPS properties pages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UPS Properties</th>
<th>System Settings</th>
<th>Help</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Powerware 9130 700</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **UPS Contact**: This text field is limited to 49 characters. Enter the name of the person responsible for UPS administration at IT network level and/or electrical maintenance. This field does not appear on any other Web page. By default, its value is "Computer Room Manager".
- **UPS Location**: Enter a description (limited to 31 characters) of the location of the UPS in your installation (e.g. Computer room E1-C066). This text is displayed in the home page and in the title of the page. By default, its value is "Computer Room".
- **Default Language**: Enables initialisation of the browser language at card connection. Choice of one of the available languages: English, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Chinese Traditional, Chinese simplified, Japanese, Portuguese, Russian, Korean, Czech changes the language of the html interface pages (Refresh the web page <F5> after modification).
- **History log interval**: [from 5 to 99999 sec., 60 by default]. Measurement save period.
- **Environment log interval**: [from 60 to 99999 sec., 300 by default]. Temperature and humidity measurement save period.
- **Reset Communication button**: performs a remote reboot of the card without modifying the configuration. This action is compulsory for consideration of any changes made on the "Network Settings" page.
- **Factory Reset button**: enables restoration of the default configuration of all the card’s parameters. TCP/IP parameters: IP address, subnet mask, gateway and BootP/DHCP value are maintained if the "Keep TCP/IP parameters" option is selected.
4.4.5 Notified Applications

Click on Notified Applications in the menu.

**NOTE** If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.

This menu enables:

- The addition of the supervision stations receiving traps and configuration of the trap type.
- To list all the Notified Applications and the main parameters.
- To test the operation of notified applications by simulating power loss by sending a real shutdown sequence.

Up to 100 destinations can be managed by the card:

- 35 in TCP connected mode or
- 100 in UDP not connected mode or
- mixed mode: 20 connected and 50 not connected.

Important note: It is not necessary to add the Intelligent Power Protector protecting your servers in this list. These modules subscribe and unsubscribe themselves automatically.

Select an entry in the list to modify the values in the edit zone at the bottom of the page. The table displays the following information:

- **All**: selects all the lines.
- **Nr**: the index where the application is stored into the table.
- **Hostname or Address IP**: By priority, the hostname of the computer is displayed when the IP address can be converted into a hostname by a DNS server or if the application has been entered as a hostname.
• **Application Name**: Given by the application at subscription time.
• **Output**: number of the UPS output from which the client is powered.
• **Configuration**: shows where the parameters of the Intelligent Power Protector come from: Local (coming from the application) or Central (coming from the card).

  The [Central shutdown configuration](#) is available by clicking on the **Configuration** link.

• **Shutdown duration**: the shutdown duration necessary to properly shutdown the computer.
• **Shutdown after**: the time available to the user from the power failure until the launch of the shutoff sequence of the UPS and equipment.
• **Connected**: This value is set to YES if the notified application connects through TCP protocol.

Many actions are available on this page:

• **Remove**: Depending on the kind of application, the selected ones will definitively disappear from the table as SNMP applications, or they will disappear and automatically re-subscribe as Intelligent Power Protector applications.

• **Utility failure Test**: Two alarms, ‘Utility failure’ and ‘Utility restored’ spaced 60 seconds apart, will be sent to the applications selected, making sure that the applications can be reached over the network.

• **Shutdown Test**: This test simulates a UPS low battery sequence. It enables an easy check to see if the server protection works correctly.

  - No intervention on the UPS is required.
  - The applications selected will process the simultaneous alarms and perform an actual shutdown sequence.

**WARNING!**

- This test will generate a REAL shutdown sequence of the selected servers on which the Intelligent Power Protector application is running.

• **Add NMS**: allows an SNMP trap receiver to be added such as a Network Management System.

• **Modify NMS**: allows an SNMP trap receiver to be modified.

  Both buttons open a new window where it is possible to enter the Application name, the Hostname or IP Address, the trap port, the protocol version needed: V1, V3 or both, the Trap community (only used in V1) and the filter on the several implemented MIBs.
By default, the MIB filter selected corresponds to UPS: Pulsar or Powerware.
4.4.6 Central shutdown configuration

Note: Intelligent Power® Manager provides more advanced configuration management features. Click on Notified Applications in the menu, then Configuration.

This page is used to define either the "shutdown" or the "notification" settings used by the Intelligent Power Protector that connects to Network Management Card. These settings are used by the Intelligent Power Protector if they are in central-configuration mode or if their configuration is not valid.

- **Shutdown duration**: the shutdown duration necessary to properly shutdown the computer.
- **Shutdown after**: the time available to the user from the power failure until the launch of the shutoff sequence of the UPS and equipment. This parameter is optional. Uncheck the box if you wish not to use this parameter.
- **Broadcast**: Sends network notifications to the Administrators and Users groups on events declared in the server hosting the NSM.

If you wish to set up a new configuration for the Network Shutdown Modules already set to "central-configuration mode", proceed as follows:

- Change the IPP parameters in the "Notified Applications" page.
- Click the "Save" button.
- In this page, select the IPPs for which you want to apply the new configuration.
- Press the "Remove" button.
- The IPPs selected will disconnect then reconnect and use the new configuration.
4.4.7  Access control

Click on Access Control in the menu.

**NOTE** If you are not already logged on, you will be prompted to enter your user name and password before accessing this page.

This menu enables configuration of the different parameters enabling secure access to the card via a browser.

- **Enter New Manager Login:** The login user name. This text field (limited to ten characters) enables secure access and modification of pages. Default value is admin.
- **Enter New Password:** This text field (limited to ten characters) enables secure access to Configuration menu pages. Default value is admin.
- **Confirm New Password:** Re-enter the new password.
- **External Authentication:** identifies the type of authentication used between LDAP and Radius. If None is chosen, the local user database is used.
- **Authentication Order:** identifies the priority order used between local and external authentication.
- **Session Time expiration after inactivity (s):** identifies the time after which the session is closed if no activity is detected.
- **Maximum Session Time (s):** identifies the maximum time of a session whatever activity.
- **Security mode:** Manages the various authentication methods for page access:
  - **Authentication for configuration:** Only the configuration pages are protected by login / password
  - **Full authentication:** All pages are protected by login / password
  - **SSL and full authentication:** All pages are protected by login / password and are only accessible in SSL

SSL Access: When selected, access to the Web interface is made in secure mode (https).
Connections with Intelligent Power Protector stay in standard mode (secure TCP)

SSL Security Implementation:
SSL ➔ version 3.0
TLS ➔ version 1.0
Method ➔ TLS_RSA_WITH_512_MD5
Certificate ➔ 1024 bits
Auth ➔ RSA
Key Exchange ➔ RSA
Encryption ➔ RC4_512
Digest ➔ MD5
Changes take effect after a card reboot

- **Telnet access**: This parameter enables the access to the setting parameters interface via a Telnet/SSH connection.
- **Telnet security**: This parameter defines the protocol for the access to the setting parameters interface. These 2 values are mutually exclusive.
- **TELNET**: The data are read or written via an unsecured access.
- **SSH**: The data are read or written via a secured access.
- **Console interface**: This parameter defines the way to access the setting parameters. The 2 values are mutually exclusive. The selected HMI (Human Machine Interface?) is available for the TCP/IP connection (RS232 not concerned) and for the 2 protocols (Telnet, SSH). The new value will be taken into account after a manual reset of the NMC.
- **MENU**: The HMI is a menu interface and the parameters are accessible via some pre-defined menus.
- **CLI**: The access to the parameters is done independently of each other using the command line interface.
- **Save**: Saves any modifications.
4.4.8 SNMP Setting

Click on SNMP in the menu.

To access this page, the login and password are systematically requested if they have not already been entered.

This menu enables configuration of the SNMP security parameters.

**SNMP Version:** This field allows the user to select the snmp protocol version: (Disabled, V1, V3 are supported by the card).

**SNMP Port:** Allows the user to select and modify the port number of the SNMP server.

**SNMP Community Read-Only:** The SNMPv1 Read community name that identifies a sub-group attached to a network manager or a logical entity. The card and the clients must share the same community name to communicate.

**SNMP Write Enabled:** Enables SNMP write function.

**SNMP Community Write:** Displays only if SNMP Write is enabled. The SNMPv1 Write community name that identifies a sub-group attached to a network manager or a logical entity. The card and the clients must share the same community name to communicate.

**Read-Only User:** identifies the login of the user in the SNMPv3 version which is authorized to read only SNMP variables.

**The Read-Only Security Level:** selects the security level

- No Auth No Priv: the user must not use authentication and privacy to access to SNMP variables.
- Auth No Priv: the user must use authentication and NOT privacy to access to SNMP variables.
- Auth Priv: the user must use authentication and privacy to access to SNMP variables.
- **The Read-Only Password**: allows administrator to specify a new password for the Read-Only User. Its length must be ranging between 8 and 24 characters and used only letters, numbers and <>&@#%_=:;.,/?|$*() symbols.

- **The Read-Write User**: identifies the user in the SNMPv3 version which is authorized to read and write SNMP variables.

- **The Read-Write Security Level**: selects the security level:
  - No Auth No Priv: the user must not use authentication and privacy to access to SNMP variables.
  - Auth No Priv: the user must use authentication and NOT privacy to access to SNMP variables.
  - Auth Priv: the user must use authentication and privacy to access to SNMP variables.

- **The Read-Write Password**: allows administrator to specify a new password for the Read-Write User. Its length must be ranging between 8 and 24 characters and used only letters, numbers and <>&@#%_=:;.,/?|$*() symbols.

- **The Notification username**: allows administrator to specify the “username” field for SNMPV3 notifications. This field has to also be defined in the applications that received those notifications.

- **Save**: Saves any modifications.
4.4.9 Date and time

Click on Date and Time in the menu.

This menu enables initialisation of the date and time of the card in three different ways.

The date format is always of year/month/day type

- **Set manually**: Enables initialisation of the date and time of the card, with the values entered in the Date and Time fields. This update is made after clicking on the Save button.
  
  Maximum drift is +/- 2 min./month

- **Accept automatic update from IPP or IPM**: Enables initialisation of the date and time of the card, with the values provide by the Intelligent Power Protector or the Intelligent Power Manager.

- **Synchronize with NTP server**: Enables connection with a time server, either available on the company’s internal network or on the Web. This server communicates GMT time. The IP address or hostname of the time server must be entered, and the time zone of your geographic area must then be selected from the list. Connection is made with the server and the date and time are set after clicking on the "Save" button. Time is updated every five hours, thus preventing any drift in the time. After two attempts, if the NTP server is not accessible, the card resends periodic requests.

  The card uses the NTP protocol (UDP 123 port). The "firewall" must be configured to transmit queries outside the intranet. When ntp could not be contacted, an error message is issued at the top of the web page.

  **Note 1:**

  The even the card is used in a UPS supporting time-stamping, the card’s time is automatically synchronized with that of the UPS.

  **Note 2:**

  After start-up, if the card is in manual mode or if no NTP server was reached, the card initializes at 01/01/1970.
4.4.10 Firmware upload

Click on Firmware Upload in the menu.

This menu enables a new firmware version to be uploaded.

To upload a new version of the card’s firmware, select the file to be loaded using the Browse... button and click Upload.

Do not interrupt the operation before the card displays the following screen:

```
WARNING: This action takes a few minutes.
Don’t click on any button or item during this operation.

SUCCESS: Firmware was successfully written in FLASH.
Restart in progress. Wait a few minutes and click on Refresh button.
```
4.5 Environment Sensor (option)

The environment sensor (66846) is an option that enables temperature and humidity to be measured, and indication of the position of two external contacts. It is connected with a standard network cable to the Card Settings port of the Network Management Card.

The card automatically detects sensor presence. The main menu then displays an additional section "Environment" with the following elements:

- Status
- Configuration
- Log

Important note: To switch the serial port to the configuration mode, just disconnect the cable and reset the card.

4.5.1 Characteristics

- Temperature measurement from 0 to 70 °C with +/- 1°C accuracy
- Measurement of humidity from 0 to 100% with +/- 6% accuracy
- Min / max time-stamped function for temperature and humidity
- Choice of temperature readings in Celsius or Fahrenheit
- High and low thresholds, hysteresis and offset adjustable via Web interface
- Possibility of notification of status changes by e-mail, SMS or SNMP trap
  Note: SMS notification requires the use of a third-party application that converts emails to SMS
- Position detection of 2 dry contacts (maximum sensor/contact distance: 20 m)
- Name and status of each configurable contact
- Recording of events and measurements in the card log
- Possibility of shutting down the installation safely if one of the thresholds is exceeded or dry contact status change
- Connection to the Network Management Card by shielded CAT5 straight RJ45 network cables (maximum card/sensor distance: 10m)
4.5.2 Environment Status

For both measurements, a graduated gauge proposes the following functions:

The cursor indicates the current value.

Two red zones to the left and right represent the high and low thresholds that can be set on the Environment Settings page.

When the measured value enters one of these zones, an alarm can be notified (see Notification parameter in the Environment Settings page).

Time-stamped minimum and maximum temperatures show the extreme values recorded since the last Reset Min/Max.

Min and Max can be forced at any time to the current value by clicking on the Reset Min/Max button.

Calibrate: The sensor is factory-calibrated, but the user can apply an offset to adjust the measurement.

Input #1 and Input #2 show the position of the two contacts acquired by the sensor.

The position is displayed with the parameters entered in the Environment Settings page.

The last status change of each contact is time-stamped.

The Internet browser updates this page every 10 seconds.
4.5.3 Environment Settings

The environment sensor measures temperature, humidity and gives the status of the 2 contacts (used for door, alarms or generator unit).

The temperature and humidity thresholds can be adjusted and can trigger notification and correct shutdown of the protected system.

**The Sensor name** is the function name given to the sensor, usually it enables location of the sensor.

**Temperature:** Choose the temperature unit (°C or °F) from the selection box.

Note: Changing the temperature unit clear the log file.

**High threshold:** If this value is exceeded, a notification if enabled. The default value is 40 °C / 104 °F.

**Low threshold:** If this value is exceeded, a notification if enabled. The default value is 5 °C / 41 °F.

**Hysteresis** must be set to prevent multiple notifications if temperature fluctuates around a threshold.

The default value is 2 °C / -3.6 °F.

The high alarm disappears when the value drops below the High threshold - Hysteresis value

The low alarm disappears when the value returns above the Low threshold + Hysteresis value

**Humidity**

**High threshold:** If this value is exceeded, a notification is sent if this is validated. The default value is 90%.

**Low threshold:** If this value is exceeded, a notification is sent if this is validated. The default value is 5%.

**Hysteresis** must be set to prevent multiple notifications if humidity fluctuates around a threshold. The default value is 5%.
The high alarm disappears when the value drops below the High threshold - Hysteresis value
The low alarm disappears when the value returns above the Low threshold + Hysteresis value

Input #1 and Input #2: Enter an identifier corresponding to the acquired contact (e.g.: rack door, air conditioning, generator unit, etc.). Max. length is 28 characters.

When closed and when open: are the names associated to the two contact positions. (e.g.: "open" and "closed" for a door, "On" and "Off" for a generator).

Each status change triggers a notification if enabled.

When the Notification box is enabled, the following functions are activated for each event selected:

- display in the list of current alarms
- Consideration in the UPS log
- SNMP trap generation
- notification by e-mail (if the Environment sensor notification option is enabled in the e-mail notification page)

The list of messages is provided in the appendix

System shutdown can be triggered for each notification if this option is enabled. If notification is disabled, the Shutdown option cannot be used.
4.5.4 Log

The two environment sensor measurements: Temperature and Humidity are recorded at an interval defined by the Environment log interval in the System settings page.

By default, this period is 300 seconds.

Each measurement is dated and stored in the log of the UPS’s communication card.

The size of log files is limited by a time indexing system.

The user can Save the log on his/her workstation at any time, in a CSV format file.

The user can also Clear the files contained in the card to reset the log.
5 Server protection

5.1 Set-up of the shutdown parameters

The protection application: Intelligent Power Protector, on protected server boot, subscribes itself automatically to notified applications list and sends its essential data:

- IP Address or hostname of the server on which it is installed: So that the card can inform it of power events.
- Time required to shutdown the server (Shutdown Duration, configurable in the "Set-up" menu of each IPP): The card takes into account the longest shutdown time of all the Intelligent Power Protector subscribed (This is the Shutdown duration of the Shutdown parameters page to manage UPS shutdowns without affecting any of IPP connected).

During normal operation, the protection application periodically checks its connection with the card. In case of a major power event, the card sends information to the protection application which reacts according to the situation. (shutdown order, programmed actions, messages to the administrator and to users via the network)

When the server shuts down, the protection application unsubscribes itself from the notified applications.

5.1.1 Shutdown criteria managed by the Network Management Card

During an extended power failure, three criteria may cause the server shutdown procedure to be initiated. If several criteria are selected, (See page Shutdown parameters), the first criterion encountered will launch the shutdown procedure.

At the end of the shutdown procedure, when all servers have been shut down, the UPS may shut down to avoid unnecessary discharge of its batteries, depending on its configuration.
5.1.1.1 Backup time before initiating the shutdown procedure
(Shutdown After – Shutdown Timer)

When the UPS switches to battery, the Network Management Card starts the Shutdown Timer countdown and launches the system shutdown procedure at the end of the countdown. This value must be chosen so that users have time to complete their tasks and disconnect, without exceeding battery backup time.

**Note 1:**
The Intelligent Power Protector can also manage its own Shutdown Timer (configurable in the Shutdown Module“set-up” menu of each Intelligent Power Protector) launched when the UPS switches to battery. Note that if this criterion is selected to initiate system shutdown, automatic system reboot when power is restored is not guaranteed (e.g. power restoration if only this system was shut down).

5.1.1.2 Initiating the shutdown procedure when the battery level is lower than:
(If Capacity under)

When the card detects that the remaining backup time percentage is less than the configured level, the shutdown sequence is started.
By default, this value is set at 20%.

**Note:**
The UPS already manages an equivalent parameter for the end of backup pre-alarm.
The card does not accept values less than that programmed in the UPS. Check the UPS documentation.

5.1.1.3 Shutdown when backup time is less than

When the Network Management Card detects that the percentage of backup time remaining is less than the value set, the shutdown sequence is started.

5.1.1.4 Shutdown duration

Duration (in seconds) required for the system protected by the protection application to shut down.

The protection applications send their own “Shutdown duration” to the Network Management Card. Based on these values (maximum Shutdown duration of all subscribed customer systems) that the card will send to the delayed shutdown order to the UPS.
5.1.2 Controlled outlets

Certain UPS models are equipped with controlled outlets (generally 2) which are always dependant on the UPS’s main outlet.

Shutdown of the main outlet systematically causes shutdown of the programmable outlets.

Warning: Some inverters have only 2 programmable plugs without mains plug (Powerware). With this type of UPS, stopping a programmable outlet causes the UPS shutdown.

The following notations are used to identify these outlets:

- Main outlet: Main
- Controlled outlet 1: 1
- Controlled outlet 2: 2

5.1.3 Protection of a server connected to a controlled outlet

Intelligent Power Protector (IPP) starting with version 3.0 are compatible with the controlled outlets.

After connecting the server electrically to one of the controlled outlets, the IPP must be informed of the outlet number to which it is connected.

Refer to the documentation of the IPP available on the internet site www.eaton.com

5.1.3.1 Load shedding or sequential shutdown

It is possible to optimise backup time by shutting down non-priority equipment or sequencing the shutdown of several devices.
Two shutdown criteria are possible:

- Shutdown of outlets after a set battery back-up time (After)
- Shutdown of outlets at a given battery discharge level (if battery capacity under)

It is possible to specify values for both criteria. The first criterion reached will initiate server shutdown.

5.1.3.2 Sequential startup

It is possible to delay outlet power-on to reduce inrush currents on startup or to sequence the startup of several devices.

Controlled outlet startup after a given time is based on startup of the main outlet.
5.2 The different server and UPS shutdown sequences

5.2.1 Extended power outage, shutdown initiated by the Shutdown Timer (Shutdown after)

During battery backup time, the Shutdown Timer of the Network Management Card is reached: After a user-defined backup time period (Shutdown parameters page), the shutdown of all servers is initiated, followed by the UPS shutdown (depending on its configuration). The UPS restarts when utility power is restored (depending on its configuration).

Shutdown duration: Maximum value of shutdown times of protection application subscribed to the card. This value is updated each time a client subscribes/ unsubscribes.

5.2.2 Extended power outage, shutdown initiated by the "Low battery power" message

When the "Low battery power" criterion is displayed, the UPS is shut off after taking into account the shutdown duration of the servers.

"Low battery power": The message appears if either of the two following criteria is reached:
- Low Battery Level
- Low Battery Delay
5.2.3 Case of power restoration before the end of the “shutdown duration” counter

If power is restored before the end of the Shutdown Duration, the UPS is shut off after the Shutdown Duration for a time equal to the forced reboot delay (10 seconds)
5.3 Shutdown management with 2 NMC boards

Certain UPS can have 2 NMC boards in order to:
- Increase the number of protected servers,
- Protect 2 groups of server connected to different networks physically separated.

5.3.1 Shutdown Duration

As described in the 5.1.1.4 paragraph, the protection application transmit their own "Shutdown duration" to the Network Management Card. Based on these values (maximum Shutdown duration of all subscribed customer systems) that the card will send to the delayed shutdown order to the UPS.

If the UPS have two NMC cards, the maximum shutdown duration of the two groups of protected systems will be used for the delayed shutdown order.

Example: If the subscribed customers of the first NMC card have a maximum Shutdown duration of 60s and the ones of the second NMC card of 120s, the servers shutdown will be launched 120s before the UPS shutoff.

5.3.2 Settings

Set-up shutdown parameters to the same value on the 2 cards are highly recommended (for the main output and the controlled outlets).

If the settings are not the same, the first criteria reached on one the 2 cards will launch the secure shutdown of all servers

Please, note that in any case the shutdown of the protected servers will be executed safely.
6 TELNET/SSH/CLI interfaces

6.1 Introduction

This chapter describes how to use the Telnet/SSH/CLI interfaces of the IBM Network Management Card.

6.2 Settings list

The parameters accessible via Telnet, SSH or CLI are the same as those offered by WEB interface. The use of these parameters remains the same. For more explanation about these parameters, the default values, possible values, please refer to the previous chapter (§4 - Supervision and administration by browser) of this document.

6.2.1 Network settings

These settings enable the administrator to configure the network parameters of the card and authorisation of the remote upgrade of the embedded system.

The parameter list is the following:

- MAC address (read only)
- IP address
- Subnet mask
- Gateway address
- Host name
- Domain name
- BOOTP/DHCP
- IPv6
- IPv6 autoConfig
- IPv6 address 1
- IPv6 prefix length
- IPv6 Gateway address
- IPv6 local address (read only)
- IPv6 address 2 (read only)
- Updating software
- Primary DNS server
- Secondary DNS server
- SMTP server
- SMTP port
- SMTP server authentication
- SMTP login
- SMTP password
6.2.2 System settings

These settings enable the customisation of the information on the UPS properties pages.
The parameter list is the following:

- UPS contact
- UPS location
- History log interval
- Environment log interval
- Default language

6.2.3 Trap receivers

This is the list of the supervision stations receiving traps. There is a maximum of 3 trap receivers.
The parameter list is the following:

- Receiver 1, 2 or 3:
  - Application name
  - Host name
  - Trap port
  - Protocol
  - Trap community
  - MIB filter

6.2.4 Access control

These settings enable the configuration for secure access to the card via a web browser or SNMP. This menu can also define Telnet/SSH/CLI procedure to access to the card.
The parameter list is the following:

- Login
- Password
- Security mode
- Telnet access
- Telnet security
- Console interface

6.2.5 Shutdown settings

These settings are used to define the behaviour of the UPS during a shutdown.
The parameter list is the following:

- Outlet 1 (main):
  - Name
  - Remaining time limit
  - Remaining capacity limit
  - Shutdown after
• Shutdown timer selected
• Shutdown duration
• Battery capacity exceeds
• Outlet 2 & 3:
  • Name
  • Switch off after
  • Remaining capacity limit
  • Shutdown duration
  • Switch on after

6.2.6 Authentication settings

6.2.7 RADIUS settings

This is the list of Radius Servers. There is a maximum of 2 servers. The parameter list is the following:
  • Radius Server Primary&Secondary:
    • Radius Server
    • Secret
    • NAS IP Address
    • Auth. Port
    • Time Out
    • Retry Number

6.2.8 LDAP settings

This is the list of LDAP Settings. The parameter list is the following:
  • Authentication Mechanism
  • User Search Bind
  • Search User
  • Search User Password
  • User Base DN
  • User Object
  • User Attribute
  • Authorization Mode
  • UPS Group Base DN
  • Group Name Attribute
  • User Name Attribute
  • LDAP Server Primary&Secondary:
    • Server Name
6.2.9 SNMP settings

These settings configure the 2 SNMP versions available, v1 and v3.
The parameter list is the following:

- Version
- SNMP port
- SNMP v1 community Read-Only
- SNMP v1 write enables
- SNMP v1 community write
- SNMP v3 user Read-Only
- SNMP v3 security Read-Only
- SNMP v3 password Read-Only
- SNMP v3 user Read-Write
- SNMP v3 security Read- Write
- SNMP v3 password Read- Write
- Notification user name

6.2.10 Date and time

These settings enable the initialisation of the date and time of the card in three different ways.
The parameter list is the following:

- Date & Time
- Type of synchronisation
- NTP host name
- Time-Zone
- Daylight saving time

6.2.11 Environment settings

These settings enable the configuration of the environment sensor. If not present, this menu is not available.
The parameter list is the following:

- Sensor name
- Temperature:
  - Unity
  - High threshold
  - Low threshold
  - Hysteresis
  - Offset
  - High notify
- Low notify
- High shutdown
- Low shutdown
- Humidity:
  - High threshold
  - Low threshold
  - Hysteresis
  - Offset
  - High notify
  - Low notify
  - High shutdown
  - Low shutdown
- Input#1:
  - Identifier
  - Close label
  - Close notify
  - Close shutdown
  - Open label
  - Open notify
  - Open shutdown
- Input#2:
  - Identifier
  - Close label
  - Close notify
  - Close shutdown
  - Open label
  - Open notify
  - Open shutdown

6.3 Menu interface

The setting parameter “HMI Type” defines which HMI will be available. To use the menu interface, this parameter has to be equal to “MENU”.

The menu interface is defined with menus and submenus. It is available with the 2 protocols, Telnet and SSH. The only language implemented is English.

For simplicity, the settings are sorted in the same way as the Web interface.

According to the current configuration, some settings may be read-write, read-only, write-only or hidden.

In each screen, it is possible to close the session with the command “quit”.

The code colour is the following:
- Settings in read-write or write-only mode: light green.
• Settings in read-only mode: yellow.
• Warning message: green.
• Error message: light red.

6.3.1 Tree description

- Main menu
  - Reset menu
- Network menu
  - MAC address
  - SMTP menu
  - Host name
  - Version
- SNMP menu
- Trap receivers
  - Receiver 1
  - Host name
  - Receiver 2
  - Host name
  - Receiver 3
  - Host name
- System menu
  - UPS contact
- Shutdown menu
  - Master
  - Name
  - Outlet 2
  - Name
  - Outlet 3
  - Name
- Access Control menu
  - Login
- Date & Time menu
  - Date
- Environment menu
  - Sensor Name
  - Temperature
  - Unity
  - Humidity
  - High Threshold
  - Input#1
  - Identifier
  - Input#2
  - Identifier
- Authentication settings menu
  - Authentication Method
  - Authentication Order
Network Management Card (Network-MS)
User Manual

- Session Time
- Max Session Time

- Radius Menu
- Primary Server: Enable
- Primary Server: Name
- Primary Server: Secret
- Primary Server: Port
- Primary Server: NAS
- Primary Server: Retry
- Primary Server: TimeOut

- Radius Menu
- Secondary Server: Enable
- Secondary Server: Name
- Secondary Server: Secret
- Secondary Server: Port
- Secondary Server: NAS
- Secondary Server: Retry
- Secondary Server: TimeOut

- LDAP Menu
- Primary Server: Enable
- Primary Server: Name
- Primary Server: Port
- Secondary Server: Enable
- Secondary Server: Name
- Secondary Server: Port
- Mechanism
- Search Mode
- Search User Distinguished Name
- Search User Password

- Login password to default
- Default Configuration

6.3.2 Main menu

This screen is the main screen displayed when the connection is established.
6.3.3 Reset item

This menu item is used to reset the card. It is not possible to reset the card when a flash write process is in progress. When a reset operation is completed, a prompt is displayed to confirm the reset.

6.3.4 Network menu

This menu is used to view or modify the network settings.
### NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD

#### Network settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>MAC address [00:20:85:FD:1C:07]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>BootP/DHCP (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>IP Address [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Subnet Mask [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Gateway Address [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Host Name [ups1]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>UPS Domain Name [ups.domain.com]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>IPv6 (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>IPv6 Auto-config (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>IPv6 add.1/prefix len.</td>
<td>(3)(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>IPv6 local address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>IPv6 address 2</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Firmware upgradable (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Primary DNS Server (IPv4 or IPv6) [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Secondary DNS Server [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>SMTP menu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>SNMP menu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Read-only or read-write according to “BootP/DHCP” status
(2) Read-only or read-write according to “IPv6 enabled” status
(3) Read-only or read-write according to “IPv6 enabled” and “IPv6 auto-config” status
(4) Read-only
(5) The value is a concatenation of the IPv6 address 1 and of the prefix length.

---

### NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD

#### Network settings - SMTP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hostname (for Email notification) [smtpserver]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>SMTP Port (Default Value: 25) [25]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Authentication (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Login [smtplogin]</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Password [***********]</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Read-only or read-write according to “Authentication” status
(2) Write-only or hidden according to “Authentication” status
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
Network settings - SNMP

1 : Version (Disabled, V1, V3, V1V3) [V1V3]
2 : SNMP port (Default value: 161) [161]

** About V1 **
3 : Community read-only [publicuser]
4 : SNMP write (0=No, 2=Yes) [2]
5 : Community write [privateuser] (1)

** About V3 **
6 : Read-only user [readuser]
7 : R/O security (1=No Auth, 2=Auth NoPriv, 3=Auth Priv) [2]
8 : Read-only password [***********] (2)
9 : Read-Write user [writeuser]
10 : R/W security (1=No Auth, 2=Auth NoPriv, 3=Auth Priv) [2]
11 : Read-Write password [***********] (3)
12 : Notification user name [notifuser]

0 : Exit

All items from 3 to 11 are read-write or masked according to “Version” status.

(1) Read-write or read-only according to “SNMP write” status;
(2) Write-only or hidden according to “R/O security” status; the length has to be 8 characters at least;
(3) Write-only or hidden according to “R/W security” status; the length has to be 8 characters at least.

6.3.5 Trap receivers menu

This menu is used to view or modify the applications receiving traps and to configure trap type.
6.3.6 System menu

This menu is used to view or modify the system settings.

---

**NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD**

**System settings**

1 : UPS contact [Computer Room Manager]
2 : UPS Location [Room Manager]
3 : Item not available
4 : History log interval (sec) [50]
5 : Environment log interval (sec) [300]
6 : Item not available
7 : Language (AUTO,FRE,ENG,SPA,GER,ITA,CHI,CHT,JPN,KOR,CZI,RUS,POR) [AUTO]

0 : Exit
---

6.3.7 Shutdown menu

This menu is used to view or modify the shutdown settings for the 3 outlets.

---

**NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD**

**Shutdown settings**

1 : Master
2 : Outlet 2
3 : Outlet 3

0 : Exit
---

(1) Only the 3 less significant bits are used (b0 to b2). The possible value are from 0 to 7 (3 bits used set to 1).
6.3.8 Access Control menu

This menu defines the accessibility of the card by a client.

NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
Access settings

1 : New Login [MyName]
2 : Password [**********] (1)
3 : Security Mode (1=conf., 2=full auth., 3=full auth. & SSL) [1]
4 : Telnet access enabled (0=No, 1=Yes) [1]
5 : Telnet security enabled (0=No, 1=Yes) [0] (2)
6 : Console interface (Menu, CLI) [Menu] (2)

0 : Exit

(1) Write-only and encrypted
(2) Read-write or read-only according to “Telnet access enabled” status.
6.3.9 Date and time menu

This menu defines the date and time management.

```
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
Date & Time settings

1 : Date (yyyy/mm/dd) [2010/11/05] (1)
2 : Hour (HH:MM:SS) [11:30:00] (1)
3 : Type of synchronization (MANUAL, AUTO, NTP) [MANUAL]
4 : Host Name [ntpserver]
5 : Time zone (+/-hh:mm) [ 0: 0] (2)
6 : Day light enabled (0=No, 1=Yes) [0]

0 : Exit
```

(1) Read-write or read-only according to “Type of synchronization” status
(2) Setting resolves to the nearest half hour; for example, sending +02:36 results in +02:30, and sending +02:46 results in +03:00.

6.3.10 Environment menu

These menus define the settings of the environment sensor.

```
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
Environment settings

1 : Sensor Name [My Sensor]
2 : Temperature
3 : Humidity
4 : Input #1
5 : Input #2

0 : Exit
```
### Network Management Card

#### Environment settings - Temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 : Unity</td>
<td>C=Celsius, F=Farenheit [C]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 : High Threshold</td>
<td>[40 ]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 : Low Threshold</td>
<td>[5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 : Hysteresis</td>
<td>[2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 : Offset</td>
<td>[0.0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 : High notify</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 : Low notify</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 : High shutdown</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 : Low shutdown</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 : Exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Environment settings - Humidity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 : High Threshold</td>
<td>[90 ]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 : Low Threshold</td>
<td>[5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 : Hysteresis</td>
<td>[5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 : Offset</td>
<td>[0.0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 : High notify</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 : Low notify</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 : High shutdown</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 : Low shutdown</td>
<td>(0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 : Exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Environment settings – Input #1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Identifier [Fan1]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*** State 0 ***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Label [Fan running]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Notify (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td>[0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Shutdown (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td>[0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*** State 1 ***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Label [Fan stopped]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Notify (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td>[0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Shutdown (0=No, 1=Yes)</td>
<td>[0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.3.11 Authentication settings

These menus define the settings of the authentication.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Authentication Method</td>
<td>LDAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Authentication Order</td>
<td>Local_External</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Session Time (s)</td>
<td>[300]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Max Session Time (s)</td>
<td>[9999]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Radius menu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>LDAP menu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Read-write or read-only according to “Authentication Method” status
EATON NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
Radius settings

*** About Primary Server ***
1 : Enable (0=No, 1=Yes) [0]
2 : Name []
3 : Secret
4 : Port [1812]
5 : NAS (IPV4, IPV6_1, IPV6_2, IPV6_LOCAL) [IPV4]
6 : Retry [3]
7 : TimeOut (s) [10]

*** About Secondary Server ***
8 : Enable (0=No, 1=Yes) [0]
9 : Name []
10 : Secret
11 : Port [1812]
12 : NAS (IPV4, IPV6_1, IPV6_2, IPV6_LOCAL) [IPV4]
13 : Retry [3]
14 : TimeOut (s) [10]

0 : Exit

(1) Read-write or read-only according to “Authentication Method” status
(2) Read-write or read-only according to “Enable” and “Authentication Method” status of the Primary Server
(3) Read-write or read-only according to “Enable” and “Authentication Method” status of the Secondary Server
### EATON NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD

**LDAP settings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Enable (0=No, 1=Yes) [1]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Name [10.130.32.6] [2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Port [389] [3]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Enable (0=No, 1=Yes) [0]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Name [ ] [3]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Port [389] [3]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Mechanism (SIMPLE, DIGEST-MD5) [SIMPLE]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Search Mode (ANONYMOUS, USERBIND) [USERBIND]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Search User Distinguished Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Search User Password [*****] [4]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Exit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Read-write or read-only according to “Authentication Method” status
2. Read-write or read-only according to “Enable” status of the Primary Server
3. Read-write or read-only according to “Enable” status of the Secondary Server
4. Read-write or read-only according to “Search Mode” status

---

### 6.3.12 Return to default Login/Password

If the login or password is lost, select this option to enable the return to the default Login/Password.

### 6.3.13 Return to default configuration

This item is used to return to default configuration which is described in this document. The NMC card is automatically restarted after returns to default configuration.

### 6.4 Command Line Interface

Command Line Interface (CLI) API provides functions for building and processing a user-defined HMI. To use the CLI, the parameter “HMI type” has to be equal to “CLI”.

When opening a new session, TELNET or SSH, a specific prompt “#>” is sent to the client. The user can enter a command. If the command is recognized, it is processed, else a warning message is sent to the client.

The syntax used is based on that already implemented for the XML description of objects. The blank character is
not allowed in command arguments except for the strings. The strings are in double quotes ("").

The code colour is the following:

- Setting in read-write or write-only mode: light green
- Setting in read-only mode: yellow
- Warning message: green
- Error message: light red

The recognized commands are given in the following chapters and may be updated later.

### 6.4.1 Generic command

**6.4.1.1 “help” and “?”**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Display help about a specific command.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>help [command] or [command] ?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; help getNetwork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>#&gt; getNetwork ?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.4.1.2 “setEcho”**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Hide, or not, all characters. If hidden, each character entered is replaced by an ‘*’</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>setEcho [option]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>option :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; setEcho ON</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.4.1.3 “quit”**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Close a current CLI session</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>quit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; quit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.4.1.4 “reset”**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Software reset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; reset</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.4.1.5 “version”**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Get information about software versions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; version</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.4.1.6 “defaultPass”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Returns to default Login/Password</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>defaultPass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; defaultPass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.1.7 “defaultConf”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Returns to default Configuration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>defaultConf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; defaultConf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>The card is automatically reset.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.2 Network settings

6.4.2.1 “getNetwork”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a network setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Syntax                         | getNetwork [option1] [option2]...
|                                | options :                        |
|                                | DHCP                              |
|                                | IPAddress                         |
|                                | IPMask                            |
|                                | IPGateway                         |
|                                | HostName                          |
|                                | DomainName                        |
|                                | IPv6Enable                        |
|                                | IPv6AutoConf                      |
|                                | IPv6Address1                      |
|                                | IPv6DefaultGateway                |
|                                | IPv6LocalAddress                  |
|                                | IPv6Address2                      |
|                                | PrimaryDNS                        |
|                                | SecondaryDNS                      |
|                                | FirmwareUpgrade                   |
| Examples                       | #> getNetwork IPAddress           |

6.4.2.2 “setNetwork”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a network setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Syntax                         | setNetwork [option1=xxxx] [option2=yyyy]...
|                                | options :                        |
|                                | DHCP = 0|1 (0=No, 1=Yes)                 |
|                                | IPAddress = "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"     |

(1)
### Network Management Card

**User Manual**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IPMask = “xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx” (1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IPGateway = “xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx” (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HostName = “xx..xx”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DomainName = “xx..xx”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6Enable = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6AutoConf = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6Address1 = “xx.xx/xxx” (3)(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PrefixLength = xx (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6DefaultGateway [ ] (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PrimaryDNS = “xx..xx”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SecondaryDNS = “xx..xx”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FirmwareUpgrade = 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples**

```
#> setNetwork IPAddress=xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx IPMask=xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
```

**Comments**

(1): Writing enabled according to “DHCP” status  
(2): Writing enabled according to “IPv6Enable” status  
(3): Writing enabled according to “IPv6AutoConf” status  
(4): The value is a concatenation of IPv6 address 1 and prefix length

### 6.4.2.3 “getSMTP”

**Purpose**

To read a SMTP setting

**Syntax**

getSMTP [option1] [option2]...  
options :  
HostName  
SmtpPort  
Authentication  
Login  
Password (1)

**Examples**

```
#> getSMTP HostName
```

**Comments**

(1): All characters are replaced with the star character ‘*’ (asterisk).

### 6.4.2.4 “setSMTP”

**Purpose**

To modify a SMTP setting

**Syntax**

setSMTP [option1=xxxx] [option2=yyyy]...  
options :  
HostName = “xx..xx”  
SmtpPort = xx (Default value: 25) (1..65535)  
Authentication = 0|1 (0=No, 1=Yes)  
Login = “xx..xx” (1)  
Password = “***..***” (1)(2)
### 6.4.2.5 “getSNMP”

**Purpose**
To read a SNMP setting

**Syntax**
```
getSNMP [option1] [option2]...
```

**options**
- `snmpVersion`
- `snmpPort`
- `ReadCommunityName`
- `WriteCommunitySecurityLevel`
- `WriteCommunityName`
- `User`
- `UserSecurityLevel`
- `UserPassword`
- `Admin`
- `AdminSecurityLevel`
- `AdminPassword`
- `NotificationUserName`
- `FirmwareUpgrade`

**Examples**
```
#> getSNMP User
```

**Comments**
(1): All characters are replaced with the star character ‘*’

### 6.4.2.6 “setSNMP”

**Purpose**
To modify a SNMP setting

**Syntax**
```
setSNMP [option1] [option2]...
```

**options**
- `snmpVersion` = Disabled|V1|V3|V1V3
- `snmpPort` = xx (Default value: 161) (1..65535)
- `ReadCommunityName` = “xx..xx”
- `WriteCommunitySecurityLevel` = 0|2 (0=No, 2=Yes) (*)
- `WriteCommunityName` = “xx..xx” (1)(2)
- `User` = “xx..xx”
- `UserSecurityLevel` = 1|2|3 (1=No Auth, 2=Auth NoPriv, 3=Auth Priv) (1)
- `UserPassword` = “xx..xx” (1)(3)(5)(6)
- `Admin` = “xx..xx”
- `AdminSecurityLevel` = 1|2|3 (1=No Auth, 2=Auth NoPriv, 3=Auth Priv) (1)
- `AdminPassword` = “xx..xx” (1)(4)(5)(6)
### NotificationUserName = “xx.xx”

FirmwareUpgrade = 0|1 (0=No, 1=Yes)

**Examples**

```
#> setSNMP User = “readuser”
```

**Comments**

1: Writing enabled according to “snmpVersion” status
2: Writing enabled according to “WriteCommunitySecurityLevel” status
3: Writing enabled according to “UserSecurityLevel” status
4: Writing enabled according to “AdminSecurityLevel” status
5: Don’t forget to set echo off
6: The length has to be 8 characters at least.

### 6.4.3 Trap receivers

#### 6.4.3.1 “getTrap”

**Purpose**
To read a trap receiver setting

**Syntax**

```
getTrap N [option1] [option2]...
N = 0|1|2
options :
Name
HostName
TrapPort
TrapSnmpVersion
TrapCommunity
TrapSelectedMibs
```

**Examples**

```
#> getTrap HostName Name
```

**Comments**

#### 6.4.3.2 “setTrap”

**Purpose**
To modify a trap receiver setting

**Syntax**

```
setTrap N [option1] [option2]...
N = 0|1|2
options :
Name = “xx.xx”
HostName = “xx.xx”
TrapPort = xx (Default value: 162) (1..65535)
TrapSnmpVersion = Disabled|V1|V3|V1V3
TrapCommunity = “xx.xx”
TrapSelectedMibs = 0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7
```

**Examples**

```
#> setTrap 0 Name=”My application”
```

**Comments**

1: bit0 = 1 : MIB Pulsar enabled
   bit1 = 1 : Power MIB enabled
bit2 = 1 : MIB IETF enabled

6.4.4 System settings

6.4.4.1 “getSystem”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a system setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>getSystem [option1] [option2]...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options : Contact Location upsCustomName Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; getSystem Location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.4.2 “setSystem”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a system setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>setSystem [option1] [option2]...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options : Contact = “xx.xx” Location = “xx.xx” upsCustomName = “xx.xx” Language = AUTO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; setSystem Location=&quot;my office&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.4.3 “getHistSyst”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a history system setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>getHistSyst [option]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options : Interval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; getHistSyst Interval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.4.4 “setHistSyst”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a history system setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>setHistSyst [option]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options : Interval = xx (10..2147483647 in s)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.4.4.5 “getEnvSyst”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read an environment system setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>getEnvSyst [option1] [option2]</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>options</td>
<td>Interval, Delimiter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td><code>#&gt; getEnvSyst Delimiter</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.4.4.6 “setEnvSyst”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify an environment system setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>setEnvSyst [option1] [option2]</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>options</td>
<td>Interval = <code>xx</code> (10..2147483647 in s), Delimiter = Comma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td><code>#&gt; setEnvSyst Delimiter = Comma</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.4.5 Shutdown settings

#### 6.4.5.1 “getShutdown”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a shutdown setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>getShutdown N [option1] [option2] ...</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N = 1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>options for N=2 or 3: iName, ShutdownTimer, RemainingCapacityLimit, ShutdownDuration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.4.5.2 “setShutdown”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a shutdown setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>setShutdown N [option1] [option2] ...</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>`N = 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options for N=1:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>iName = &quot;xx..xx&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>RunTimeToEmptyLimit = xx (0..9999 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>RemainingCapacityLimit = xx (0..100 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>`ShutdownTimerSelected = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ShutdownTimer = xx (0..5999940/60 in min)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ShutdownDuration = xx (0..999 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>RestartLevel = xx (0..100 %)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options for N=2 or 3:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>iName = &quot;xx..xx&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ShutdownTimer = xx (99..99999 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>RemainingCapacityLimit = xx (0..100 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ShutdownDuration = xx (0..999 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>StartupTimer = xx (0..65535 in sec)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td><code>#&gt; setShutdown 1 ShutdownDuration=120</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.4.6 Access control settings

#### 6.4.6.1 “getAccess”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read an access control setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>getAccess [option1] [option2]...</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>Login</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>Password (1)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>Security</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td><code>#&gt; getAccess Login</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td><code>(1)</code>: All characters are replaced with the star character “*”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 6.4.6.2 “setAccess”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify an access control setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>setAccess [option1] [option2]</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.4.6.3 "getTelnet"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a Telnet setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>getTelnet [option1] [option2]...</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| options | - Access
- Security
- Console |
| Examples | `#> getTelnet Security` |
| Comments | |

### 6.4.6.4 "setTelnet"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a Telnet setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>setTelnet [option1] [option2]</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| options | - Access = 0|1 (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled)
- Security = 0|1 (0=No, 1=Yes with SSH)
- Console = CLI|Menu |
| Examples | `#> setTelnet Security=0` |
| Comments | |

### 6.4.7 Authentication settings

#### 6.4.7.1 "getAuth"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read an Authentication setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>getAuth [options...]</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| options | - SessionTime
- MaxSessionTime
- AuthOrder
- AuthMethod |

Options:

- Login = "xx..xx"
- Password = "***..***" (1)(2)
- ConfirmPass = "***..***" (1)(2)
- Security = 1|2|3 (1=conf., 2=full auth., 3=full auth. & SSL)

Examples:

```
#> setAccess Security=3
```

Comments:

(1) : Don’t forget to set echo off
(2) : The 2 passwords entered must be the same for to be taken into account
### 6.4.7.2 "setAuth"

**Purpose**
To modify an Authentication setting

**Syntax**
```bash
syntax: setAuth [options...]
options:
    SessionTime=xx       <-- in sec. 1..9999 -->
    MaxSessionTime=xx    <-- in sec. 1..9999 -->
    AuthOrder=Local_Only|Local_External|External_Local|External_Only(1)
    AuthMethod=LOCAL|RADIUS|LDAP
```

**Examples**
```
#> setAuth SessionTime=200
```

**Comments**
(1) : Writing enabled according to "AuthMethod" status

### 6.4.7.3 "getRadPrimSrv"

**Purpose**
To read a Radius primary server setting

**Syntax**
```bash
syntax: getRadPrimSrv [options...]
options:
    Server Enable        <-- 0=No, 1=Yes -->
    Server ServerName
    Server SharedSecret
    Server Port
    Server NasIdentifierType
    Server Retry
    Server Timeout
```

**Examples**
```
#> getRadPrimSrv Port=1812
```

### 6.4.7.4 "setRadPrimSrv"

**Purpose**
To modify a Radius primary server setting

**Syntax**
```bash
syntax: setRadPrimSrv [options...]
options:
    Server Enable        <-- 0=No, 1=Yes -->(1)
    Server ServerName="Server Name"(1)(2)
    Server SharedSecret="Shared Secret"(1)(2)
    Server Port=xx       <-- 1..65535 -->(1)(2)
    Server NasIdentifierType=IPV4|IPV6_1|IPV6_2|IPV6_LOCAL(1)(2)
    Server Retry=xx      <-- 1..9999 -->(1)(2)
    Server Timeout=xx    <-- 1..9999 -->(1)(2)
```

**Examples**
```
#> setRadPrimSrv Port=1812
```
### 6.4.7.5 "getRadSecondSrv"

**Purpose:** To read an Radius secondary server setting

**Syntax:**

```plaintext
syntax: getRadSecondSrv [options...]
```

**options:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server Enable</td>
<td>0=No, 1=Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server ServerName</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server SharedSecret</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Port</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server NasIdentifierType</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Retry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Timeout</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples:**

```
#> getRadSecondSrv
```

**Comments**

1. Writing enabled according to “AuthMethod” status
2. Writing enabled according to “Enable” status

### 6.4.7.6 "setRadSecondSrv"

**Purpose:** To modify an Radius secondary server setting

**Syntax:**

```plaintext
syntax: setRadSecondSrv [options...]
```

**options:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server Enable</td>
<td>0=No, 1=Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server ServerName</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server SharedSecret</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Port</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server NasIdentifierType</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Retry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Timeout</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples:**

```
#> setRadSecondSrv Port=1812
```

**Comments**

1. Writing enabled according to “AuthMethod” status
2. Writing enabled according to “Enable” status

### 6.4.7.7 "getLDAPPrimSrv"

**Purpose:** To read an LDAP primary server setting

**Syntax:**

```plaintext
syntax: getLDAPPrimSrv [options...]
```

**Options:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable</td>
<td>0=No, 1=Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ServerName</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples:**

```
#> getLDAPPrimSrv
```

**Comments**

1. Writing enabled according to “AuthMethod” status
2. Writing enabled according to “Enable” status
### 6.4.7.8 "setLDAPPrimSrv"

**Purpose**  
To modify an LDAP primary server setting

**Syntax**  
syntax: setLDAPPrimSrv [options...]  
options:  
  - Enable: 0=No, 1=Yes  
  - ServerName: "Server Name"  
  - Port: xx

**Examples**  
#> setLDAPPrimSrv Port =389

**Comments**  
1: Writing enabled according to "AuthMethod" status  
2: Writing enabled according to "Enable" status

### 6.4.7.9 "getLDAPSecondSrv"

**Purpose**  
To read an LDAP secondary server setting

**Syntax**  
syntax: getLDAPSecondSrv [options...]  
options:  
  - Enable: 0=No, 1=Yes  
  - ServerName
  - Port

**Examples**  
#> getLDAPSecondSrv Port

**Comments**

### 6.4.7.10 "setLDAPSecondSrv"

**Purpose**  
To modify an LDAP secondary server setting

**Syntax**  
syntax: setLDAPSecondSrv [options...]  
options:  
  - Enable: 0=No, 1=Yes  
  - ServerName: "Server Name"  
  - Port: xx

**Examples**  
#> setLDAPSecondSrv Port =389

**Comments**  
1: Writing enabled according to "AuthMethod" status  
2: Writing enabled according to "Enable" status

### 6.4.7.11 "getLDAPSearch"

**Purpose**  
To read the Search LDAP setting

**Syntax**  
syntax: getLDAPSearch [options...]  
options:  
  - AuthMechanism
  - SearchMode
### 6.4.7.12 "setLDAPSearch"

**Purpose**
To modify the Search LDAP setting

**Syntax**
syntax: `setSearchLDAP [options...]`

- `AuthMechanism=SIMPLE|DIGEST-MD5` *(1)*
- `SearchMode=ANONYMOUS|USERBIND` *(1)*
- `SearchUser="Search User (Distinguished Name)"` *(1)(2)*
- `SearchUserPassword="Password"` *(1)(2)*
- `UserBaseSearchDn="User Base Search Dn"` *(1)*
- `UserObject="User Object"` *(1)*
- `UserAttr="User Attribute"` *(1)*
- `AuthzMode=NONE|USER|GROUP` *(1)*
- `UPSGroupNameAttr="UPS Group Name Attribute"` *(1)(3)*
- `UserNameAttr="User Name Attribute"` *(1)(3)*
- `GroupBaseSearchDn="Group Base Search DN"` *(1)(3)*

**Examples**
`#> setLDAPSearch SearchMode =USERBIND`

**Comments**

1: Writing enabled according to "AuthMethod" status
2: Writing enabled according to "SearchMode" status
3: Writing enabled according to "AuthzMode" status

### 6.4.8 Date and time settings

#### 6.4.8.1 "getDate"

**Purpose**
To read a date and time setting

**Syntax**
`getDate [option1] [option2]...`

- `Date`
6.4.8.2 “setDate”

**Purpose**
To modify a date and time setting

**Syntax**
```
setDate [option1] [option2]...
```

options:
- Date = yyyy/mm/dd \(^{(1)}\)
- Time = hh:mm:ss \(^{(1)}\)
- TimeSync = MANUAL|AUTO|NTP
- TimeNtp = “xx..xx”
- TimeZone = +/-hh:mm \(^{(2)}\)
- TimeDaylight = 0|1 (0=No, 1=Yes)

**Examples**
```
#> setDate TimeSync=MANUAL
```

**Comments**
- \(^{(1)}\): Writing enabled according to “TimeSync” status
- \(^{(2)}\): The smallest granularity is half an hour; for a bad value, the nearest value is taken into account

6.4.9 Environment settings

6.4.9.1 “getEnv”

**Purpose**
To read an environment setting

**Syntax**
```
getEnv [option1]
```

options:
- Name

**Examples**
```
#> getEnv Name
```

**6.4.9.2 “setEnv”**

**Purpose**
To modify an environment setting

**Syntax**
```
setEnv [option1]
```

options:
- Name = “xx..xx”

**Examples**
```
#> setEnv Name="sensor"
```

**Comments**
6.4.9.3 “getTemp”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a temperature setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>getTemp [option1] [option2] ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighThreshold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowThreshold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hysteresis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Offset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighNotify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowNotify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighShutdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowShutdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; getTemp Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.9.4 “setTemp”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a temperature setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>setTemp [option1] [option2] ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unit = C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighThreshold = xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowThreshold = xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hysteresis = xx (0..5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Offset = xx (-5..5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighNotify = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowNotify = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighShutdown = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowShutdown = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examples</td>
<td>#&gt; setTemp Unit=C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>(1) : Writing enabled only if the notification is enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.9.5 “getHum”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read a humidity setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td>getHum [option1] [option2] ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighThreshold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowThreshold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hysteresis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Offset</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.4.9.6  "setHum"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify a humidity setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>setHum [option1] [option2] ...</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighThreshold = xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowThreshold = xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hysteresis = xx (0..5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Offset = xx (-5..5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighNotify = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowNotify = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HighShutdown = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LowShutdown = 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Examples</th>
<th><code>#&gt; setHum HighNotify=0</code></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>(1): Writing enabled only if the notification is enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.9.7  "getInput1" or "getInput2"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To read input setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>getInput1 [option1] [option2] ...</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>iName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>State[0].Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>State[0].Notify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>State[0].Shutdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>State[1].Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>State[1].Notify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>State[1].Shutdown</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Examples</th>
<th><code>#&gt; getInput1 iName</code></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4.9.8  "setInput1" or "setInput2"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>To modify input setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syntax</td>
<td><code>setInput1 [option1] [option2] ...</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>options:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Examples

```
#> setInput1 State[0].Label = "Door open" State[0].Notify = 1
```

### Comments

(1): Writing enabled only if the notification is enabled

### 6.5 Constraints/Limitations

1. It is not possible to open sessions with different protocols (see table below).
2. The maximum number of sessions opened at same time is 5.
3. Email recipients can not be configured through Telnet/SSH/CLI.

### Table of compatibility:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>TELNET &amp; MENU</th>
<th>TELNET &amp; CLI</th>
<th>SSH &amp; MENU</th>
<th>SSH &amp; CLI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TELNET &amp; MENU</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TELNET &amp; CLI</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSH &amp; MENU</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSH &amp; CLI</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7 Configuration via RS232

- Use the cord supplied with the card (only with reference 34003918 or CAB-00010 or 720-C2270-00).
- Connect the card to a computer equipped with a hyperterminal type emulator. The serial link must be set at 9600 baud, 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, and without flow control.
- Check that UPS power is on.
- Enter admin as password (not modifiable).
- The menu is in English only.

```
EATON
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
```
```
1 : Reset
2 : Network configuration
3 : Set Login Password to Default
4 : Return to Default Configuration
0 : Exit
```

DB9/RJ45 cable (1.8 m max)
7.1 Choice 1: Restart / Reset

Use this function to restart the card from the boot
This is equivalent to a restart of the electrical power supply.

```
Reset
```

```
1 : Restart the card from the boot
0 : Exit
```

7.2 Choice 2: Network Configuration

Use this function to access network settings.

```
Network settings
```

```
1 : Read Network settings
2 : Modify Network settings
3 : Set Ethernet speed
0 : Exit
```

7.2.1 Choice 1: Read IPv4&IPv6 Network settings

Enables reading of the card’s routine settings

```
Network configuration :
  MAC address : 00:20:85:FD:1C:07
  Mode : Static IP
  IP address : xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
  Subnet mask : xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
  Gateway : xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
  Link Local IPv6 address : xxxx::xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx /xx
```
7.2.2 Choice 2: Modify IPv4 Network settings

Enables the modification of network parameters

For each of the following questions, you can press <Return> to select the value shown in braces, or you can enter a new value.

Should this target obtain IP settings from the network?[N]
Static IP address [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]?
Subnet Mask [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]?
Gateway IP address [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]?
Wait during your new configuration is saved ...
Reset the card to take into account the new configuration.

In DHCP mode, the card can receive the following parameters according to the DHCP server settings

- IPv4 address
- Subnet Mask
- IPv4 Gateway address
- Primary DNS server
- Secondary DNS server

The card must be restarted in order for the new parameters to be taken into account.

7.2.3 Choice 3: Set Ethernet speed

Enables the modification of the network speed

Set the Ethernet speed : [1 : Automatic, 2 : 10 MBit]
1
New Ethernet speed : Automatic
Wait during the new setting is saved ...
Reset the card to take into account the new configuration.

The card must be restarted in order for the new parameters to be taken into account.
7.3 Choice 3: Lost password / Set Login Password to Default

In the even the login or password is lost, choice 3 enables the return to the default password:

```
EATON
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD
```

```
1 : Reset
2 : Network configuration
3 : Set Login Password to Default
4 : Return to Default Configuration
0 : Exit
```

Wait during Login Password return to default ...

Wait for the confirmation message.

```
Login & Password have been successfully set.
```

The card is now accessible via the Web with the password admin.
The card must be restarted in order for the new parameters to be taken into account.
7.4 Choice 4: Return to Default Configuration

Enables restoration of the default configuration of all the card's parameters

```
EATON
NETWORK MANAGEMENT CARD

1 : Reset
2 : Network configuration
3 : Set Login Password to Default
4 : Return to Default Configuration
0 : Exit

Wait during configuration returns to default ...
```

Wait for the confirmation message.

```
Configuration has been set to default one.
You must Reset the card.
```

The card must be restarted in order for the new parameters to be taken into account.
8 Appendix

8.1 Tables of alarms and events

8.1.1 Table of alarms

List of time dated alarms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm on</th>
<th>Alarm off</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Battery fuse blown</td>
<td>Battery fuse OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Battery</td>
<td>Battery present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery temperature fault</td>
<td>Battery temperature OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery charger fault</td>
<td>Battery charger OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery fault</td>
<td>Battery OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX charger voltage fault</td>
<td>Charger voltage OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIN charger voltage fault</td>
<td>Charger voltage OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charger temperature fault</td>
<td>Charger temperature OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rectifier fault</td>
<td>Rectifier OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chopper fault</td>
<td>Chopper OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal AC frequency out of tolerance</td>
<td>Normal AC frequency OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal AC fuses blown</td>
<td>Normal AC fuses OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal AC module fault</td>
<td>Normal AC module OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal AC voltage out of tolerance</td>
<td>Normal AC voltage OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal AC NOK</td>
<td>Normal AC OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site wiring fault</td>
<td>Site wiring OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bypass AC frequency out of tolerance</td>
<td>Bypass AC frequency OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bypass AC phase out of tolerance</td>
<td>Bypass AC phase OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bypass AC voltage out of tolerance</td>
<td>Bypass AC voltage OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Bypass fault</td>
<td>Automatic Bypass OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Bypass overload</td>
<td>Automatic Bypass load OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Bypass over temperature</td>
<td>Automatic Bypass temperature OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Bypass thermal overload</td>
<td>Automatic Bypass load OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Bypass switch (Q4S) open</td>
<td>Automatic Bypass switch (Q4S) closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal AC switch (Q1) open</td>
<td>Normal AC switch (Q1) closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery switch (QF1) open</td>
<td>Battery switch (QF1) closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual Bypass switch (Q3BP) closed</td>
<td>Manual Bypass switch (Q3BP) open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPS on manual bypass</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output switch (Q5N) open</td>
<td>Output switch (Q5N) closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single wave load fault</td>
<td>Load OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative DC bus too high</td>
<td>Negative DC bus OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Positive DC bus too high
Negative DC bus too low
Positive DC bus too low
Inverter limitation
Inverter fuses blown
Inverter fault
Inverter overload
Inverter over temperature
Inverter short circuit
Inverter thermal overload
Load not protected - On Automatic Bypass
Load short circuit
Load not powered
Protection Lost
Emergency button ON
Fan fault
Redundancy Lost
Low battery
UPS communication failed
UPS data base not available
UPS on battery
UPS internal fault
UPS overload
UPS overtemperature
Imminent UPS shutoff

<Sensor name>:
Temperature is above high threshold xx °C
<Sensor name>:
Humidity is above high threshold xx %
<Sensor name>:
Temperature is below low threshold xx °C
<Sensor name>:
Humidity is below low threshold xx %

<Sensor name>: <Input #1 label> <when closed label>
<Sensor name>: <Input #1 label> <when open label>
<Sensor name>: <Input #2 label> <when closed label>
<Sensor name>: <Input #2 label> <when open label>
If the UPS is modular UPS, for each module:

**Battery fuse blown**
- No Battery
- Battery temperature fault
- Battery charger fault
- Low battery
- Charger temperature fault
- MAX charger voltage fault
- MIN charger voltage fault
- Chopper fault
- Normal AC fuses blown
- Normal AC module fault
- Inverter fuses blown
- Inverter fault
- Inverter short circuit
- Load short circuit
- Rectifier fuse blown
- Rectifier fault
- DC bus unbalanced
- Emergency button ON
- Load not powered
- UPS internal fault
- Battery fault
- Imminent UPS shutoff
- Normal AC frequency out of tolerance
- Normal AC voltage out of tolerance
- Normal AC switch (Q1) open
- Site wiring fault
- Automatic Bypass switch (Q4S) open
- Automatic Bypass AC frequency out of tolerance
- Automatic Bypass fault
- Automatic Bypass overload
- Automatic Bypass overtemperature
- Automatic Bypass thermal overload
- Bypass AC phase out of tolerance
- Bypass AC voltage out of tolerance
- Load not protected - On Automatic Bypass
- Battery switch (QF1) open
- Manual Bypass switch (Q3BP) closed
- UPS on manual bypass

**Battery fuse OK**
- Battery present
- Battery temperature OK
- Battery charger OK
- Battery OK
- Charger temperature OK
- Charger voltage OK
- Charger voltage OK
- Chopper OK
- Normal AC fuses OK
- Normal AC module OK
- Input fuses OK
- Inverter OK
- Load OK
- Rectifier OK
- Load OK
- Emergency button OFF
- Load powered
- UPS OK
- Battery OK
- UPS OK
- Normal AC frequency OK
- Normal AC voltage OK
- Normal AC switch (Q1) closed
- Site wiring OK
- Automatic Bypass switch (Q4S) closed
- Bypass AC frequency OK
- Automatic Bypass OK
- Automatic Bypass load OK
- Automatic Bypass temperature OK
- Automatic Bypass load OK
- Bypass AC phase OK
- Bypass AC voltage OK
- Load protected - Return from Bypass
- Battery switch (QF1) closed
- Manual Bypass switch (Q3BP) open
Inverter limitation
Inverter overload
Inverter over temperature
Inverter thermal overload
Negative DC bus too high
Positive DC bus too high
Negative DC bus too low
Positive DC bus too low
Output switch (QSN) open
Normal AC NOK
UPS on battery
UPS overload
UPS over temperature
Fan fault
UPS communication failed

8.1.2 Table of UPS events

List of time dated informations

Alarm on
Battery fuse blown
Battery temperature fault
No Battery
Battery charger fault
Charger temperature fault
MAX charger voltage fault
MIN charger voltage fault
End of Warranty
End of battery life
End of life of the wearing parts
Outlet 1 open
Outlet 2 open
Chopper fault
Normal AC switch (Q1) open
Normal AC frequency out of tolerance
Normal AC fuses blown
Normal AC module fault
Normal AC voltage out of tolerance
Site wiring fault

Alarm off
Battery fuse OK
Battery temperature OK
Battery present
Battery charger OK
Charger temperature OK
Charger voltage OK
LCM message OK
LCM message OK
Outlet 1 closed
Outlet 2 closed
Chopper OK
Normal AC switch (Q1) closed
Normal AC frequency OK
Normal AC fuses OK
Normal AC module OK
Normal AC voltage OK
Site wiring OK
Automatic Bypass switch (Q4S) open
Bypass AC frequency out of tolerance
Automatic Bypass fault
Automatic Bypass overload
Automatic Bypass over temperature
Bypass AC phase out of tolerance
Automatic Bypass thermal overload
Load not protected - On Automatic Bypass
Bypass AC voltage out of tolerance
Battery switch (QF1) open
Manual Bypass switch (Q3BP) closed
UPS on manual bypass
Inverter limitation
Inverter fuses blown
Inverter fault
Inverter overload
Inverter overtemperature
Inverter short circuit
Inverter thermal overload
Output switch (Q5N) open
Load short circuit
Single wave load fault
Negative DC bus too high
Positive DC bus too high
Rectifier fault
Negative DC bus too low
Positive DC bus too low
Protection Lost
Redundancy Lost
Normal AC NOK
Low battery
UPS communication failed
UPS data base not available
UPS on battery
Emergency button ON
Fan fault
Load not powered
UPS internal fault
Battery fault
UPS overload
UPS over temperature
Automatic Bypass switch (Q4S) closed
Bypass AC frequency OK
Automatic Bypass OK
Automatic Bypass overload
Automatic Bypass temperature OK
Bypass AC phase OK
Automatic Bypass load OK
Load protected - Return from Bypass
Bypass AC voltage OK
Battery switch (QF1) closed
Manual Bypass switch (Q3BP) open
Inverter end of limitation
Input fuses OK
Inverter OK
Inverter load OK
Inverter temperature OK
Inverter OK
Inverter load OK
Output switch (Q5N) closed
Load OK
Load OK
Negative DC bus OK
Positive DC bus OK
Rectifier OK
Negative DC bus OK
Positive DC bus OK
Protection OK
Redundancy OK
Normal AC OK
Battery OK
UPS communication restored
UPS data base OK
UPS on normal AC
Emergency button OFF
Fan OK
Load powered
UPS OK
Battery OK
UPS returns to normal load
UPS temperature OK
Imminent UPS shutoff

< Sensor Name> : Temperature is above high threshold <xx> °C or (°F)

< Sensor Name> : Humidity is above high threshold <xx> (%)

< Sensor Name> : Temperature is below low threshold <xx> °C or (°F)

< Sensor Name> : Humidity is below high threshold <xx> (%)

< Sensor name>: <Input #1 label> <when closed label>

< Sensor name>: <Input #1 label> <when open label>

< Sensor name>: <Input #2 label> <when closed label>

< Sensor name>: <Input #2 label> <when open label>
### 8.1.3 Table of system alarms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Network Management Card startup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send test mail SUCCESS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send test mail ERROR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send mail to <code>&lt;recipient&gt;</code> ERROR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;Sensor name&gt;</code> Communication failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;Sensor name&gt;</code> Communication restored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware upgraded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connected NSM list Full, last connection refused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>sendTrap()</code> &gt; Unable to resolve hostname <code>&lt;hostname&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP Send Trap # <code>&lt;num&gt;</code> failure to <code>&lt;hostname&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time changed by user with yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time synchronized by NSM or EPM with yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 SNMP objects

8.2.1 IETF MIB

The Card implements the full IETF standard UPS MIB (RFC 1628), including the IETF alarm table and traps. Visit [http://tools.ietf.org](http://tools.ietf.org) for a description of the MIB. The UPS MIB access path is 1.3.6.1.2.1.33

8.2.2 EATON Pulsar MIB (ex MGE)

This section contains an overview of MIB definitions for each of the MIB files:

- Eaton Pulsar MIB (MGE MIB)
- Eaton Pulsar MIB (MGE MIB) for environmental sensors

The NMC implements the reduced Eaton Pulsar MIB (MGE MIB), only the objects listed in the following tables are managed. The entire MIB description is available at [http://download.mgeops.com](http://download.mgeops.com)

The Eaton Pulsar MIB access path is 1.3.6.1.4.1.705.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MIB object</th>
<th>SNMP Format</th>
<th>Add.path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>upsmgIdentFamilyName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>{1.1.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgIdentModelName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>{1.2.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgIdentFirmwareVersion</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>{1.4.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgIdentSerialNumber</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>{1.7.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgConfigLowBatteryTime</td>
<td>seconds</td>
<td>{4.7.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgConfigLowBatteryLevel</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>{4.8.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgConfigAutoRestart</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{4.9.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgConfigVARating</td>
<td>VA</td>
<td>{4.12.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryRemainingTime</td>
<td>seconds</td>
<td>{5.1.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryLevel</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>{5.2.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryVoltage</td>
<td>deciVolts</td>
<td>{5.5.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryCurrent</td>
<td>deciAmps</td>
<td>{5.6.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryFaultBattery</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{5.9.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryReplacement</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{5.11.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryLowBattery</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{5.14.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryChargerFault</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{5.15.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryLowCondition</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{5.16.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgInputPhaseNum</td>
<td></td>
<td>{6.1.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputVoltage_1</td>
<td>DeciVolts</td>
<td>{6.2.1.2.1.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputVoltage_2</td>
<td>DeciVolts</td>
<td>{6.2.1.2.2.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputVoltage_3</td>
<td>DeciVolts</td>
<td>{6.2.1.2.3.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>SNMP/Object ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputFrequency_1</td>
<td>DeciHz</td>
<td>(6.2.1.3.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputFrequency_2</td>
<td>DeciHz</td>
<td>(6.2.1.3.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputFrequency_3</td>
<td>DeciHz</td>
<td>(6.2.1.3.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputMinimumVoltage</td>
<td></td>
<td>(6.2.1.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputMaximumVoltage</td>
<td></td>
<td>(6.2.1.5.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputCurrent_1</td>
<td>DeciAmps</td>
<td>(6.2.1.6.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputCurrent_2</td>
<td>DeciAmps</td>
<td>(6.2.1.6.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mginputCurrent_3</td>
<td>DeciAmps</td>
<td>(6.2.1.6.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgInputBadStatus</td>
<td></td>
<td>(6.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgInputLineFailCause</td>
<td></td>
<td>(6.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputPhaseNum</td>
<td></td>
<td>(7.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputPhaseIndex_1</td>
<td></td>
<td>(7.2.1.1.0.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputPhaseIndex_2</td>
<td></td>
<td>(7.2.1.1.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputPhaseIndex_3</td>
<td></td>
<td>(7.2.1.1.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputVoltage_1</td>
<td>deciVolts</td>
<td>(7.2.1.2.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputVoltage_2</td>
<td>deciVolts</td>
<td>(7.2.1.2.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputVoltage_3</td>
<td>deciVolts</td>
<td>(7.2.1.2.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputFrequency_1</td>
<td>deciHz</td>
<td>(7.2.1.3.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputFrequency_2</td>
<td>deciHz</td>
<td>(7.2.1.3.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputFrequency_3</td>
<td>deciHz</td>
<td>(7.2.1.3.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputLoadPerPhase_1</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>(7.2.1.4.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputLoadPerPhase_2</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>(7.2.1.4.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputLoadPerPhase_3</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>(7.2.1.4.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputCurrent_1</td>
<td>deciAmps</td>
<td>(7.2.1.5.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputCurrent_2</td>
<td>deciAmps</td>
<td>(7.2.1.5.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgoutputCurrent_3</td>
<td>deciAmps</td>
<td>(7.2.1.5.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputOnBattery</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(7.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputOnByPass</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(7.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputUtilityOff</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(7.7.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputInverterOff</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(7.9.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputOverLoad</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(7.10.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOutputOverTemp</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(7.11.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentIpAddress</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentSubnetMask</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentDefGateway</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentType</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12.6.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentMibVersion</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12.11.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentFirmwareVersion</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12.12.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAgentCommUPS</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>(12.13.0)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This table lists objects that are managed if there is an optional Sensor / Environmental Monitoring Probe (EMP) installed. The Eaton Pulsar MIB access path is 1.3.6.1.4.1.705.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>OID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironAmbientTemp</td>
<td>0.1 degré</td>
<td>{8.1.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironAmbientHumidity</td>
<td>0.1 %</td>
<td>{8.2.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentNum</td>
<td></td>
<td>{8.6.0}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentIndex</td>
<td></td>
<td>{8.7.1.1.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentComFailure</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.2.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentTemperature</td>
<td>0.1 degré</td>
<td>{8.7.1.3.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentTemperatureLow</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.4.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentTemperatureHigh</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.5.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentHumidity</td>
<td>0.1 %</td>
<td>{8.7.1.6.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentHumidityLow</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.7.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentHumidityHigh</td>
<td>1(yes) 2(no)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.8.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentInput1State</td>
<td>closed(1), open(2)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.9.1}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgEnvironmentInput2State</td>
<td>closed(1), open(2)</td>
<td>{8.7.1.10.1}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.2.3 TRAPS table: (1.3.6.1.4.1.705.1.11)

SNMP traps are sent when alarms appears and disappears.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MIB TRAP</th>
<th>Trap #</th>
<th>Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryFault</td>
<td>Trap 1</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgBatteryOK</td>
<td>Trap 2</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgAtLowBattery</td>
<td>Trap 5</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgFromLowBattery</td>
<td>Trap 6</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgChargerFault</td>
<td>Trap 7</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgChargerOK</td>
<td>Trap 8</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOnBattery</td>
<td>Trap 11</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgReturnFromBattery</td>
<td>Trap 12</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOnByPass</td>
<td>Trap 13</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgReturnFromByPass</td>
<td>Trap 14</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgUtilityFailure</td>
<td>Trap 17</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgUtilityRestored</td>
<td>Trap 18</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOverLoad</td>
<td>Trap 21</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgLoadOK</td>
<td>Trap 22</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOverTemperature</td>
<td>Trap 23</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgTemperatureOK</td>
<td>Trap 24</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOffToStart</td>
<td>Trap 29</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgOffInProgress</td>
<td>Trap 31</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgCommunicationFailure</td>
<td>Trap 37</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgCommunicationRestored</td>
<td>Trap 38</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgRedundancyLost</td>
<td>Trap 65</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgRedundancyOK</td>
<td>Trap 66</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgProtectionLost</td>
<td>Trap 67</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsmgProtectionOK</td>
<td>Trap 68</td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the Environment Sensor is detected, the following information is managed:

| upsmgEnvironmentComFailure      | Trap 53| Level 2 |
| upsmgEnvironmentComOK           | Trap 54| Level 2 |
| upsmgEnvironmentTemperatureLow  | Trap 55| Level 2 |
| upsmgEnvironmentTemperatureHigh | Trap 56| Level 2 |
| upsmgEnvironmentTemperatureOK   | Trap 57| Level 2 |
| upsmgEnvironmentHumidityLow     | Trap 58| Level 2 |
| upsmgEnvironmentHumidityHigh    | Trap 59| Level 2 |
The level is used to select traps to be sent to the supervisor. This adjustment is available from the “Notified applications” page.

### 8.2.4 EATON Powerware MIB

The Card implements the full Eaton Powerware MIB (PowerMIB), including alarm tables. The Eaton traps are sent. The Eaton Powerware MIB access path is 1.3.6.1.4.1.534.

Table is an abbreviated list of objects from the PowerMIB. The UPS output/load segment controls objects and the entire MIB description is available at http://powerquality.eaton.com/Support/SoftwareDrivers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MIB Object</th>
<th>SNMP Format</th>
<th>Add.path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xupsIdentManufacturer</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>(1.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsIdentModel</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>(1.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsIdentSoftwareVersion</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>(1.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsIdentOemCode</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(1.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatTimeRemaining</td>
<td>Seconds</td>
<td>(2.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatVoltage</td>
<td>Volts DC</td>
<td>(2.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatCurrent</td>
<td>Amps DC</td>
<td>(2.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatCapacity</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>(2.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatteryAbmStatus</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(2.5.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatteryLastReplacedDate</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>(2.6.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputFrequency</td>
<td>0.1 Hertz</td>
<td>(3.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputLineBads</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(3.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputNumPhases</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(3.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputTable</td>
<td>(3.4.0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputPhase</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(3.4.1.1.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputVoltage</td>
<td>RMS Volts</td>
<td>(3.4.1.2.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputCurrent</td>
<td>RMS Amps</td>
<td>(3.4.1.3.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputWatts</td>
<td>Watts</td>
<td>(3.4.1.4.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputSource</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(3.5.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsDualInputStatus</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(3.6.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsSecondaryInputWatch</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(3.7.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputLoad</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>(4.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputFrequency</td>
<td>0.1 Hertz</td>
<td>(4.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputNumPhases</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(4.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputTable</td>
<td></td>
<td>(4.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputPhase</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(4.4.1.1.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputVoltage</td>
<td>RMS Volts</td>
<td>(4.4.1.2.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputCurrent</td>
<td>RMS Amps</td>
<td>(4.4.1.3.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputWatts</td>
<td>Watts</td>
<td>(4.4.1.4.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputSource</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(4.5.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBypassFrequency</td>
<td>0.1 Hertz</td>
<td>(5.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBypassNumPhases</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(5.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBypassTable</td>
<td></td>
<td>(5.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBypassPhase</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(5.3.1.1.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBypassVoltage</td>
<td>RMS Volts</td>
<td>(5.3.1.2.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvAmbientTemp</td>
<td>Degrees C</td>
<td>(6.1.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvAmbientLowerLimit</td>
<td>Degrees C</td>
<td>(6.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvAmbientUpperLimit</td>
<td>Degrees C</td>
<td>(6.3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvAmbientHumidity</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>(6.4.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvRemoteTemp</td>
<td>Degrees C</td>
<td>(6.5.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvRemoteHumidity</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>(6.6.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvNumContacts</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(6.7.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsContactSenseTable</td>
<td>table</td>
<td>(6.8.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsContactIndex</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(6.8.1.1.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsContactType</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(6.8.1.2.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsContactState</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>(6.8.1.3.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsContactDescr</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>(6.8.1.4.x)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvRemoteTempLowerLimit</td>
<td>Degrees C</td>
<td>(6.9.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvRemoteTempUpperLimit</td>
<td>Degrees C</td>
<td>(6.10.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvRemoteHumidityLowerLimit</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>(6.11.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsEnvRemoteHumidityUpperLimit</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>(6.12.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmTable</td>
<td>table</td>
<td>(7.2.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmID</td>
<td>(7.2.1.1.x)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmDescr</td>
<td>(7.2.1.2.x)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmTime</td>
<td>(7.2.1.3.x)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event</td>
<td>Page</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOnBattery</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsLowBattery</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsUtilityPowerRestored</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsReturnFromLowBattery</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsOutputOverload</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInternalFailure</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBatteryDischarged</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInverterFailure</td>
<td>7.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOnBypass</td>
<td>7.11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBypassNotAvailable</td>
<td>7.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputOff</td>
<td>7.13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsInputFailure</td>
<td>7.14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBuildingAlarm</td>
<td>7.15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsShutdownImminent</td>
<td>7.16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOnInverter</td>
<td>7.17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsBreakerOpen</td>
<td>7.20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmBatteryBad</td>
<td>7.23</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOutputOffAsRequested</td>
<td>7.24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsDiagnosticTestFailed</td>
<td>7.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsCommunicationsLost</td>
<td>7.26</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsUpsShutdownPending</td>
<td>7.27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmTestInProgress</td>
<td>7.28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAmbientTempBad</td>
<td>7.29</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsLossOfRedundancy</td>
<td>7.30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmTempBad</td>
<td>7.31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmChargerFailed</td>
<td>7.32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmFanFailure</td>
<td>7.33</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmFuseFailure</td>
<td>7.34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsPowerSwitchBad</td>
<td>7.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsModuleFailure</td>
<td>7.36</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOnAlternatePowerSource</td>
<td>7.37</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAltPowerNotAvailable</td>
<td>7.38</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsNoticeCondition</td>
<td>7.39</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsRemoteTempBad</td>
<td>7.40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsRemoteHumidityBad</td>
<td>7.41</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmOutputBad</td>
<td>7.42</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsAlarmAwaitingPower</td>
<td>7.43</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xupsOnMaintenanceBypass</td>
<td>7.44</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.3 Authentication Configuration Example

8.3.1 RADIUS

A IP card is running with the 166.99.224.96 IP address.
A freeradius (version 1.1.7-r0.0.2) is running (IP address:166.99.224.129, port :1812), with the following configuration:

- **clients.conf file:** allows NAS (NMC card) with an address in the 166.99.224/8 network to send requests to the server (shared secret between the server and the NMC cards: eaton123)

```plaintext
client 166.99.224.0/8{
    secret      = eaton123
    shortname   = nmc
    require_message_authenticator = no
}
```

- **users.conf file:** allows (with Service-Type attribute) the access to the NMC cards as an administrator for the user:
  - name: "admin",
  - password "myPassword"
admin  Cleartext-Password := "myPassword"

Service-Type = Administrative-User

The following RADIUS configuration must be applied (value of the masked field secret: eaton123):

Enable Configuration: Enabled
Primary/Secondary: Primary
Radius Server: 166.99.224.129
Secret: ********
NAS IP Address: 166.99.224.96
Auth. Port: 1012
Time Out: 10
Retry Number: 3

8.3.2 LDAP

A IP card is running with the 166.99.224.96 IP address.
An Active Directory server is running (IP address: 10.130.32.6, port : 389), with the following configuration:

- Base Name: DC=mbdevd,DC=ch,DC=etn,DC=com
- User with the necessary rights to search information about users and groups:
  - Distinguish Name: CN=searchUser,CN=Users,DC=mbdevd,DC=ch,DC=etn,DC=com
  - Password: eaton
- NMC Card User:
  - Distinguish Name: CN=UPSUser,CN=Users,DC=mbdevd,DC=ch,DC=etn,DC=com
  - LDAP Class Type: user
  - sAMAccountName Attribute: UPSAdmin
  - Password: eaton
- Group managing permissions to access to the NMC cards
  - Distinguish Name: CN=UPSAdmins,OU=eUPSOU,DC=mbdevd,DC=ch,DC=etn,DC=com
  - sAMAccountName Attribute: UPSAdministrators
  - Attribute member: CN=UPSAdminUser,CN=Users,DC=mbdevd,DC=ch,DC=etn,DC=com

In order to allow the Web access for the user:
- Login identifier: UPSAdmin
- **Password**: `eaton`

The following LDAP configuration must be applied (value of the masked field “Search User Password”): `eaton`:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authentication Mechanism</th>
<th>Simple –</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User Search Bind</td>
<td>By Accredited User –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search User</td>
<td>CN=searchUser, CN=Users, DC=mbdev1, DC=ch, DC=eth, DC=com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search User Password</td>
<td>*******</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Base DN</td>
<td>CN=Users, DC=mbdev1, DC=ch, DC=eth, DC=com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Object</td>
<td>user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Attribute</td>
<td>samAccountName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authorization Mode</td>
<td>By Group –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPS Group Base DN</td>
<td>OU=eUPSOU, CN=mbdev1, DC=ch, DC=eth, DC=com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Name Attribute</td>
<td>samAccountName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Name Attribute</td>
<td>member</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select the LDAP Server to be modified. [Modify Server]
9 Glossary

**Bootp:**
Protocol based on UDP used to allocate an IP address corresponding to an Ethernet card during the startup phase. Defined by the RCF 951

**CLI Command line interface**
This interface allows direct access to the individual configuration parameters.

**Community name:**
Access key to access SNMP agent information

**DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol**
This IETF protocol enables remote, automatic, self-configuration of the IP addresses of a workstation.

**DN Distinguished Name**
An LDAP object is referenced by its distinguished name (DN). A DN is a sequence of relative distinguished names (RDN) connected by commas.

**DNS Domain Name Service**
The DNS protocol ensure correspondence between the name of a machine and its IP address

**Gateway**
Interconnection equipment between networks with different conventions, to enable communication between them

**HTML HyperText Markup Language**
Language used to describe hypertext pages on the web.

**HTTPS**
Secure version of HTTP, the communication protocol of the World Wide Web. It was invented by Netscape Communications Corporation to provide authentication and encrypted communication and is used in electronic commerce.

**IPP Intelligent Power Protector**
Protection software installed on a PC or server to protect it

**IPP SHUTDOWN CENTER**
Communication software installed on a PC connected to the UPS to supervise it and communicate with Intelligent Power Protector to insure power protection on servers
**MIB** Management Informatique Base  
Group of software commands to control and administrate a device through the network. Each type of device (server, hub, PC, UPS, etc.) has its own MIB.

**NMC** Network Management Card  
Communication cards to supervise UPS and communicate with Intelligent Power Protector to insure power protection on servers.

**NMS** Network Management Station (SNMP)  
The dedicated PC or workstation is used on the company’s networks to administrate all devices connected to the network. Data are transmitted using the SNMP protocol. Popular NMS systems include HP OpenView, IBM Tivoli, CA Unicenter, etc.

**IPP**: Intelligent Power Protector  
Protection software installed on a PC or server to protect it.

**NTP** Network Time Protocol  
Network protocol that synchronizes the time on several machines.

**Programmable outlet** (controlled outlet):  
Outlet that can be remote-switched on or off. UM-Client components enable management of such outlets.

**RDN** Relative Distinguished Names  
A RDN is an LDAP attribute with an associated value in the form attribute=value.

**REBOOT**: To restart a system after an interruption.  
- To perform an obstacle-free “reboot”, it is essential that the system is correctly and carefully shut down beforehand.  
- The reboot is usually automatic if the computer is re-supplied with electricity (from the utility or from the UPS).

**RFC**  
Request for Comments. All documents defining internal Internet operation.

**SNMP** Simple Network Management Protocol  
Protocol used to remote-supervise, administrate and control devices connected to a company network.

**SMTP** Simple Mail Transfer Protocol  
Enables message transfer between e-mail servers or between the client and its server. It is based on the server’s port 25. It is described in RFC 821.

**SSH** Secure SHell
Telnet is not a secure protocol, but it is possible to secure the connection using SSH.

**SSL** (Secure Sockets Layers) is a protocol developed by Netscape Communications Corporation for securing data transmission in commercial transactions on the Internet. Using public-key cryptography, SSL provides server authentication, data encryption, and data integrity for client/server communications.

**Subnet mask**
Mask of bits used to identify and differentiate the network address and the equipment address in an IP address. Normally, the mask is automatically determined by the class of address, which defines in a unique manner the network part/equipment part division of the IP address.  
- Class A: internet address: 255.0.0.0.  
- Class B: internet address: 255.255.0.0.  
- Class C: internet address: 255.255.255.0.

**TELNET TERMINAL OVER NETWORK**
Telnet is a terminal emulation protocol. It is used to access and configure the parameters for the NMC.

**Trap (SNMP)**: This term describes an event that affects a MIB variable. Traps are sent to the manager, which is programmed to perform specific tasks upon reception of the traps.